## PRELIMINARY DRAFT No. 3771

# PREPARED BY LEGISLATIVE SERVICES AGENCY 2005 GENERAL ASSEMBLY

#### **DIGEST**

Citations Affected: IC 20-23.

Synopsis: Title 20 recodification. Article 23 (New cite order, with

queries).

Effective: July 1, 2005.



A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 20-23 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
A NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
2005]:

### ARTICLE 23. ORGANIZATION OF SCHOOL CORPORATIONS

#### Chapter 1. County Boards of Education

- [20-2-1-1] Sec. 1. (a) The township trustees of each and every township of each county shall constitute constitutes a county board of education.
- **(b)** The board shall meet monthly at the office of the county superintendent of schools and at such other times as the county superintendent of schools may deem considers necessary.
- (c) At the January meeting of each year, the board shall organize by electing a vice president and a secretary from its the board's membership. The county superintendent of schools: shall be
  - (1) is ex officio the chairman chairperson of the board; and
  - (2) shall act as administrator of the board, carrying out the acts and duties designated by the board.
- (d) The secretary of the board shall keep an accurate record of the minutes of the board. which The minutes shall be kept at the county superintendent's office. The county superintendent shall act as administrator of the board and shall carry out such acts and duties as shall be designated by the board.
- (e) A quorum shall consist consists of a number of members equal to the number of township schools under the administration of a the county superintendent of schools. provided, that no However, business may not be transacted unless a majority of the trustees of the township schools under the administration of the county superintendent of schools is present. Business shall be transacted and the acts of the board shall become effective by a two-thirds (2/3) majority vote of members present on problems matters coming before the board.



- (f) The powers granted the county board of education under This chapter however, shall may not otherwise be construed as granting such the board any authority whatsoever over:
  - (1) the selection or employment of any of the personnel or employees; or
  - (2) the purchase of supplies;

in any of the schools of the individual townships. a township school.

- (b) (g) Upon nomination by the county superintendent of schools and with the approval of two-thirds (2/3) of the members, the county board of education shall enter into a written contract contracts with such additional administrative and supervisory employees who shall serve are necessary for the proper administration and supervision of the county school system and the township schools of the county. as shall, in the judgment of two-thirds (2/3) of the members of said board, be necessary for the proper administration and supervision of the county school system.
- (h) Except as provided in subsection (i), funds for the salaries of such persons and supplies for such persons' use persons employed under this section shall be provided in the same manner as now provided by law for the fixing and appropriation of the salaries of the county superintendent of schools. except in the case of
- (i) The salary or fee of a school attorney whose salary or fee, related to performing the duties of his the attorney's office may in part be paid directly from the school fund. Such Additional persons as are employed for the necessary administration and supervision of the county school system shall be nominated by the county superintendent of schools and approved by a vote of at least two-thirds (2/3) of the members of the county board of education.
- (j) The county board of education shall make decisions as to concerning the general conduct of the schools, which shall be enforced as entered upon the minutes recorded by the secretary of the board.
  - (k) It shall be the duty of The county board of education:
    - (1) shall receive through its treasurer to receive from the state of Indiana such sums of money as are provided and distributed from the state school tuition fund for teaching units as provided by law, for those employed by the county board of education; and shall be deemed
    - (2) is considered to fulfill all requirements of a school corporation for receiving such the funds from the state school tuition fund.
- (1) The county treasurer shall be is ex officio treasurer of the county board of education, eligible to receive the distribution of funds from the state of Indiana. which Funds received under this section shall be credited to the county revenue fund as a receipt against the estimated expenditures for the salaries of the school employees, for which distribution was made by the state.



[20-2-1-2] Sec. 2. The county board of education by a majority vote of the members of the board shall appoint a county superintendent of schools who shall serve serves for a term of four (4) years. The first such appointment under this chapter shall be made in accordance with law during the first fifteen (15) days of May 1953 and each four (4) years thereafter, to be effective August 16, 1953, and The board shall fill vacancies in this office, in accordance with law, by appointment. which shall expire An appointment to fill a vacancy under this section expires at the end of the regular term of the superintendent.

[20-2-1-4] Sec. 3. Sec. 4. Nothing in This chapter shall may not be construed to affect the status of or to interfere in any way with any a county school corporation created by the action of a county boards board of education pursuant to under IC 20-2-2-3. IC 20-23-1-9.

[20-2-2-1] Sec. 4. Sec. 1. Such (a) A county superintendent of schools shall see that the full amount of interest on the school fund is paid and apportioned.

and (b) When there is a deficit of interest of any school fund, or loss of any school fund or revenue by the county, the county superintendent of schools shall see that proper warrants are issued for the reimbursement of the same; appropriate fund. but no per cent beyond what is provided for herein and allowed shall in any case be paid him by said board of commissioners. However, the board of commissioners may not pay interest that exceeds the amount provided under this chapter to the county superintendent of schools.

[20-2-1-2] Sec. 5. Sec. 2. The county board of education by a majority vote of the members of the board shall appoint a county superintendent of schools who shall serve serves for a term of four (4) years. The first such appointment under this chapter shall be made in accordance with law during the first fifteen (15) days of May 1953 and each four (4) years thereafter, to be effective August 16, 1953, and The board shall fill vacancies in this office, in accordance with law, by appointment. which shall expire An appointment to fill a vacancy under this section expires at the end of the regular term of the superintendent.

[20-2-1-4] Sec. 6. Sec. 4. Nothing in This chapter shall may not be construed to affect the status of or to interfere in any way with any a county school corporation created by the action of a county boards board of education pursuant to under IC 20-2-2-3. IC 20-23-1-9.

[20-2-2-1] Sec. 7. Sec. 1. Such (a) A county superintendent of schools shall see that the full amount of interest on the school fund is paid and apportioned. and

**(b)** When there is a deficit of interest of any school fund, or loss of any school fund or revenue by the county, **the county superintendent of schools shall see** that proper warrants are issued for the reimbursement of the <del>same;</del> appropriate fund. but no per cent beyond



what is provided for herein and allowed shall in any case be paid him by said board of commissioners. However, the board of commissioners may not pay interest that exceeds the amount provided under this chapter to the county superintendent of schools.

[20-2-2-2] Sec. 8. Sec. 2. (a) The official dockets, records, and books of account of the clerks of the courts, county auditor, county commissioners, prosecuting attorneys, mayors of cities, and township and school trustees shall following officers serving in the county must be open at all times to the inspection of the county superintendent:

- (1) Clerks of the courts.
- (2) County auditor.

- (3) County commissioners.
- (4) Prosecuting attorneys.
- (5) Mayors of cities.
- (6) Township trustees.
- (7) School trustees.
- (b) Whenever the county superintendent finds that any of the officers described in subsection (a) have neglected or refused to collect and pay over interest, fines, forfeitures, licenses, or other claims due the school funds and revenues of the state, or have misapplied the school funds or revenues in their possession, the county superintendent shall:
  - (1) institute suit in the name of the state for the recovery of the money for the benefit of the school fund or revenues; and make
  - (2) report of filing the suit to the board of county commissioners and to the state superintendent. of public instruction.
- [20-2-2-3] Sec. 9. Sec. 3. (a) The township trustees of each and every township of each county shall perform all the civil functions performed before March 13, 1947, by such the township trustees. and together with other The township trustees of the county shall constitute a county board of education for the purpose of managing the affairs of the county school corporation hereby created under this section in each such county.
- **(b)** School cities and school towns shall retain independent organization and administration unless abandoned as provided by law. and The county school corporation, also referred to in this chapter as the county, shall include includes all areas not organized on March 13, 1947, under the laws of this state into jurisdictions controlled and governed as school cities or school towns. Said
- (c) A county board of education may be referred to interchangeably as the county board of school trustees and as the board. Said The board shall meet:
  - (1) at such the time as the board shall designate designates at the office of the county superintendent of schools; and



- (2) at such other times and places as the county superintendent of schools may deem considers necessary.
- (d) At the first meeting of each year, to be held on the first Wednesday after the first Monday in January, the board shall organize by selecting a president, a vice president, a secretary, and a treasurer from its membership. Provided, however, that
- (e) No later than April 12, 1947, it shall be the duty of The county superintendent of schools to shall call said the board into special session. and Unless the county board of education shall elect elects to have the provisions of this section remain inoperative, under provisions that may be included within this section, said the board shall so organize itself. except that The failure of the county superintendent of schools to call the county board of education into session within the prescribed limits of under this section shall may not be construed to mean that a county school corporation as described in this section shall be brought into is in existence in such the county, and no such county school corporation shall be brought into existence until the board has met in special session subsequent to after March 13, 1947, and has taken action to organize itself into a county school corporation, after consideration of the question of whether it should elect to have the provisions of this section remain inoperative. under provisions that may be included within this section. Such The organization, when and if effected, shall must be:
  - (1) filed with the county auditor; and shall be
  - (2) published by said the auditor in two (2) newspapers of different political persuasions of general circulation throughout the county within ten (10) days after such the filing. and such

The organization shall be deemed is considered to fulfill all the requirements of this section for the transacting of public business under this section. The secretary of the board shall keep an accurate record of the minutes of the board, which minutes shall be kept at the county superintendent's office. The county superintendent shall act as administrator of the board and shall carry out such acts and duties as shall be designated by the board. A quorum shall consist consists of two-thirds (2/3) of the members of the board. [QUERY - CAN THIS SUBSECTION BE REPEALED? CHECK WITH DOE/ISBA.]

#### (b) (f) The board shall:

- (1) make decisions as to the general conduct of the schools which shall that may be enforced as entered upon in the minutes recorded by the secretary of the board; and shall
- (2) exercise all powers exercised before March 13, 1947, under the law, by or through township trustees or meetings or petitions of the trustees of the county.
- (c) (g) The board shall appoint a county superintendent of schools who shall serve for serves a term of four (4) years. The first such appointment under this section shall be made in accordance with law



in June 1949, to become effective August 16, 1949, and thereafter The board shall fill vacancies in this office by appointments which shall that expire at the end of the regular term. The county superintendent of schools and other persons employed for administrative or supervisory duties shall be deemed are considered to be supervisors of instruction.

- (d) (h) The government of the common schools of the county shall be is vested in the board. and The board shall function with all has the authority, powers, privileges, duties, and obligations granted to or required of school cities before March 13, 1947, and school towns and their governing boards generally under the laws pertaining thereto with reference to following:
  - (1) The purchase of supplies.

- (2) The purchase and sale of buildings, grounds, and equipment.
- (3) The erection of buildings.
- (4) The employment and dismissal of school personnel.
- (5) The right and power to sue and be sued in the name of the county.
- (6) The insuring of property and employees.
- (7) The levying and collecting of taxes.
- (8) The making and executing of a budget.
- (9) The borrowing of money.
- (10) The paying of the salaries and expenses of the county superintendent and employees as approved by the board. and to
- (11) Any act necessary to the proper administration of the common schools of the county.
- (e) (i) Such A school eorporations shall be vested with corporation organized under this section:
  - (1) has all right, title, and interest of their respective the predecessor township school corporations hereby terminated under this section to and in all the real, personal, and other property of any nature and from whatever source derived; and
  - (2) shall assume, pay, and be liable for all the indebtedness and liabilities of the same. predecessor school corporation.
- (f) (j) The treasurer, before entering upon the duties of his treasurer's office, shall execute a bond to the acceptance of the county auditor in an amount equal to the largest sum of money that will be in the possession of the treasurer at any one (1) time conditioned as an ordinary official bond, with a reliable surety company or at least two (2) sufficient freehold sureties, who shall may not be members of such the board, as surety or sureties on such the treasurer's bond.
- (k) The president and secretary shall each give bond, with like a surety or sureties described in subsection (j), to be approved by the county auditor, in the sum of one-fourth (1/4) of said the amount required of the treasurer under subsection (j). Provided, that such boards A board of school trustees may purchase said bonds from some



a reliable surety company and pay for them out of the special school revenue of their respective counties: the board's county.

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- (g) (l) The powers set forth in this section shall may not be considered as or construed to limit the power and authority of such boards a board to the powers therein expressly conferred in this section or to restrict or modify any powers or authority granted by any other law not in conflict with the provisions of this section.
- (h) Every such (m) A board shall have, as respects the levy of taxes by it, power may annually to levy such the amount of taxes as that in the judgment of such the board, made matter of record in its the board's minutes, should be levied to is necessary to produce income sufficient to conduct and carry on the common schools committed to such the board. and it is hereby made the duty of such board
- (n) A board shall annually to levy a sum sufficient to meet all payments of principal and interest as they will mature in the year for which such the levy is made on the bonds, notes, or other obligations of such the board. The power of such the board in so making to impose tax levies shall be exercised within statutory limits and said the levies shall be are subject to the same review as school city and school town levies.

#### Chapter 2. County Superintendent of Schools

[20-2-4-1] Sec. 1. (a) The township trustees of each county of this state shall meet at the office of the auditor of their the county on the first Monday in June, 1917, 2005, at ten o'clock a.m., and every four (4) years thereafter and elect by ballot a county superintendent for their the county. Such The county superintendent elected by the township trustees shall enter upon the duties of his the office on August sixteenth 16 following and, unless sooner removed, shall hold his holds the office until his a successor is elected and qualified.

- (b) Before entering upon the duties of his the office, he the superintendent elected under subsection (a) shall:
  - (1) subscribe and take an oath to perform faithfully such the superintendent's duties according to law; and

which oath shall be filed (2) file the oath with the county auditor.

- (c) He The superintendent shall also execute, in the manner prescribed by IC 5-4-1, a bond conditioned upon the faithful discharge of his the superintendent's duties.
- (d) The county auditor shall report the name and post-office address of the person so elected under subsection (a) to the state superintendent. of public instruction.
- (e) Whenever If a vacancy may occur occurs in the office of county superintendent, the said township trustees of the county, on at least three (3) days notice given by the county auditor, shall assemble at ten o'clock a.m., on the day designated in such the notice, at the office of such the auditor, and fill such the vacancy by ballot for the unexpired term.

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(f) In all elections of a county superintendent, the county auditor shall be is the clerk of such the election, and in case of a tie vote, the auditor shall cast casts the deciding vote. In case any If one (1) candidate shall receive receives a number of votes equal to one-half (1/2) of all the trustees of the county, the county auditor shall then and at all subsequent ballots cast his the auditor's vote with the trustees until some a candidate shall receive receives a majority of all the votes in the county, including the county auditor. Such The county auditor shall keep a record of such the election in a book kept for that purpose.

[20-2-4-2] Sec. 2. In the event If there is an election of a county superintendent of schools pursuant to the provisions of under section + 1(a) of this chapter, and the person so elected dies or fails, refuses, or neglects to assume the duties of the office on or before August 16 of the year of his the election, the township trustees shall:

- (1) as soon as practical thereafter, possible declare a vacancy in the office of county superintendent of schools; and they shall
- (2) immediately hold another election to elect a county superintendent of schools pursuant to the provisions of under section ± 1(a) of this chapter.

[20-2-4-3] Sec. 3. Any (a) A county superintendent may be impeached for immorality, incompetency, or general neglect of duty, or for acting as agent for the sale of any textbook, school furniture, maps, charts, or other school supplies.

and such (b) Impeachment proceedings shall in all things be are governed by the provisions of law now in force for impeaching county officers.

[20-2-4-4] Sec. 4. (a) The county superintendent shall have has the general superintendence of the schools of his the superintendent's county. He The superintendent shall attend each township institute school at least once in during each school year, and as often thereafter as possible, and preside over and conduct its the school's exercises. He The superintendent shall visit schools while they the schools are in session, for the purpose of increasing their the schools' usefulness and elevating, as far as practicable, the poorer schools to the standard of the best. He The superintendent shall conduct teachers' institutes and encourage other like associations, and shall labor, in every practicable way, to elevate the standard of teaching and to improve the condition of the schools of his the superintendent's county.

- (b) This subsection does not apply to a dispute concerning:
  - (1) the legality of school meetings;
  - (2) the establishment of schools;
  - (3) the location, building, repair, or removal of school buildings;
  - (4) the transfer of individuals for school purposes; or
- (5) the resignation or dismissal of teachers.

In all controversies of a general nature arising under the school law, the



decision of the county superintendent shall must first be obtained. and
then An appeal except on local questions relating to the legality o
school meetings, establishment of schools, and the location, building
repair, or removal of school houses, or transfer of persons for school
<del>purposes, and resignation and dismissal of teachers,</del> may be taken fron
his the county superintendent's decision to the state superintenden
of public instruction on a written statement of facts, certified to by such
the county superintendent. Nothing in

- (c) This chapter however, shall may not be construed so as to change or abridge the jurisdiction of any court in cases arising under the school laws of this state; and Indiana. The right of any person to bring suit in any court, in any case arising under the school laws, shall is not be abridged by the provisions of this chapter.
- (d) He The county superintendent shall at all times carry out the orders and instructions of the state board of education and the state superintendent of public instruction, and shall constitute constitutes the medium between such the state superintendent and subordinate school officers and the schools.
- [20-2-4-5] Sec. 5. City schools however, having duly that have appointed superintendents shall be are exempt from the general superintendence authorized by under this chapter upon a written request of the school boards board of said cities that such supervision be not extended to such cities by the county superintendent: the city.
  - [20-2-4-7] Sec. 6. Sec. 7. The board of county commissioners shall:
    - (1) provide and furnish an office for the county superintendent; of their county, and
    - (2) allow and pay all costs incurred by him the county superintendent for postage, stationery, and records in carrying out the provisions of this chapter, upon his making to them satisfactory proof thereof. of the costs incurred submitted by the county superintendent.

The county superintendent shall be paid for his the county superintendent's services the sum of four dollars (\$4) per day. for the time actually employed. [QUERY: Strike the last sentence in Trailer Bill?]

- [20-2-5-1] Sec. 7. Sec. 1. No person shall be eligible to or shall (a) An individual may not hold the office of county superintendent of schools who has not had unless the individual:
  - (1) has at least five (5) years successful experience as a teacher in the public schools; and who does not hold,
  - (2) holds, at the time of his the person's election, a first or second grade superintendent's license. Provided, that nothing in
- (b) This chapter shall does not:
  - (1) apply to; or
  - (2) disqualify; any
  - an incumbent of the office of county superintendent. [QUERY IS



1	SUB (b) STILL NECESSARY?]
2	[20-2-5-2] Sec. 8. Sec. 2. (a) The county superintendent of schools
3	may be is entitled to receive as actual traveling expenses in discharging
4	the duties of his office the a sum of not to exceed three hundred dollars
5	(\$300) per year. <del>and a</del>
6	(b) The county council may annually appropriate an amoun
7	sufficient amount to pay such the expenses so incurred may be
8	appropriated annually by the county council described in subsection
9	(a). and shall be allowed by the
0	(c) The board of county commissioners must allow an amount
1	appropriated under subsection (b).
2	Chapter 3. School Townships
3	[20-2-8-1] Sec. 1. (a) Each and every township that now is or may
4	hereafter be organized in any a county in this state Indiana is hereby
5	also declared to be a school township. and, as such, to be
6	(b) Each school township is a body politic and corporate, by the
7	name and style of " School township of
8	county", according to the name of the township and of the county in
9	which the same may be school township is organized. and, by such
0	<del>name,</del>
1	(c) A school township may:
2	(1) contract and may be contracted with; and
3	(2) sue and be sued;
4	in the name of the school township in any a court having with
5	competent jurisdiction.
6	[20-2-9-1] Sec. 2. <del>Sec. 1.</del> (a) The school trustees shall:
7	(1) take charge of the educational affairs of their respective
8	townships, towns, and cities; <del>They shall</del>
9	(2) employ teachers;
0	(3) establish and locate conveniently a sufficient number of
1	schools for the education of the children; therein, and
2	(4) build, or otherwise provide, suitable houses, furniture
3	apparatus, and other articles and educational appliances necessary
4	for the thorough organization and efficient management of the
5	schools. <del>Such</del>
6	The school trustees may also establish and maintain, in their respective
7	corporations, as near the center of the township as seems wise, at leas
8	one (1) separate graded high school, to which sufficiently advanced
9	students shall be admitted. all pupils who are sufficiently advanced.
0	(b) The school trustees of two (2) or more school corporations may
1	establish and maintain a joint graded high school(s) school or join
2	graded high schools in lieu instead of separate graded high schools
3	and when so done, they If:
4	(1) a joint graded high school is; or
5	(2) joint graded high schools are;
	- extanushed the narticinaling school cornorations are implify <del>chai</del>



have responsible for the care, management, and maintenance thereof. of the school or schools. Any

- (c) A trustee, instead of building a separate graded high school for the trustee's township, shall transfer the pupils students of the trustee's township competent to enter a graded high school to another school corporation. No such
- (d) A graded high schools shall school may not be so built unless there are, at the time such house the graded high school is built, at least twenty-five (25) common school [QUERY: This term isn't defined] graduates of school age residing in the township.
- [20-2-9-2] Sec. 3. Sec. 2: Said school (a) School trustees shall maintain in each school corporation a term of school at least six (6) months in duration. and [QUERY IS THIS SUPERSEDED BY 20-10.1-2-2 REQUIREMENT OF A MINIMUM SCHOOL TERM OF 9 MONTHS?]
- (b) School trustees shall authorize a local tuition levy, not to exceed the limit provided by law, that is sufficient to conduct a six (6) months month term of school each year. The levy must be based on estimates and receipts from all sources for the previous year. which Receipts from the previous year may include that amounts received from the state's tuition revenue. Provided, Such levy shall not exceed the limit now provided by law.
- [20-2-9-3] Sec. 4. Sec. 3. Said school (a) School trustees shall have the care and management of all real and personal property real and personal, belonging to their respective corporations for common school purposes. except the However, congressional township school lands which lands shall be are under the care and management of the trustees of the civil township to which such the lands belong.
- Said school (b) School trustees shall provide such janitor janitorial help as may be deemed necessary to properly care for the schools and premises under their the school trustees' control. and such janitors
- (c) Each janitor provided by the trustees under subsection (b) shall be paid from the special school funds of the township.
- [20-2-9-4] Sec. 5. Sec. 4. Each township trustee in operating a school lunch program may use either of the following accounting methods:
  - (1) He The township trustee may supervise and control the program through its school corporation account by establishing a school lunch fund.
  - (2) He The township trustee may have the program operated by the individual schools of the school corporation through the school corporation's extracurricular account or accounts under IC 20-5-7[??].
- [20-2-9-5] Sec. 6. Sec. 5. Each township trustee in operating a textbook rental program may use either of the following accounting methods:



1	(1) He The township trustee may supervise and control the
2	program through its school corporation account by establishing
3	a textbook rental fund.
4	(2) Where If no textbooks have been purchased and no financial
5	commitments or guarantees for these purchases have been made
6	by the school corporation, the township trustee may have this
7	program operated by the individual schools of the school
8	corporation through the school corporation's extracurricular
9	account or accounts under IC 20-5-7[??].
10	[20-2-9-6] Sec. 7. Sec. 6. (a) Where If a school lunch fund or a
11	textbook rental fund is created under section 4 5 or section 5 6 of this
12	chapter, the receipts and expenditures for each program shall must be
13	made to and from the proper fund without appropriation or the
14	application of other laws relating to the budgets of local government
15	units.
16	(b) Where If either program or both programs under section
17	sections 4 5 and section 5 6 of this chapter are handled operated
18	through the extracurricular account, the township trustee shall approve
19	the amount of the bond of the treasurer of the extracurricular account
20	in an amount he the township trustee considers protects necessary to
21	protect the account for all funds coming into the hands of that the
22	treasurer.
23	[20-2-9-7] Sec. 8. Sec. 7. An educational program under this chapter
24	shall must include a kindergarten program that is at least a half day
25	program.
26	Chapter 4. Community School Corporations
27	[20-4-1-1] Sec. 1. It is the sense of the Indiana general assembly:
28	(1) that the establishment and maintenance of a general, a
29	uniform, and an efficient system of public schools is the
30	traditional and current policy of the state; of Indiana;
31	(2) that improvement in the organization of school corporations
32	of the state will:
33	(A) provide a more equalized educational opportunity for
34	public school <del>pupils,</del> students; will
35	(B) achieve greater equity in school tax rates among the
36	inhabitants of the various now existing school corporations;
37	and <del>will</del>
38	(C) provide a more effective use of the public funds expended
39	for the support of the public school system;
40	(3) that existing statutes with respect to the combination and the
41	reorganization of school corporations are inadequate to effectuate
42	the needed improvement;
43	(4) that modifications in the statutory provisions for the

combination and the reorganization of school corporations

provided in this chapter are necessary in order to assure the future

maintenance of a uniform and an efficient system of public

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1	schools in the state;
2	(5) that local electors:
3	(A) have an interest in the boundaries of the school
4	corporation in which they reside; and
5	(B) will exercise their privileges, as provided in this chapter,
6	to the end of establishing establish an efficient and
7	economical reorganization plan best suited to local conditions;
8	and
9	(6) that:
10	(A) the state board; of education, and
11	(B) the:
12	(i) committees; and the
13	(ii) public officers;
14	charged with authority under this chapter;
15	will perform their duties wisely in view of the objective of this
16	chapter as set forth in the title of this chapter.
17	[20-4-1-2] Sec. 2. This chapter: shall be
18	(1) is known; and
19	(2) may be cited;
20	as The School Corporation Reorganization Act of 1959.
21	[20-4-1-3] Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, unless context clearly
22	requires otherwise: the following terms shall have the meanings set
23	<del>forth:</del>
24	(1) "School corporation" shall mean and include all local school
25	corporations in the state of Indiana.
26	(2) "Reorganization of school corporations" shall mean and
27	include the formation of new school corporations, the alteration
28	of the boundaries of established school corporations, and the
29	dissolution of established school corporations through or by:
30	means of:
31	(a) the uniting of two (2) or more established school
32	<del>corporations;</del>
33	(b) the subdivision of one (1) or more school corporations;
34	(c) the transfer to any established school corporation of a part
35	of the territory of one (1) or more school corporations, or the
36	attachment thereto of all or any part of the territory of one (1)
37	or more school corporations; or the transfer of said established
38	school corporation; and
39	(d) any combination of the methods listed in subdivisions (a)
40	through (c).
41	(3) "Community school corporation" shall mean a school
42	corporation proposed to be formed or formed under the provisions
43	of this chapter, and shall include a united school corporation as
44	defined in this section.
45	(4) "United school corporation" shall mean a school corporation
46	having territory in two (2) or more adjacent counties.



1	(5) "Administrative unit" shall mean a school corporation
2	comprising all the area under a single system of local
3	administration and under the control of a local board of education,
4	board of school trustees, or board of school commissioners.
5	(6) "Attendance unit" or "school unit" shall mean the geographical
6	and population area served by a single school, consisting of part,
7	or all, of an administrative unit.
8	(7) "County committee" or "committee" shall mean the county
9	committee for the reorganization of school corporations provided
10	for in section 5 through 14 of this chapter.
11	(8) "State board" or "board" shall mean the Indiana state board of
12	education.
13	(9) "State department" shall mean the state department of
14	education.
15	(10) "State superintendent" shall mean the state superintendent of
16	public instruction.
17	(11) "County superintendent" shall mean the county
18	superintendent of schools.
19	(12) "Party" includes any person, firm, limited liability company,
20	corporation, association, or municipality interested in any
21	proceedings under the provisions of this chapter.
22	(13) "School aid bonds" shall mean any bonds of a civil unit of
23	government the proceeds of which were used for school purposes
24	in any school corporation.
25	(1) "attendance unit" or "school unit" means the area of an
26	administrative unit served by a single school;
27	(2) "community school corporation" means a school
28	corporation:
29	(A) proposed to be formed; or
30	(B) formed;
31	under this chapter, including a united school corporation;
32	(3) "county committee" or "committee" means the county
33	committee for the reorganization of school corporations
34	provided for in sections 5 through 11 of this chapter;
35	(4) "county superintendent" means the county superintendent
36	of schools;
37	(5) "party" includes:
38	(A) a person;
39	(B) a firm;
40	(C) a limited liability company;
41	(D) a corporation;
42	(E) an association; or
43	(F) a municipality;
14	interested in proceedings under this chapter;
45	(6) "reorganization of school corporations" means the
46	formation of new school corporations, the alteration of the

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1	boundaries of established school corporations, and the
2	dissolution of established school corporations by:
3	(A) the uniting of two (2) or more established school
4	corporations;
5	(B) the subdivision of one (1) or more school corporations;
6	(C) the transfer to a school corporation of a part of the
7	territory of one (1) or more school corporations;
8	(D) the attachment to a school corporation of all or part of
9	the territory of one (1) or more school corporations; and
10	(E) any combination of the methods listed in clauses (A)
11	through (D);
12	(7) "school aid bonds" means bonds of a civil unit of
13	government, the proceeds of which are used for school
14	purposes in any school corporation; and
15	(8)"united school corporation" means a school corporation
16	that has territory in two (2) or more adjacent counties.
17	[20-4-1-4] Sec. 4. State and county officers shall make available to:
18	(1) the county committees; and
19	(2) the state board; such
20	information from public records in their the officers' possession as
21	that is essential to the performance by the county committees and the
22	state board in the performance of their duties as set forth in this chapter
23	and IC 20-23-16-1 through IC 20-23-16-11.
24	[20-4-1-5] Sec. 5. (a) Within three (3) months after July 1, 1959,
25	there shall be created in each county in the state A county committee
26	for the reorganization of school corporations which shall consist
27	consists of nine (9) members. In counties having a county that has a
28	county superintendent of schools: such
29	(1) the superintendent shall be is an ex officio member of the
30	committee; serving by virtue of his office. and
31	(2) the remaining members of such the committee if there is such
32	a superintendent, and all the members if there is no such
33	superintendent, shall be are appointed by the judge of the circuit
34	court of the county.
35	In a county that does not have a county superintendent of schools,
36	all the members of the committee are appointed by the judge of the
37	circuit court of the county. Appointments under this subsection are
38	subject to subsections (f) through (h).
39	(b) Prior to Before the time specified in this section, the judge of the
40	circuit court in each county of the state shall call into a county
41	convention each of the township trustees of the county and the
42	members of each local board of school trustees or board of school
43	commissioners in the county for the purpose of advising him the judge
44	in the selection of the member members of such the county committee.
45	Except as provided in subsection (c), the judge must give at least

ten (10) days notice of such the convention shall be given by the judge

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1	of the circuit court by publication in:
2	(1) one (1) newspaper of general circulation published in the
3	affected area; and or
4	(2) if no newspaper is published therein, then in the affected
5	area, in a newspaper having a general circulation in the affected
6	area. <del>However,</del>
7	(c) In a county having a population of more than four hundred
8	thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand (700,000),
9	said the judge of the circuit court must publish the notice shall be
10	published referred to in subsection (b) in two (2) newspapers of
11	general circulation published in the affected area or having a general
12	circulation in the affected area. Said The judge must specify in the
13	notice: shall also specify
14	(1) the date, time, place, and purpose of such the county
15	convention; and
16	(2) that such the county convention shall be is open to all
17	residents of the county.
18	(c) (d) At the county convention, the judge of the circuit court shall:
19	(1) explain or have explained; the provisions of this chapter
20	explained and shall
21	(2) afford an opportunity for a discussion thereof by the persons
22	in attendance. Within attendees to discuss;
23	the provisions of this chapter.
24	(e) Not later than ten (10) days after the date of the county
25	convention, the judge of the circuit court shall select the appointive
26	members of the county committee. However: (1) where there is
27	(f) In a county that has a county board of education, one (1) of
28	such appointive members shall member of the county committee
29	must be a township trustee recommended by such the county board of
30	education. (2) where there is
31	(g) In a county in which there is a board of school trustees or a
32	board of school commissioners, in the county, one (1) shall be a
33	member of the county committee:
34	(1) must be a member of: such
35	(A) the board other than of school trustees; or
36	(B) the board of school commissioners; and
37	(2) may not be a township trustee. serving on a consolidated
38	school board; and (3)
39	(h) One (1) shall member of the county committee must be:
40	(1) a superintendent of schools; or
41	(2) a principal of:
42	(A) a school city;
43	(B) a school town; or
44	(C) a consolidated school or corporation; or
45	(3) a superintendent of a community school corporation. Except
46	for the exceptions listed in this subsection,



1	(i) The other members thus appointed shall of the county
2	committee not referred to in subsections (f) through (h):
3	(1) may not be members of or employed by: any
4	(A) a board of school trustees; or
5	(B) a board of school commissioners; shall not be
6	(2) may not be members of or employed by any a:
7	(A) local; or
8	(B) county;
9	board of education; and shall not be
10	(3) may not be:
11	(A) township trustees; or
12	(B) employees of township trustees; The judge shall appoint
13	such members and
14	(4) are appointed without regard to political affiliation.
15	(j) The judge of the circuit court shall give written notice
16	immediately to each such person so selected to serve on for
17	appointment to the county committee. and Each such person so
18	selected shall notify the judge of the circuit court in writing within not
19	later than ten (10) days thereafter of his acceptance. In the event that
20	any member of the county committee shall refuse to serve thereon, or
21	shall fail after receipt of the notice whether the person accepts the
22	appointment. If a person:
23	(1) refuses an appointment; or
24	(2) fails to notify the judge of the circuit court of his the person's
25	acceptance or refusal of an appointment;
26	the judge of the circuit court shall appoint select a qualified person to
27	serve thereafter on the county committee. replacement for
28	appointment to the county committee.
29	(d) Within (k) Not later than thirty (30) days after the date of the
30	county convention, the county committee shall meet to organize and to
31	elect from its membership:
32	(1) a chairman; <del>and</del>
33	(2) a treasurer; They shall also elect and
34	(3) a secretary. who
35	The secretary may be the county superintendent or the superintendent
36	of one (1) of the school corporations in the county.
37	(e) (l) The chairman and the members of the county committee
38	shall serve without compensation. Subject to approval by the state
39	board, the chairman of the county committee shall:
40	(1) secure the necessary office space and equipment;
41	(2) engage necessary clerical help; and
12	(3) receive reimbursement for any necessary expenses incurred by
43	him the chairman with respect to his duties in connection with
14	the county committee. but shall receive no compensation for his
45	services therefor.
46	(f) (m) Members of the county committee shall hold office for



terms of four (4) years until the reorganization program in the county has been completed, for terms of four (4) years, subject to replacement as otherwise prescribed in this chapter. No appointive appointed member who ceases to be a resident of the county may continue to serve on a county committee. if he ceases to be a resident of the county.

- (g) (n) Neither an individual appointive appointed member of a county committee, nor the appointive appointed members as a group, shall be are disqualified from serving on a county committee because they fail at any time to meet the qualifications for appointment by the circuit judge of the circuit court, other than county residence, if they met such the qualifications at the time of their appointments.
- (o) Vacancies shall be filled by the remaining members of the committee without regard for the qualifications for appointment by the circuit judge of the circuit court.
- (h) If the reorganization program in any county has not been completed by March 15, 1963, the judge of the circuit court shall within thirty (30) days thereafter discharge the existing county committee and replace or reappoint the appointive members thereof, all without observing any formal procedure but complying with the qualifications for appointment by the circuit judge set out above. Within fifteen (15) days after date of such appointment, the county committee shall meet to organize and to elect from its membership a chairman, a treasurer, and a secretary.
  - (i) (p) Meetings of the county committees shall be are held:
    - (1) upon call of the chairman; or
    - (2) by a petition to hold a meeting signed by a majority of the members of the committee.
- (q) A majority of the committee shall constitute constitutes a quorum.
- [20-4-1-6] Sec. 6. (a) Within eight (8) months after March 14, 1963, the county committee shall complete and adopt a preliminary written plan for the reorganization of school corporations within the county.
- (b) Such plan and the final comprehensive plan shall provide for the incorporation of all areas of the county into one (1) or more administrative units which can provide an efficient and adequate educational program for grades one (1) through twelve (12), and which will meet the minimum standards adopted by the state board under section 17.1 of this chapter, except as otherwise provided in this chapter. [QUERY THE DATE BY WHICH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION WERE TO BE COMPLETED IS OVER 40 YEARS AGO SUGGEST REPEAL.]
- [20-4-1-8] Sec. 6. Sec. 8: (a) The county committee in formulating a preliminary **reorganization** plan shall, with respect to each of the community school corporations which that are a part of the reorganization plan, determine the following:
  - (1) The name of the community school corporation.



1	(2) Subject to subsection (e), a general description of the
2	boundaries of the community school corporation. which may
3	consist of identifying an existing school corporation where it is to
4	be included in its entirety in such community school corporation.
5	Where a boundary does not follow the boundary of an existing
6	civil or school corporation, the description shall set out the
7	boundary as near as reasonably possible by streets, rivers, and
8	other similar boundaries which are known by common names, and
9	where this is not thus possible, by section lines or other legal
10	description. No such description shall be defective if there is a
11	good faith effort to comply with the provisions of this subdivision,
12	or if such boundary may be ascertained with reasonable certainty
13	by a person skilled in the area of real estate description. The
14	county committee shall have the authority to require the services
15	of the county surveyor in preparing a description of any boundary
16	<del>line.</del>
17	(3) With respect to the number of members on the board of
18	school trustees: which shall be either
19	(A) whether the number of members is:
20	(i) three (3);
21	(ii) five (5); or
22	(iii) seven (7); <del>and</del>
23	(B) whether such board of school trustees shall be the
24	members are elected or appointed;
25	(C) if the members are appointed: when and by whom.
26	(i) when the appointments are made; and
27	(ii) who makes the appointments;
28	(D) if the members are elected, whether such the election
29	shall be is at:
30	(i) the primary election at which county officials are
31	nominated; or at
32	(ii) the general election at which county officials are
33	nominated or elected; and
34	(E) subject to the provisions of sections 26.2 21 through and
35	26.3 22 of this chapter, the manner in which such board of
36	school trustees shall be members are elected or appointed.
37	(4) The compensation, if any, of the members of the regular and
38	interim board of school trustees, which shall may not exceed the
39	amount provided in <del>IC</del> <del>20-5-3-6.</del> <b>IC 20-26-4-6.</b> If no
40	compensation is provided in any plan adopted after March 15,
41	1963, such members shall be entitled to no compensation.
42	(5) Subject to subsection (f), qualifications required of the
43	members of the board of school trustees, including limitations
44	on:

(B) term of office. and other qualifications required of the

(A) residence; and

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1	members of such board of school trustees. However, no plan
2	shall provide for an appointive or elective term of more than
3	four (4) years, but any member may serve more than one (1)
4	consecutive term.
5	(6) If an existing school corporation is divided in the
6	reorganization, the disposition of assets and liabilities. in
7	instances where an existing school corporation is divided.
8	(7) The disposition of school aid bonds, if any.
9	(b) In instances where If existing school corporations are not
10	divided in the reorganization, the:
11	(1) assets;
12	(2) liabilities; and
13	(3) obligations;
14	of the existing school corporations are to be transferred to and assumed
15	by the new community school corporation of which they are a part,
16	without any provisions therefor being made in regardless of whether
17	the plan provides for transfer and assumption.
18	(c) The preliminary plan shall must be supported by a summary
19	statement of:
20	(1) the educational improvements its the plan's adoption will
21	make possible;
22	(2) data showing the:
23	(A) assessed valuation; the
24	(B) number of resident pupils students in average daily
25	attendance in grades 1 through 12; the
26	(C) assessed valuation per each such pupil student referred
27	to in clause (B); and the
28	(D) property tax levies;
29	of each existing school corporation to which the plan applies; and
30	such
31	(3) the:
32	(A) assessed valuation;
33	(B) resident average daily attendance; and
34	(C) assessed valuation per pupil, of student;
35	data referred to in subdivision 2(A) through 2(C) that would
36	have applied for each proposed community school corporation
37	if it were in existence the corporation existed in the year the
38	preliminary plan is prepared or notices of a hearing or hearings
39	thereon on the preliminary plan is given by the county
40	committee; and
41	(3) (4) any other data or information the county committee deems
42	appropriate or that may be required by the state board in its rules.
43	(d) Such shall be based The county committee:
44	(1) shall base the assessed valuations and tax rates levies
45	referred to in subsection (c)(2) through (c)(3) on the valuations
46	applying to taxes collected in:



1	(A) the year the preliminary plan is prepared; or notices
2	(B) the year notice of a hearing or hearings thereon on the
3	preliminary plan is given by the county committee;
4	(2) may base the resident average daily attendance figures may
5	be based on the calculation thereof of the figures under the rules
6	pursuant to under which they are submitted to the state
7	superintendent of public instruction by existing school
8	corporations; and
9	(3) shall be set out the resident average daily attendance
10	figures for:
11	(A) the school year in progress in such year if they the figures
12	are available for that year; or for
13	(B) the immediately preceding school year if they the figures
14	are not All such available for the school year in progress.
15	The county committee may obtain the data and information shall be
16	obtained by the county committee referred to in this subsection from
17	any source deemed the committee considers reliable. by it, and If the
18	county committee attempts in good faith to comply with this
19	subsection, the summary statement by the county committee shall be
20	referred to in subsection (c) is sufficient regardless of whether or not
21	the statement is exactly accurate. if there is a good faith effort on its
22	part to comply with the provisions of this subsection.
23	(e) The general description referred to in subsection (a)(2) may
24	consist of an identification of an existing school corporation that is
25	to be included in its entirety in the community school corporation.
26	If a boundary does not follow the boundary of an existing civil unit
27	of government or school corporation, the description must set out
28	the boundary:
29	(1) as near as reasonably possible by:
30	(A) streets
31	(B) rivers; and
32	(C) other similar boundaries;
33	that are known by common names; or
34	(2) if description as described in subdivision (1) is not possible,
35	by section lines or other legal description.
36	The description is not defective if there is a good faith effort by the
37	county committee to comply with this subsection or if the boundary
38	may be ascertained with reasonable certainty by a person skilled
39	in the area of real estate description. The county committee may
40	require the services of the county surveyor in preparing a
41	description of a boundary line.
42	(f) A member of the board of school trustees:
43	(1) may not serve an appointive or elective term of more than
44	four (4) years; and
45	(2) may serve more than one (1) consecutive appointive or

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elective term.



1	[20-4-1-9] Sec. 7. Sec. 9. (a) When any a county committee has
2	prepared its preliminary written plans for reorganization of school
3	corporations, it the committee shall fix dates and places for one (1) or
4	more hearings thereon on the plans and give notice thereof of the
5	hearings to all the residents of the school corporations affected and all
6	interested parties. The county committee shall have the discretion as to
7	whether to may hold more than one (1) hearing. Such The chairman
8	of the county committee shall give the notice: shall be given by the
9	chairman of the county committee
10	(1) by publication at least once one (1) time in one (1) newspaper
11	of general circulation published in the school corporation or
12	corporations; and or
13	(2) if no newspaper is published in the school corporation or
14	corporations, then in a newspaper having a general circulation
15	within in the school corporation or corporations;
16	at least ten (10) days but not more than thirty (30) days prior to before
17	the date set for such of the hearing.
18	(b) At the hearing:
19	(1) the county committee shall:
20	(A) explain the proposed reorganization plan; and
21	(B) summarize the educational improvements its adoption of
22	the plan will make possible; A statement of and
23	(C) if the proposed reorganization includes division of an
24	existing school corporation, state the adjustment proposed
25	for:
26	(i) property;
27	(ii) assets;
28	(iii) debts; and
29	(iv) other liabilities; shall be made in instances where any
30	existing school corporation is to be divided. In such hearing,
31	and
32	(2) any resident of the county or of any affected school
33	corporation in an adjoining county may be heard with reference
34	to:
35	(A) the proposed plan; or <del>any</del>
36	(B) an alternative plan.
37	[20-4-1-10] Sec. 8. Sec. 10. (a) The committee shall consider any
38	suggestions made in the public hearing and shall make any revisions or
39	modifications in its written plans as it deems necessary and shall
40	thereupon without any further hearing adopt its final comprehensive
41	reorganization plan, and, within ten (10) days after such adoption, but
42	not later than January 14, 1964, shall submit at least three (3) copies of
43	its comprehensive plan to the state board. However, if a county
44	committee encounters any difficulties in formulating and adopting
45	either its preliminary or comprehensive plan for the reorganization of

school corporations, through no lack of diligence upon the part of the

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committee so that it is unable to submit its plans to the state board
within the period specified, such county committee may make
application to the state board for extension or extensions of time ir
which to complete and adopt its preliminary or comprehensive plan
Such application may be made during or after the original or any
extended period for which an extension is asked.

(b) The state board in its discretion, may, and if the facts and circumstances warrant, may grant such extension or extensions as it may see fit.

## [QUERY: REPEAL? THIS SECTION APPEARS TO DEAL ONLY WITH PLANS PROPOSED BEFORE JANUARY, 1964.]

[20-4-1-11] Sec. 9. Sec. 11. From time to time, The county committee may submit to the state board for approval, in accordance with the provisions of section 17.1 12 of this chapter, a plan for the reorganization of one (1) or more school corporations without awaiting the completion of a comprehensive plan. but such The plan fits into and becomes an integral part of such the comprehensive plan as the county committee is required to prepare.

[20-4-1-12] Sec. 10. Sec. 12. Any The form of a preliminary or final comprehensive plan of reorganization adopted by the county committee before or after March 15, 1963, shall be is sufficient as to form if it the plan contains within in its own terms or by reference the following for each proposed community school corporation:

- $\frac{a}{a}$  (1) The name of the proposed community school corporation.
- (b) (2) A general description of the boundaries of the community school corporation as provided in section 8 6 of this chapter.
- (c) (3) The number on of members of the board of school trustees and whether they shall be the members are elected or appointed.
- (d) (4) The manner in which the board of school trustees, other than the interim board, is to be elected or appointed.
- (e) (5) If a school corporation is divided as part of the reorganization, the disposition of assets and liabilities of any existing the school corporation. in instances where such school corporation is divided, and, after March 15, 1963, if there is submitted or adopted with it
- (6) The statement required by section 8 6 of this chapter if that statement is submitted or adopted with the plan.

[20-4-1-13] Sec. 11. Sec. 13. (a) The county committee may form:

- (1) an advisory committee; or
- (2) advisory committees. which
- (b) An advisory committee may include among their membership any or all as members:
  - (1) superintendents; or
- (2) principals;

- 45 of local school corporations. Such
  - (c) An advisory committee or the individual members thereof of an



1	advisory committee shall: render such
2	(1) help the county committee; and
3	(2) furnish such information to the county committee;
4	as may be requested by the county committees from time to time.
5	committee.
6	[20-4-1-17.1] Sec. 12. Sec. 17.1. (a) The state board of education
7	shall:
8	(1) aid the county committees, as required by subsection (b), in
9	carrying out:
10	(A) the powers conferred; and
11	(B) the duties imposed;
12	on them the committees by this chapter;
13	(2) receive and examine each plan for the reorganization of a
14	school <del>corporations</del> corporation submitted to it the state board
15	by a county committee and approve each plan which that meets
16	the standards of the state board; of education;
17	(3) promulgate adopt a set of minimum standards, in furtherance
18	of the policy expressed in section 1 of this chapter, which all
19	proposed community school corporations must meet, insofar as
20	feasible;
21	(4) within not later than ninety (90) days after receipt of a
22	reorganizational reorganization plan, hold a public hearing in the
23	county to which the plan mainly appertains applies so that to
24	allow residents of the affected territory may to testify;
25	(5) within not later than sixty (60) days after the public hearing:
26	(A) approve or disapprove in writing all or part of the plan;
27	and
28	<b>(B)</b> notify in writing the county committee concerned;
29	(6) assist any county committee whose plan does not meet
30	minimum standards in revising the plan and shall permit the
31	committee to resubmit the plan within not later than ninety (90)
32	days after receipt of notice of nonapproval; and
33	(7) make rules for:
34	(A) the conduct of its own business; and for
35	<b>(B)</b> the guidance and direction of county committees;
36	in order to carry out the purposes of this chapter and
37	IC 20-23-16-1 through IC 20-23-16-11.
38	(b) The minimum standards for community school corporations
39	proposed under this chapter or IC 20-23-16-1 through
40	IC 20-23-16-11 shall include, but are not limited to, must provide for
41	the inclusion of all the area of a county in:
42	(1) a school corporation; or
43	(2) school corporations;
44	in order to furnish efficient and adequate educational opportunity for
45	all pupils students in grades one (1) 1 through twelve (12). 12.
46	(c) Before the adoption of a preliminary written plan, the county



committee and the state board of education may prior to the adoption of a preliminary written plan, meet to consider problems encountered by the county committee in formulating a plan. Following the meeting, the state board of education may in writing, waive in writing any specified minimum standard for a designated geographic area on the ground that meeting the standard is not feasible.

(c) (d) The state board of education is not required to hold a public hearing on any a plan which that does not meet the minimum standards required by it the state board unless the state board of education waives the attainment of any a minimum standard.

[20-4-1-18] Sec. 13. Sec. 18. (a) Whenever the creation of a community school corporation out of an existing corporation would involve no change in its territorial boundaries or in its board of school trustees or other governing body, other than a change, if any, in the time of election or appointment or the time the board members take office, and such the creation is consistent with the standards set up pursuant to the provisions of under this chapter as modified, if any, by the standards set out in this section, the state board may upon its own motion or upon petition of the governing body of the existing school corporation at any time with hearing in the county where such school corporation is located, after notice by publication at least once in one (1) newspaper of general circulation published in the county where such school corporation is located, at least ten (10) but not more than thirty (30) days prior to before the date of such hearing and without action of the county committee declare such existing school corporation to be a community school corporation by adopting a resolution to this effect. Such The existing school corporation shall qualify qualifies as to size and financial resources if it has an average daily attendance of two hundred seventy (270) or more, in grades nine (9) 9 through twelve (12), 12, or of one thousand (1,000) or more, in grades one 1 (1) through twelve (12), 12, and has an assessed valuation per pupil student of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or more. For the purposes of this provision the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- (1) "County tax" shall be means a property tax which that is levied at an equal rate in the entire county in which any school corporation is located, other than a tax qualifying as a county-wide tax within the meaning of Acts 1959, c.328, s.2, or any similar statute, and the net proceeds of which are distributed to school corporations in the county.
- (2) "Assessed valuation" of any school corporation shall mean means the net assessed value of its real and personal property as of March 1, 1964, adjusted in the same manner as such assessed valuation is adjusted for each county by the department of local government finance under Acts 1949, c.247, s.5, as now or hereafter amended, unless such that statute has been repealed or



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no longer provides for such adjustment. In the event If a county has a county tax, then the assessed valuation of each school corporation in the county shall be increased by the amount of assessed valuation, if any, which would be required to raise an amount of money, equal to the excess of the amount distributed to any school corporation from the county tax over the amount collected from such county tax in such school corporation, using total taxes levied by such school corporation in terms of rate excluding the countywide tax under Acts 1959, c.328, s.2, or any similar statute, and including all other taxes levied by or for such school corporation, including but not limited to the county tax, bond fund levy, lease rental levy, library fund levy, special school fund levy, tuition fund levy, capital projects fund levy, and special funds levies. Such increased valuation shall be based on the excess distributed to the school corporation from the county tax levied for the year 1964 and the total taxes levied for such year, or if the county tax is first applied or is raised for years after 1964, then the excess distributions and total taxes levied for the year in which such tax is first applied or raised. In the event such excess distribution and total taxes levied cannot be determined accurately on or prior to the adoption of the resolution provided in this section, excess distribution and taxes levied shall be estimated by the department of local government finance using the last preceding assessed valuations and tax rates or such other information as they shall see fit, certifying such increased assessment to the state board prior to such time. In all cases, the excess distribution shall be determined upon the assumption that the county tax is one hundred percent (100%) collected and all collections are distributed.

- (3) "Assessed valuation per pupil" student" of any school corporation means the assessed valuation of any such school corporation divided by its average daily attendance in grades one (1) through twelve (12).
- (4) "Average daily attendance" in any school corporation shall mean the average daily attendance of pupils students who are residents in such school corporation and in the particular grades to which such term refers for the school year 1964-1965 in accordance with the applicable regulations of the state superintendent of public instruction, used in determining such average daily attendance in the distribution of the tuition funds by the state to its various school corporations where such funds are distributed on such basis and irrespective of whether such figures are the actual resident daily attendance of such school for the school year.
- (b) Such The community school corporation shall automatically come into being on either July 1 or January 1 following the date of such



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approval, whichever is earlier. The state board shall mail by certified United States mail, return receipt requested, a copy of such resolution certified by its director or its secretary to the recorder of the county from which the county committee having jurisdiction of such existing school corporation was appointed and to such county committee. Such resolution may change the time of election or appointment of the board members of such school corporation or the time such board members take office. The recorder shall without cost record such certified resolution in the miscellaneous records of the county. Such recording shall constitute a permanent record of the action of the state board and may be relied on by any person. Unless the resolution otherwise provides no interim board member shall be appointed, the board members in office on the date of such action shall continue to constitute the board of trustees of such school corporation until their successors are qualified, and the terms of their respective office and board membership shall remain unchanged except to the extent that such resolution otherwise provides. For all purposes under this chapter and IC 20-23-16-1 through IC 20-23-16-11, community school corporation shall be regarded as a school corporation created under the provisions of section 22 16 of this chapter.

[QUERY: IT APPEARS THAT THIS SECTION IS OUT OF DATE AND CANNOT BE APPLIED BY ITS TERMS BECAUSE THE DEFINITION OF ASSESSED VALUATION IS NOT CURRENT - THE DLGF DOES NOT MAKE ANY ADJUSTMENTS THAT INVOLVE 1964 ASSESSED VALUATION. CAN THE SECTION BE REPEALED?]

[20-4-1-20] Sec. 14. Sec. 20. (a) After the state board has approved a comprehensive plan or partial plan for reorganization of school corporations as submitted to it the state board by a county committee, the state board shall promptly, in writing, by certified United States mail with return receipt requested, give a written notice of such the approval to:

- (1) the chairman of said the county committee submitting the plan; and
- (2) the judge of the circuit court of the county from which the county committee was appointed.
- (b) Thereafter, any After notice is given under subsection (a), a community school corporation proposed by the a plan referred to in subsection (a) may be created: either
  - (1) by petition as set out provided in this section;
  - (2) by election as provided in section 21 15 of this chapter; or
  - (3) under the terms of section 22 16 of this chapter.
- (c) At any time After the receipt of such the plan referred to in subsection (a) by the county committee, and before or after the election described in section 21 15 of this chapter, any such a community school corporation proposed by a plan referred to in



subsection (a) may be created by a petition. The petition must be
signed by at least fifty-five percent (55%) or more of the registered
voters residing within the boundaries of in the community school
corporation, determined in the manner set out in this section, and filed
by any signer or by the county committee with the clerk or clerks of the
circuit court or courts of the county or counties where such the voters
reside. Such The petition shall must state that the signers request the
establishment of a community school corporation and shall must
contain the following information:

- (1) The name of the proposed community school corporation.
- (2) A general description of the boundaries as set out in the plan.
- (3) The number on of members of the board of school trustees.
- (4) The manner in which:

- (A) the permanent board of school trustees; and
- (B) if covered in the plan, the interim board of school trustees; if covered in the plan, shall

will be elected or appointed.

- (5) The compensation, if any, of the members of:
  - (A) the permanent board of school trustees; and
  - **(B)** if covered in the plan, the interim board of school trustees.
- (6) The disposition, if any, of assets and liabilities of each existing school corporation which that:
  - (A) is included in the proposed community school corporation; and
  - (B) has been divided.
- (7) The disposition of school aid bonds, if any.
- (d) Such The petition shall referred to in subsection (c) must show: therein
  - (1) the date on which each person has signed the petition; and his
  - (2) the person's residence address on such that date.

The petition may be executed in several counterparts, the total of which shall constitute constitutes the petition authorized [QUERY: Described?] by this subsection. An affidavit of the person circulating a counterpart must be attached to the each such counterpart. shall have attached thereto the affidavit of the person circulating said counterpart. The affidavit must state that each signature appearing on such the counterpart was affixed in his the person's presence and is the true and lawful signature of the person who made such signature. signer. Each signer on the petition shall be privileged prior to, but shall not be entitled after, such filing may withdraw the signer's signature from the petition before the petition is filed with the clerk of the circuit court. to withdraw his name from the petition. No names shall may be added to the petition after the petition has been is filed with any such the clerk of the circuit court.

(e) After the receipt of the petition such referred to in subsection



1	(c), the clerk of the circuit court shall make a certification under his
2	the clerk's hand and seal of his the clerk's office as to:
3	(1) the number of persons signing signers of the petition;
4	(2) the number of such persons signers of the petition who are
5	registered voters residing within in:
6	(A) the boundaries of the proposed community school
7	corporation; or that
8	(B) the part of such the school corporation located within his
9	in the clerk's county;
10	as disclosed by the voter registration records in the office of the
11	clerk or the board of registration of the county, or wherever such
12	registration records may be kept; of the county;
13	(3) the number of registered voters residing within the boundaries
14	of in:
15	(A) the proposed community school corporation; or that
16	(B) the part of such the school corporation located within his
17	in the clerk's county;
18	as disclosed in by the voter registration records mentioned in
19	subdivision (2); of the county; and
20	(4) the date of the filing of such the petition with him. the clerk.
21	<del>In case</del>
22	If a proposed community school corporation includes only part of a
23	voting precinct, the clerk of the circuit court shall ascertain from any
24	public records, data, or by any other means, including but not limited
25	to assistance from the county committee, the number of registered
26	voters resident therein. residing in the part of the voting precinct.
27	(f) Such The clerk of the circuit court shall make the certification
28	shall be made by each such clerk within referred to in subsection (e):
29	(1) not later than thirty (30) days after the filing of the petition
30	under subsection (c), excluding from the calculation of such that
31	period any the time during which the registration records are
32	unavailable to such the clerk; or
33	(2) within any additional time as is reasonably necessary to permit
34	such the clerk to make such the certification.
35	In certifying the number of such registered voters, the clerk shall
36 37	disregard any signature on such the petition not made within in the ninety (90) days that immediately prior to precede the filing of the
38	petition with him the clerk as shown by the dates set out in the
39	petition. Such The clerk shall establish a record of his the certification
40	in his the clerk's office and shall return his the certification thereon to
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42	the county committee.  (g) If the certification or combined certifications received from the
43	clerk or clerks disclose that the petition has been was signed by at least
44	fifty-five percent (55%) or more of the registered voters residing within
45	the boundaries of in the community school corporation, the county
TJ	the boundaries of in the community school corporation, the country

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committee shall publish a notice in two (2) newspapers of general



1	circulation within the boundaries of in the community school
2	corporation. a The notice stating must:
3	(1) state that the steps necessary to for the creation and
4	establishment of the community school corporation have been
5	completed; and setting
6	(2) set forth:
7	(A) the number of registered voters residing within the
8	boundaries of in the community school corporation who
9	signed the petition; and
10	(B) the number of registered voters residing within the
11	boundaries of in the community school corporation.
12	(g) The (h) A community school corporation shall be created and
13	come into being by a petition under this section takes effect on the
14	earlier of:
15	<b>(1) the</b> July 1; or
16	(2) the January 1; following
17	that next follows the date of publication of said the notice referred to
18	in subsection (g). whichever date is the earlier. In the event any
19	(i) If a public official shall fail fails to do his perform a duty
20	required of the official under this chapter within the time prescribed
21	in this section and sections 20 15 through 24 18 of this chapter, this
22	the omission shall does not invalidate the proceedings taken under this
23	chapter.
24	(j) No An action:
25	(1) to contest the validity of the formation or creation of a
26	community school corporation under the provisions of this
27	section;
28	(2) to declare it that a community school corporation:
29	(A) has not been validly formed or created; or
30	(B) is not validly existing; or
31	(3) to enjoin its the operation of a community school
32	corporation; <del>shall</del>
33	may not be instituted at any time later than the thirtieth day following
34	thirty (30) days after the date of publication of said the notice
35	referred to in subsection (g).
36	[20-4-1-21] Sec. 15. Sec. 21. (a) If no such the chairman of the
37	county committee does not receive the certification or combined
38	certifications thus creating any such community school corporation, are
39	received within under section 14(f) of this chapter not later than
40	ninety (90) days after the receipt by the county committee of such the
41	
	plan referred to in section 14(a) of this chapter, by the chairman of
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42 43	plan referred to in section 14(a) of this chapter, by the chairman of
	plan referred to in section 14(a) of this chapter, by the chairman of the county committee, the judge of the circuit court of the county from

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of in which the registered voters [QUERY: Does "special election



1	of the registered voters" in the current law mean "special election
2	in which the registered votersmay vote to determine"
3	residing within in the boundaries of such proposed community
4	school corporation may vote to determine whether such
5	community sehool the corporation shall will be created. and shall
6	certify the question under IC 3-10-9-3.
7	<b>(b)</b> If:
8	(1) a primary or general election at which county officials are
9	nominated; or
10	(2) a general election at which county officials are elected;
11	and for which the question can be certified in compliance with
12	IC 3-10-9-3 is to be held within not later than six (6) months after the
13	receipt by the chairman of the county committee of such the plan by
14	the chairman of the county committee, referred to in section 14(a) of
15	this chapter, regardless of whether or not such the ninety (90) days
16	day period referred to in subsection (a) has expired, the judge shall
17	order the county election board to conduct the special election to be
18	held in conjunction with any such the primary or general election.
19	(c) If no such primary or general election is to be held within such
20	in the six (6) month period then such referred to in subsection (b).
21	the special election shall be held:
22	(1) not earlier than sixty (60) days; nor and
23	(2) <b>not</b> later than one hundred twenty (120) days;
24	after the expiration of such the ninety (90) day period referred to in
25	subsection (a).
26	(b) (d) The county election board shall give notice under
27	IC 5-3-1 of such the special election shall be given by the county
28	election board under IC 5-3-1. referred to in subsection (a).
29	(c) Such (e) The notice referred to in subsection (d) of such a
30	special election shall must:
31	(1) clearly state that the election is called for affording to afford
32	the registered voters an opportunity to approve or reject a
33	proposal for the formation of a community school corporation:
34	and shall also
35	(2) contain:
36	(A) a general description of the boundaries of the community
37	school corporation as set out in the plan;
38	(B) a statement of the terms of adjustment of:
39	(i) property;
40	(ii) assets;
41	(iii) debts; and
42	(iv) liabilities;
43	of any an existing school corporation where it that is to be
44	divided in the creation of the community school
45	corporation;
46	(C) the name of the community school corporation;
	(-),,,,,,,



1	(D) the number of members comprising the board of school
2	trustees; and
3 4	(E) the method of selecting the board of school trustees of the community school corporation; The notice shall also and
	•
5	(3) designate the date, time, and voting place or places at which
6	the election will be held.
7	(d) Such (f) A special election shall be referred to in subsection
8	(a) is under the direction of the county election board in the county.
9	Such The election board shall take all steps necessary to carry out the
10	<b>special</b> election. <del>provided for in this section.</del> If the special election is
11	not conducted at a primary or general election, the cost of conducting
12	the election shall be is:
13	(1) charged to each component school corporation embraced in
14	the community school corporation in the same proportion as its
15	the component school corporation's assessed valuation is to the
16	total assessed valuation of the community school corporation; and
17	<del>shall be</del>
18	(2) paid:
19	(A) from any current operating fund not otherwise
20	appropriated of; and
21	<b>(B)</b> without appropriation therefor by; the respective
22	each component school corporations. Where corporation.
23	If a component school corporation is to be divided and its territory
24	assigned to two (2) or more community corporations, its the
25	component school corporation's cost of the special election shall be
26	is in proportion to its the corporation's assessed valuation included in
27	the community school corporation.
28	(e) (g) The county election board shall place the public question on
29	the ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-10-9-4. The public question
30	must state "Shall the (here insert name) community school corporation
31	be formed as provided in the Reorganization Plan of the County
32	Committee for the Reorganization of School Corporations?". Except as
33	otherwise provided in this chapter, the election shall be is governed by
34	IC 3.
35	(f) (h) If a majority of the votes cast at such a special election
36	referred to in subsection (a) on such the public question are in favor
37	of the formation of such the corporation, a community school
38	corporation shall be is created and come into being takes effect on the
39	earlier of:
40	(1) the July 1; or
41	(2) the January 1; following
42	that next follows the date of publication of said the notice whichever
43	date is the earlier. In the event any referred to in subsection (d).
44	(i) If a public official shall fail fails to do the official's perform a
45	duty required of the official under this section within the time
46	prescribed in this section, this the omission shall does not invalidate
.0	proserioed in this section, this the offission shall does not invalidate



1 the proceedings taken under this section. 2 (j) No An action: 3 (1) to contest the validity of the formation or creation of a 4 community school corporation under this section; 5 (2) to declare that it a community school corporation: 6 (A) has not been validly formed or created; or 7 **(B)** is not validly existing; or 8 (3) to enjoin its the operation of a community school 9 corporation; shall 10 may not be instituted at any time later than the thirtieth day following 11 such thirty (30) days after the date of the special election referred 12 to in subsection (a). 13 [20-4-1-22] Sec. 16. Sec. 22. In instances where the (a) This section 14 applies to a proposed school corporation reorganization plan approved 15 by the state board that involves no change in: (1) territorial boundaries; or in 16 17 (2) the board of school trustees or other governing body; 18 of a school corporation, other than a change if any, in the time of 19 election of board members or the time such the board members take 20 office. such approved (b) A plan shall referred to in subsection (a) automatically come 21 22 comes into being on either the earlier of: 23 (1) the July 1; or 24 (2) the January 1; following 25 that next follows the date of such approval whichever is earlier. of the 26 plan by the state board. In such event, 27 (c) If subsection (b) applies: 28 (1) no interim board member shall may be appointed; 29 (2) the board members in office on such the date shall the plan 30 comes into being under subsection (b) continue to constitute the 31 governing body of the school corporation until their successors 32 are qualified; and 33 (3) the: 34 (A) terms of their respective offices; and their 35 (B) board memberships; shall 36 of the board members remain unchanged except to the extent the 37 plan provides otherwise. 38 [20-4-1-23] Sec. 17. Sec. 23. (a) If a proposal for the formation of 39 a community school corporation is rejected by the voters at the special 40 election provided for in this chapter, the county committee shall: 41 exercise one (1) of the following options:(1) Devise a new plan of 42 reorganization deemed more acceptable to the electors of the territory 43 affected. This new plan shall be submitted to the state board for its 44 approval within six (6) months from the date of such election subject 45 to the same conditions and requirements as to extensions of time and

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otherwise provided in this chapter for adoption and approval of the

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rejected plan. If the new plan is approved by the state board, the same procedures provided in this chapter for the creation of a community school corporation shall be followed. (2) The county committee may direct the county election board or boards to resubmit the same plan, rejected by the voters, at a special election to be held not later than six (6) months following such prior election on such plan, provided that where a primary or general election for state offices is to be held within six (6) months of such prior election, such special election shall be held in conjunction with such primary or general election. Notice by publication for the holding of such special election shall be given by the judge on request of the county committee, and the election shall be held in the same manner required for the holding of a special election under section 21 of this chapter, and all action by all officials concerned necessary for the conducting of such special election shall be taken as required in such section 21 of this chapter.

- (1) subject to subsection (b), devise a new plan of reorganization considered more acceptable to the electors of the territory affected; or
- (2) subject to subsection (c), direct the county election board or boards to resubmit the same plan rejected by the voters.
- (b) The county committee shall submit a new plan devised under subsection (a)(1) to the state board for the state board's approval not later than six (6) months after the date of the special election at which the proposal was rejected, subject to the same conditions and requirements concerning extensions of time and other matters provided in this chapter. If the new plan is approved by the state board, the procedures of this chapter for the creation of a community school corporation must be followed.
- (c) The county committee may direct the county election board or boards to resubmit the plan referred to in subsection (a)(2) at a special election to be held not later than six (6) months after the special election at which the proposal was rejected. If a primary or general election for state offices is to be held not later than six (6) months after the special election at which the proposal was rejected, the special election must be held in conjunction with the primary or general election. The judge of the circuit court shall give notice by publication of the special election on request of the county committee. The special election is held in the same manner required for the holding of a special election under section 15 of this chapter. Officials concerned shall take all actions necessary for the conducting of the special election as required in section 15 of this chapter.

[20-4-1-24] Sec. 18. Sec. 24. In the event any (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), if a public official shall fail fails to do his perform a duty required under this chapter or IC 20-23-16-1 through IC 20-23-16-11 within the time prescribed at any place in this



1	chapter or IC 20-23-16-1 through IC 20-23-16-11, such the omission
2	shall does not invalidate any proceedings taken by him. Provided,
3	however, that the official.
4	(b) This section: shall
5	(1) does not apply to the time within which a county committee
6	shall must accept jurisdiction of all or part of a school corporation
7	from another county committee following a petition under section
8	7 of this chapter; IC 20-23-16-1; and shall
9	(2) may not be construed to enlarge extend the time within which
10	petitions shall may be filed by registered voters under any section
11	of this chapter or IC 20-23-16-1 through IC 20-23-16-11.
12	[20-4-1-25] Sec. 19. Sec. 25. (a) Any A party aggrieved by the
13	decision of the county committee after the hearing provided for in
14	section 9 7 of this chapter may:
15	(1) appear before the state board when the board holds public
16	hearings on the reorganization plan involved; and
17	(2) state the grievance.
18	(b) Any A party feeling aggrieved by the decision of the state board
19	after the hearing provided for in section 108 of this chapter may appeal
20	within thirty (30) days from such the decision to the court of competent
21	jurisdiction in the respective county on any question of adjustment of:
22	(1) property;
23	(2) debts; and
24	(3) liabilities;
25	among the school corporations involved. Notice of the appeal shall be
26	given to the chairman or secretary of the county committee ten (10)
27	days before the appeal is filed with the court.
28	(c) The court shall have has the power to:
29	(1) determine the constitutionality and the equity of the
30	adjustment or adjustments proposed; and
31	(2) to direct the county committee to alter such the adjustment or
32	adjustments found by the court to be inequitable or violative of
33	any provision of the Constitution of the State of Indiana or of the
34	United States.
35	An appeal may be taken to the supreme court or the court of appeals in
36	accordance with the rules of civil procedure of the state.
37	(c) (d) Any A determination by the court with respect to the
38	adjustment of:
39	(1) property;
40	(2) debts; and
41	(3) liabilities;
42	among the school corporations or areas involved shall does not
43	otherwise affect the validity of the reorganization or creation of any a
44	school corporation or corporations under the provisions of this chapter
45	or IC 20-23-16-1 throught IC 20-23-16-11.
46	[20-4-1-26.1] Sec. 20. Sec. 26.1. (a) This section applies to each



1	community school corporation. whenever created.
2	(b) Each community school corporation established under this
3	chapter or IC 20-23-16-1 through IC 20-23-16-11, when validly
4	organized and existing, is a body corporate and politic. The corporation
5	may:
6	(1) sue and be sued; and
7	(2) acquire, hold, and convey real and personal property necessary
8	to its the community school corporation's establishment and
9	operation.
10	(c) A corporation has:
11	(1) all the powers, rights, duties, and obligations of the school
12	cities of any class in which the school corporation would fall if it
13	were organized as a school city; and
14	(2) the additional powers granted school corporations:
15	(A) in general; or
16	(B) school corporations in the population or other
17	classifications in which the school corporation falls.
18	(d) The officers of the board of school trustees governing body are
19	a:
20	(1) <del>a</del> president;
21	(2) <del>a</del> secretary;
22	(3) a treasurer; and
23	(4) vice president, if the board of trustees consists of more than
24	three (3) members. a vice president.
25	[20-4-1-26.2] Sec. 21. Sec. 26.2. (a) This section does not apply to
26	a community school corporation created before March 12, 1965. A
27	community school corporation created before March 12, 1965, shall
28	operate in accordance with the plan under which it was created and the
29	statutes applicable to that plan, as if Acts 1965, c.336, s.4 had not been
30	enacted. [QUERY: ACTS 1965, c. 336, s 4 WAS REPLACED BY
31	IC 20-4-1-26 WHICH WAS REPEALED IN THE SAME ACT IN
32	WHICH THIS SECTION WAS ENACTED - P.L.10-1988,
33	SECTION 238.]
34	(b) If the members of a board of school trustees governing body are
35	to be elected, they the members shall be elected in accordance with
36	one (1) of the options set forth in subsection (c) or in accordance with
37	section 27.1 29 of this chapter. The options shall must be set out in the
38	plan with sufficient description to permit the plan to be operable with
39	respect to the community school corporation. The description may be
40	partly or wholly by reference to the applicable option.
41	(c) The options described in subsection (b) are the following:
42	(1) Members of a board of school trustees governing body:
43	(A) may reside anywhere in the school corporation; and
44	(B) shall be voted upon by all its registered voters living
45	within the school corporation voting at any school board

governing body member election.



1	(2) The community school corporation shall be divided into two
2	(2) or more residence districts with one (1) or more members of
3	the board of school trustees governing body resident within each
4	of the residence districts. The plan may also provide that one (1)
5	or more members of the board governing body may reside
6	anywhere in the community school corporation. The plan:
7	(A) must set out the number of members to be elected from
8	each district;
9	(B) may provide for the election of an equal number of
10	members from each district; and
11	(C) must set out the number, if any, to be elected at large
12	without reference to board governing body member districts.
13	Under this option, all candidates must be voted on by all
14	registered voters of the community school corporation voting at
15	any school board governing body member election.
16	(3) The community school corporation shall be divided into three
17	(3) residence districts of approximately equal population. In a
18	district divided into three (3) residence districts, if:
19	(A) if the board of school trustees governing body consists of
20	three (3) members, one (1) member must reside in each
21	residence district;
22	(B) If the board of school trustees governing body consists of
23	five (5) members, two (2) members may not reside in any one
24	(1) residence district; and
25	(C) If the board of school trustees governing body consists of
26	seven (7) members, at least two (2) are to shall be elected
27	from each residence district.
28	Candidates are to shall be voted on by all registered voters of the
29	community school corporation voting at any school board
30	governing body member election.
31	(4) The community school corporation shall be divided into two
32	(2) or more electoral districts. Each member:
33	(A) serves from one (1) electoral district;
34	(B) must be a resident of the district; and
35	(C) must be voted upon by the registered voters residing
36	within the electoral district and voting at any school board
37	governing body member election.
38	The plan must set out the number to be elected from each
39	electoral district and may provide for election of an equal number
40	of members from each district. However, The plan must provide
41	that not less than one (1) less than a majority of the board
42	<b>governing body</b> may reside anywhere in the community school
43	corporation and must be voted upon by all its registered voters
44	voting at any school board governing body member election.

(5) The community school corporation consists of the electoral

districts set forth in this subdivision: one (1) electoral district that

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1	must embrace the entire community school corporation from
2	which a majority of the members of the board of school trustees
3	<b>governing body</b> shall be elected by all the registered voters of the
4	community school corporation voting at a school board
5	governing body member election. The other electoral districts
6	must be subdivisions of the community school corporation. Each
7	of the remaining members of the board of school trustees
8	governing body:
9	(A) serves from one (1) of the latter electoral districts;
10	(B) must be a resident of that district; and
11	(C) must be voted upon by registered voters voting at a school
12	board governing body member election.
13	The plan must set out the number to be elected from each district
14	and may provide for the election of an equal number of members
15	from the district.
16	(6) The community school corporation shall be divided into two
17	(2) or more electoral districts. Each member:
18	(A) serves from one (1) electoral district;
19	(B) must be a resident of that district; and
20	(C) must be voted upon only by the registered voters residing
21	within that district who vote at a school board governing body
22	election.
23	The plan must set out the number of members to be elected from
24	each electoral district in the school corporation and may provide
25	for election of an equal number of members from each district.
26	[20-4-1-26.3] Sec. 22. Sec. 26.3. (a) This section does not apply to
27	a community school corporation created before March 12, 1965. A
28	community school corporation created before March 12, 1965, shall
29	operate in accordance with the plan under which it was created and the
30	statutes applicable to that plan, as if Acts 1965, c.336, s.4 had not been
31	enacted. [QUERY: SEE QUERY FOR IC 20-4-1-26.2]
32	(b) If the members of the board of school trustees governing body
33	are to be appointed, they shall be appointed in accordance with one (1)
34	of the options described in subsection (c). The option must be set out
35	in the plan with sufficient description to permit the plan to be operable
36	with respect to each community school corporation. The description
37	may be partly or wholly by reference to the applicable option provided
38	in this section.
39	(c) The options described in subsection (b) are the following:
40	(1) Members of the board of school trustees governing body may
41	reside anywhere in the community school corporation.
42	(2) The community school corporation shall be divided into two

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(A) serves from a particular district; and

corporation. Each member:

(2) or more school board governing body member districts, any

one (1) of which may embrace the entire community school

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1	<b>(B)</b> must be a resident of the district.
2	The plan must set out the number to be appointed from each
3	district and may provide for an equal number of members from
4	each district.
5	(d) The plan, under either option in subsection (c), may provide that
6	the first appointments of the school board governing body members
7	are for staggered terms of not more than four (4) years. Thereafter,
8	appointments shall be made for terms of four (4) years. All terms of
9	office for appointive board governing body members expire June 30
10	in the applicable year.
11	(e) A plan providing for the appointment of members of the board
12	of school trustees governing body must designate the appointive
13	appointing authority. The authority may be the same for each board
14	governing body member but must and must be limited to one (1) or
15	more of the following:
16	(1) The judge of the circuit or superior court.
17	(2) The city executive.
18	(3) The legislative body of a city.
19	(4) The board of commissioners of a county.
20	(5) The county fiscal body.
21	(6) The town legislative body.
22	(7) The township executive.
23	(8) The township legislative body.
24	(9) A township executive and legislative body jointly.
25	(10) More than one (1) township executive and legislative body
26	jointly.
27	(f) If an appointment is to be made by:
28	(1) a body, the appointment must be made by a majority vote of
29	the body in official session;
30	(2) If an appointment is to be made by township executives, the
31	appointment must be made by a majority vote of the executives
32	taken in joint session; and
33	(3) If an appointment is to be made by township legislative
34	bodies, the appointment must be made by a majority vote of the
35	total number of township legislative body members by a majority
36	vote of the members, taken in joint session.
37	(g) Whenever a member of the board of school trustees governing
38	body, whether of the interim board governing body or regular board
39	governing body, is to be appointed, and the beginning of the
40	appointive member's term of office coincides with the date an
41	individual assumes the office of the official who is to make the
42	appointment, the appointment shall be made by the latter individual. If
43	the appointing official or body fails to appoint a member of the first
44	board of school trustees governing body within five (5) days after a
45	community school corporation comes into being, or, for members
46	appointed after the first board is appointed, within five (5) days after



a member is to take office, the member of the board of school trustees governing body shall be appointed:

(1) by the judge of the circuit court; or

- (2) in the case of a united school corporation, by the judge of the circuit court of the county having the most pupils students enrolled in the united school corporation.
- [20-4-1-26.4] Sec. 23. Sec. 26.4. (a) This section applies to each school corporation. whenever created.
- (b) If a plan provides for the election of members of the board of school trustees governing body of the community school corporation at a primary election, at the time provided by IC 3-8-2 for the filing of notice of candidacies for the primary election next following the creation of the community school corporation, nominations for members of the board of school trustees governing body of the community school corporation may be made by a petition signed by the candidates and ten (10) registered voters residing within the boundaries of the community school corporation.
- (c) A petition must be filed with the circuit court clerk of the county that contains the greatest percentage of population of the school corporation. If the plan requires residence in a specified district or voting solely in a specified district for a board governing body member office, the petition must clearly state the residence or electoral district from or for which the person is a candidate. If a school corporation is located in more than one (1) county, the circuit court clerk shall, after determining that a petition complies with subsection (b), promptly certify to each circuit court clerk of a county in which the school corporation is located, the names of the candidates to be placed on the ballot.
- (d) If a plan provides for an election of members of the board of school trustees governing body at a general election, the filing of notice of candidates must be made in the manner provided for filing at primary elections under this section. The filing must be made within the same period of time before the general election as would have been required before the primary election had the election been held at the latter time.
- (e) All nominations shall be listed for each office in the form prescribed by IC 3-10-1-19 or IC 3-11-2 but without party designation. Voting and tabulation of votes shall be conducted in the same manner as voting and tabulation in primary elections are conducted. The precinct election boards serving at each primary election in each county shall conduct the election for school board governing board members. If a school corporation is located in more than one (1) county, each county election board shall print the ballots required for voters in that county to vote for candidates for members of the board of school trustees of the school corporation.
  - (f) If the plan provides that the board of school trustees governing



**body** shall be elected by all the voters of the community school corporation, candidates shall be placed on the ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-10-1-19 or IC 3-11-2 without party designation. Candidates elected shall be those having the greatest number of votes.

- (g) If the plan provides that members of the board of school trustees **governing body** are to be elected from residence districts by all voters in the community school corporation, nominees for the board of school trustees **governing body** shall be placed on the ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-10-1-19 or IC 3-11-2 by residence districts without party designation. The ballot must state the:
  - (1) number of members to be voted upon; and

(2) the maximum number that may be elected from each residence district as provided in the plan.

A ballot is not valid where more than the maximum number are voted upon from a board governing body member residence district. [QUERY: This is unclear.] Candidates having the greatest number of votes are elected. However, if more than the maximum number that may be elected from a residence district are among those having the greatest number of votes, the lowest of those candidates from the residence districts in excess of the maximum number shall be eliminated in determining the candidates who are elected.

- (h) If the plan provides that members of the board of school trustees governing body are to be elected from electoral districts solely by the voters of each district, nominees residing in each electoral district shall be placed on the ballot:
  - (1) in the form prescribed by IC 3-10-1-19 or IC 3-11-2; and
  - (2) without party designation.

The ballot must state the number to be voted on from the electoral district. Candidates residing in the electoral district having the greatest number of votes are elected.

- [20-4-1-26.5] Sec. 24. Sec. 26.5. (a) This section applies to each school corporation. whenever created.
- (b) If the board of school trustees governing body is to be elected at the primary election, each registered voter may vote in the board of school trustee governing body election without otherwise voting in the primary election.
  - (c) If a tie vote occurs among any of the candidates:
    - (1) the judge of the circuit court; or
    - (2) in case of a united school corporation, the judge of the circuit court of the county having the most pupils students enrolled in the united school corporation;
- shall select one (1) of the candidates, who shall be declared and certified elected.
- (d) If after the first board of school trustees governing body takes office, there is a vacancy on the board of school trustees governing body for any reason, including the failure of the sufficient number of



petitions for candidates being filed, <del>and</del> whether the vacating member
was elected or appointed, the remaining members of the board of
school trustees, governing body, whether or not a majority of the
board, governing body, shall by a majority vote fill the vacancy by
appointing a person from within the boundaries of the community
school corporation to serve for the term or balance of the term. An
individual appointed under this subsection must possess with the
residence and other the qualifications provided for a regularly elected
or appointed board governing body member filling the office. to serve
for the term or balance of terms respectively. If:

- (1) a tie vote occurs among the remaining members of the board governing body; or
- (2) the board governing body fails to act within thirty (30) days after any vacancy occurs;

the judge of the circuit court in the county where the majority of registered voters of the school corporation reside shall make the appointment.

- (e) A vacancy in the board of trustees governing body occurs if a member ceases to be a resident of any community school corporation. A vacancy does not occur when the member moves from a district of the school corporation from which the member was elected or appointed as long as if the member continues to be a resident of the school corporation.
- (f) At the first primary or general election in which members of the board of school trustees governing body are elected:
  - (1) a simple majority of the candidates elected as members of the board of school trustees governing body who receive the highest number of votes shall be elected for four (4) year terms; and
  - (2) The the balance of the candidates elected as members of the board of school trustees governing body receiving the next highest number of votes shall be elected for two (2) year terms.

Thereafter, all school board members shall be elected for four (4) year terms.

- (g) Board Governing body members elected:
  - (1) in November take office and assume their duties on January 1 or July 1 after their election, as determined by the board of school trustees before the election; and
  - (2) in May Board members elected in May take office and assume their duties on July 1 after their election.
- [20-4-1-26.6] Sec. 25. Sec. 26.6. (a) This section applies to each school corporation. whenever created.
- (b) If the plan provides for the election of members of the board of school trustees governing body of the community school corporation:
  - (1) the judge of the circuit court; or
  - (2) in the case of a united school corporation, the judge of the circuit court of the county having the most pupils students



1	enrolled in the united school corporation;
2	shall appoint interim board of school trustees governing body
3	members in accordance with the plan approved by the county
4	committee and the state board.
5	(c) The members of the governing body appointed serve until their
6	successors are elected and qualified.
7	(d) Instead of appointment, the plan may provide for an alternative
8	method of appointing the members of the interim board of trustees
9	governing body of a community or united school corporation. The
10	appointment under this subsection must be made by one (1) or more or
11	the class of officials listed in section 26.3(e) 22(e) of this chapter.
12	[20-4-1-26.7] Sec. 26. Sec. 26.7. (a) This section applies to each
13	school corporation. whenever created.
14	(b) The board of school trustees governing body does not assume
15	its powers and duties until the date when the community schoo
16	corporation becomes effective. For a period of thirty (30) days prior to
17	before the date on which the board of school trustees governing body
18	of the a community school corporation assumes office, the an existing
19	school corporation having territory that will be included within the
20	boundaries of a community school corporation shall not may no
21	contract or place the school corporation under any further obligations
22	except upon written approval of the county committee.
23	(c) The transfer of:
24	(1) powers;
25	(2) duties;
26	(3) property rights;
27	(4) other assets;
28	(5) liabilities;
29	(6) contracts both as to rights and obligations; and
30	(7) all else connected with the transfer of authority from existing
31	school corporations to the community school corporation;
32	takes place at the time of the formation and creation of the community
33	school corporations corporation and are vested in the community
34	school corporation. corporations of that time.
35	[20-4-1-26.8] Sec. 27. <del>Sec. 26.8.</del> (a) This section applies to each
36	school corporation. whenever created.
37	(b) The community school corporation board of school trustees
38	governing body shall:
39	(1) divide the community school corporation into the attendance
40	units that are proper; [QUERY: What is "proper"] and
41	(2) adopt rules with respect to the units; and
42	(3) provide adequate and practical transportation Whenever
43	if a reorganization plan provides for the transportation of pupils
44	students from one (1) part of a community school corporation to
45	a central point. the board of school trustees of the community

46

school corporation shall provide adequate and practical



1	transportation.
2	[20-4-1-26.10] Sec. 28. Sec. 26.10. (a) This section applies to a
3	community school corporation located in a county containing a
4	consolidated city.
5	(b) The same method used to cast votes for all other offices for
6	which candidates have qualified to be on the election ballot must be
7	used for the school board offices on the election ballot.
8	[20-4-1-27.1] Sec. 29. Sec. 27.1. (a) The governing body of a school
9	corporation may be organized under this section.
10	(b) The governing body consists of seven (7) members, elected as
11	follows:
12	(1) Four (4) members elected from districts, with one (1) member
13	serving from each electoral district. A member elected under this
14	subdivision must be:
15	(A) a resident of the electoral district from which the member
16	is elected; and
17	(B) voted upon by only the registered voters residing within
18	the electoral district and voting at a school board governing
19	body election.
20	(2) Three (3) members, who are voted upon by all the registered
21	voters residing within the school corporation and voting at a
22	school board governing body election, elected under this
23	subdivision. The governing body shall establish three (3)
24	residential districts as follows:
25	(A) One (1) residential district must be the township that has
26	the greatest population within the school corporation.
27	(B) Two (2) residential districts must divide the remaining
28	area within the school corporation.
29	Only one (1) member who resides within a particular residential
30	district established under this subdivision may serve on the
31	governing body at a time.
32	(c) A member of the governing body who is:
33	(1) elected from an electoral or residential district; or
34	(2) appointed to fill a vacancy from an electoral or residential
35	district;
36	must reside within the boundaries of the district the member represents.
37	(d) A vacancy on the governing body shall be filled by the
38	governing body as soon as practicable after the vacancy occurs. A
39	member chosen by the governing body to fill a vacancy holds office for
40	the remainder of the unexpired term.
41	(e) The members of the governing body serving at the time a plan
42	is amended under this section shall establish the electoral and
43	residential districts described in subsection (b).
44	(f) The electoral districts described in subsection (b)(1):

(1) shall be drawn on the basis of precinct lines;

(2) may not cross precinct lines; and



- (3) as nearly as practicable, be of equal population, with the population of the largest exceeding the population of the smallest by not more than fifteen percent (15%).
- (g) The residential districts described in subsection (b)(2) may:
  - (1) be drawn in any manner considered appropriate by the governing body; and
  - (2) be drawn along township lines.

- (h) The governing body shall certify the districts established under subsections (f) and (g) to:
  - (1) the Indiana state board; of education; and
  - (2) the county election board of the county in which the school corporation is located.
- (i) The governing body shall, in the governing body's discretion, [QUERY: shall or may?] designate:
  - (1) three (3) of the districts established under this section to be elected at the first school board election that occurs after the effective date of the plan; and
  - (2) the remaining four (4) districts to be elected at the second school board election that occurs after the effective date of the plan.
- [20-4-1-27.2] Sec. 30. Sec. 27.2. (a) This section applies to a school corporation located in a county containing a consolidated city.
- (b) The same method used to cast votes for all other offices for which candidates have qualified to be on the election ballot must be used for the school board governing body offices on the election ballot.
- [IC 20-4-1-29] Sec. 31. Sec. 29. (a) From and after July 20, 1959, No A consolidation or reorganization of a school corporations by means of or procedures under laws of this state in effect on July 20, 1959, shall corporation does not become effective until and unless such the consolidation or reorganization is approved by the state board.
- (b) Except to the extent set forth in subsection (a), this chapter is intended to be and shall be construed as being supplemental to all existing laws appertaining to public schools in this state. Indiana.

[20-4-1-30] Sec. 32. Sec. 30. (1) (a) When an entire county has been reorganized in the manner and procedure provided in under this chapter or IC 20-23-16-1 through IC 20-23-16-11, as amended, by the creation of a community school corporation or corporations for the entire county, the county committee shall be dissolved. Where the term of any member of a county committee expires prior to the time of such dissolution of the county committee, the judge shall fill such a vacancy by replacement or reappointment for a term of four (4) years in accordance with the provisions of sections 5 through 14 11 of this chapter and IC 20-23-16-2. In the event the membership of an entire county committee shall at any time be vacant by resignation or otherwise, the judge shall appoint a new county committee in



accordance with the provisions of sections 5 through 14 11 of this chapter or IC 20-23-16-2.

(2) (b) After a county committee has been dissolved, if the local school trustees governing body or the state superintendent of public instruction deems further reorganization necessary to improve educational opportunities for the pupils students in the county, the local school trustee or the state superintendent of public instruction shall submit proposed changes to the state board. of education. If the changes proposed by such the local school trustees governing body or the state superintendent of public instruction are approved by the state board of education the proposal shall become becomes effective under the procedure specified in sections 20 14 through 24 18 of this chapter so far as the same are applicable.

[20-4-1-31] Sec. 33. Sec. 31. Any county committee formed pursuant to the provisions of under this chapter and the state board shall have the power to may accept donations of money or other articles of value for the purpose of assisting to assist in financing the studies authorized by this chapter.

[20-4-1-32] Sec. 34. Sec. 32. (a) For the purpose of defraying **To** defray the expenses of the county study, a county committee may prepare and submit to the county council on or before August 1 of each year during the life of the committee, a budgetary request. The county council may, upon receipt of such a request, establish a uniform ad valorem tax levy on all real and personal property situated within the county, in such an amount as shall be sufficient to raise an amount of money not to exceed the amount of such the budget request.

(b) The county committee may request from the county council sufficient sums of money necessary to defray legal expenses incident to placing the county plan in operation.

[20-4-1-33] Sec. 35. Sec. 33. The state board of accounts shall prescribe accounting forms to be used by the county committees and shall audit the financial records of each county committee not less frequently than at least once every three (3) years.

[20-4-1-34] Sec. 36. Sec. 34. (a) The state board of education shall enforce the rules compiled under IC 20-1-1-6, IC 20-19-2-8, which establish procedures and standards for the construction of, addition to, or remodeling of school facilities. The commission shall apply these rules equally to facilities to be used or leased by both community school corporations and school corporations which that are not community school corporations.

(b) No A school building or an addition to a school building may not be constructed and no a lease of a school building for a term of more than one (1) year may not be entered into by a school corporation other than a community school corporation or by two (2) or more school corporations jointly without the approval of the state board. of education. For the purposes of this subsection, "community school



corporation" shall does not include a community school corporation governed by an interim board of school trustees.

(c) No An action to question any approval referred to in this section or to enjoin school construction or the performance of any of the terms and conditions of a lease or the execution, sale, or delivery of bonds, on the ground that any such approval should not have been granted shall may not be instituted at any time later than fifteen (15) days after such approval has been granted. [QUERY - IC 20-1-1-6 DOES NOT GIVE THE STATE BOARD THE AUTHORITY TO ADOPT RULES DEALING WITH CONSTRUCTION]

[20-4-1-40] Sec. 37. Sec. 40. Any A plan approved by:

- (1) any a county committee or committees; and
- (2) by the state board prior to before May 1, 1984; may provide for or be amended to provide for delaying the commencement of the terms of some members of the governing body for a period of one (1) year and for extending the terms of their predecessors for one (1) year where this is necessary to prevent a majority of the board from taking office at any one time.

[20-4-1-42] Sec. 38. Sec. 42. (a) This section applies only to a school corporation with territory in a county having a population of more than one hundred forty-eight thousand (148,000) but less than one hundred seventy thousand (170,000).

- (b) This section applies if there is a:
  - (1) tie vote in an election for a member of the governing body of a school corporation; or
  - (2) vacancy on the governing body of a school corporation.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other law, if a tie vote occurs among any of the candidates for the governing body or a vacancy occurs on the governing body, the remaining members of the governing body, even if the remaining members do not constitute a majority of the governing body, shall by a majority vote of the remaining members:
  - (1) select one (1) of the candidates who shall be declared and certified elected; or
  - (2) fill the vacancy by appointing an individual to fill the vacancy.
- (d) An individual appointed to fill a vacancy under subsection (c)(2):
  - (1) must satisfy all the qualifications required of a member of the governing body; and
  - (2) shall fill the remainder of the unexpired term of the vacating member.
- (e) If a tie vote occurs among the remaining members of the governing body or the governing body fails to act within thirty (30) days after the election or the vacancy occurs, the fiscal body (as defined in IC 3-5-2-25) of the township in which the greatest percentage of population of the school district resides shall break the tie or make the appointment. A member of the fiscal body who was a



1 candidate and is involved in a tie vote may not cast a vote under this 2 subsection. 3 (f) If the fiscal body of a township is required to act under this 4 section and a vote in the fiscal body results in a tie, the deciding vote 5 to break the tie vote shall be cast by the executive. 6 [20-4-2-1] Sec. 39. Sec. 1. Any community school corporation 7 created or organized at any time under IC 20-4-1 IC 20-23-4 may 8 change its name at any time by adoption of a resolution by majority 9 vote of its board of trustees or other the governing body. 10 Chapter 5. Community School Corporations: Territory **Annexations** 11 12 [20-4-4-1] Sec. 1. As used in this chapter; the following terms shall 13 have the following meanings: 14 (a) (1) "School corporation" shall be means: 15 (A) any school corporation created pursuant to IC 20-4-1; under IC 20-23-4; and 16 17 (B) shall also be any other school corporation established under any other statute of the state of Indiana, which school 18 19 corporation has common boundaries with any school 20 corporation or corporations formed pursuant to IC 20-4-1; 21 under IC 20-23-4; 22 but shall does not include mean any public school corporation 23 located in whole or any part in a county containing a consolidated 24 city. 25 (b) (2) "Annex", "annexing", "annexation", and "school 26 annexation" shall refer to mean any action whereby the 27 boundaries of any school corporation are changed so that 28 additional territory, constituting all or a part of any one (1) or 29 more other school corporations, is transferred to it. the school 30 corporation. 31 (c) (3) "Acquiring school corporation" shall be means the school 32 corporation which that acquires territory as a result of 33 annexation. 34 (d) (4) "Losing school corporation" shall be means any school 35 corporation which that loses territory to an acquiring school 36 corporation by annexation. 37 (e) (5) "Annexed territory" shall be means the territory acquired 38 by an acquiring school corporation as a result of annexation from 39 a losing school corporation. 40 (f) (6) "Resolution" of a school corporation shall refer to means 41 a resolution duly adopted by its the school corporation's 42 governing body. 43 [20-4-4-2] Sec. 2. Subject to the limitations and procedure 44 procedures set out in this chapter, any a school corporation may annex territory from any other school corporation by resolutions of the 45

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acquiring and losing school corporations as provided in under section



1	3 of this chapter.
2	[20-4-4-3] Sec. 3. An annexation may be effected by any school
3	corporation as follows:
4	(a) Both (1) The acquiring and the losing school corporations
5	shall each adopt a substantially identical annexation resolution.
6	This The resolution shall must contain the following items:
7	(1) (A) The name of the acquiring school corporation, which
8	may differ from the name of the acquiring corporation at
9	the time of the adoption of the resolution, after the effective
10	date. of the annexation, which name may differ from the name
11	of the acquiring corporation at the time of the adoption of the
12	resolution.
13	(2) (B) A description of the annexed territory. Such The
14	description shall as near as reasonably possible:
15	(i) be by streets and other boundaries known by common
16	names; and
17	(ii) need not be in addition by legal description unless such
18	the additional description is necessary to identify the
19	annexed territory.
20	No notice shall be is defective if there is a good faith
21	compliance with this section and if the area designated may be
22	ascertained with reasonable certainty by persons skilled in the
23	area of real estate description.
24	(3) (C) The time the annexation takes place.
25	(4) (D) Any terms and conditions facilitating education of
26	pupils students in the:
27	(i) annexed territory;
28	(ii) in the losing school corporation; or
29	(iii) in the acquiring school corporation.
30	Such The terms may provide for but shall not be limited to, the
31	continued attendance by children students in the annexed
32	territory at schools in the losing school corporation for
33	specified periods of time after annexation on a transfer basis.
34	In such instances where students continue attendance in
35	schools in the losing school corporation, transfer tuition for
36	such the children students shall be paid by the acquiring
37	school corporation to the losing school corporation:
38	(i) in the manner using the method; and
39	(ii) at the rates;
40	provided by the Indiana statutes of the state of Indiana
41	governing the computation and payment of transfer tuition
42	costs.
43	(5) (E) Disposition of assets and liabilities of the losing school
44	corporation to the acquiring school corporation.
45	(F) Allocation between the acquiring and losing school
46	corporations of subsequently collected school taxes levied on



1	property in the annexed territory.
2	(G) and The amount, if any, to be paid by the acquiring school
3	corporation to the losing school corporation on account of
4	property received from the latter losing school corporation.
5	Such disposition, allocation and amount
6	(H) Dispositions, allocations, and amounts transferred
7	under this subsection shall must be equitable.
8	(b) (2) After the adoption of such the resolution, notice shall be
9	given by publication in both the acquiring school corporation
10	and the losing school corporations corporation setting out:
11	(A) the text of the resolution; together with and
12	(B) a statement that such the resolution has been adopted and
13	that a right of remonstrance exists as provided in this chapter.
14	(3) It shall not be is not necessary to set out the remonstrance
15	provisions of this chapter. but a A general reference to a right of
16	remonstrance with a reference to this chapter shall be is sufficient.
17	(4) The annexation shall take takes effect:
18	(A) within thirty (30) days after such publication; or
19	<b>(B)</b> at the time provided in the resolution;
20	whichever is later, unless within such the period during which a
21	remonstrance may be filed a remonstrance is filed in the circuit or
22	superior court of the county where the annexed territory or any part
23	thereof of the annexed territory is located, by registered voters
24	residing in the losing school corporation at least equal in number to the
25	greater of the following:
26	(1) (A) Ten percent (10%) of the number of registered voters
27	residing in the losing school corporation. or
28	(2) (B) Fifty-one percent (51%) of the number of registered
29	voters residing in the annexed territory.
30	[20-4-4-4] Sec. 4. (a) The notice by publication required by section
31	3 of this chapter shall be made:
32	(1) two (2) times;
33	(2) a week apart;
34	(3) in two (2) daily newspapers of general circulation, published
35	in the English language and of general circulation in the acquiring
36	school corporation and in the losing school corporation.
37	(b) Where there is:
38	(1) only one (1); or
39	(2) no; <del>such</del>
40	daily newspaper in either such school corporation, a weekly newspaper
41	or newspapers may be used.
42	(c) Where there is only one (1) such daily and/or or weekly
43	newspaper, publication in such the paper shall be newspaper is
44	sufficient.  (d) Where any newspaper is of general circulation in both
45	(d) Where any newspaper is of general circulation in both

 $\frac{corporations,}{corporation} \ and \ the \ losing \ school$ 



1	corporation, any publication in such the newspaper shall qualify
2	<b>qualifies</b> as one (1) of the required publications in each of the school
3	eorporations. acquiring school corporation and the losing school
4	corporation.
5	(e) Publication may be made jointly by the losing school
6	corporation and acquiring school corporations. corporation.
7	(f) The remonstrance period shall run runs from the second such
8	publication.
9	[20-4-4-5] Sec. 5. (a) A remonstrance under section 3 of this chapte
0	must be in the following or a substantially similar form:
.1	"The undersigned hereby remonstrate against the annexation o
.2	the following described territory situated in County
.3	Indiana, whereby it would be transferred from (the losing
4	corporation) to (the acquiring corporation):
.5	(Description of the annexed territory sufficient to identify it.)".
.6	The remonstrance may be filed in any number of counterparts. Each
.7	counterpart shall have attached to it the affidavit of the person
. 8	circulating it that each signature appearing thereon on the
9	remonstrance was affixed in his the presence of the person
20	circulating the petition and is the true and lawful signature of the
21	person who made it. the signature. The person who makes the affidavi
22	need not be one (1) of the persons who signs the counterpart to which
23	it the affidavit is attached. The remonstrance must be accompanied by
24	a complaint filed by one (1) or more of the remonstrators (who shall be
25	treated as a representative of the entire class of remonstrators) and
26	signed by the remonstrator or the remonstrator's attorney, stating the
27	reasons for the remonstrance. The reasons for the remonstrance are
28	limited to the following:
29	(1) There is a procedural defect in the manner in which the
0	annexation is carried out which is jurisdictional.
31	(2) The annexed territory does not form a compact area abutting
32	the acquiring corporation.
3	(3) The benefits to be derived from the annexation are outweighted
34	by its the detriments, taking into consideration the respective
55	benefits and detriments to the schools and of the pupils student
56	residing in the acquiring school corporation, the losing school
57	corporation, and the annexed territory.
8	(4) The:
19	(A) disposition of assets and liabilities of the losing school
10	corporation;
1	(B) the allocation of school tax receipts between the two (2
12	acquiring school corporations; corporation and the losing
13	school corporation; and
14	(C) the amount to be paid by the acquiring school corporation
!5 !6	as set out in the annexation resolution;  are inequitable Except with respect to subdivision (1) the
- 1 1	are incommanic execut with tespect to subdivision (1) III



allegations may be made in the statutory language.

- (b) The plaintiff in a remonstrance under section 3 of this chapter must be the person whose name appears on the complaint. The defendants in a remonstrance under section 3 of this chapter shall be both the acquiring **school corporation** and the losing <del>corporations.</del> **school corporation.** Service of process shall be made on the defendants as in other civil actions.
- (c) For the purposes of determining whether the petition was timely filed, the time of filing is the time of filing with the clerk without regard to the time of issuance of the summons. If the thirtieth day falls on Sunday, a holiday, or any other day when the clerk's office is not open, the time shall be extended to the next day when the office is open.
- (d) The issues in a remonstrance under section 3 of this chapter are made up by the complaint. The allegations in the complaint shall be treated as denied by each defendant. No responsive pleading need or may be filed except that any defendant may, if appropriate, file a motion to dismiss the remonstrance on the ground that:
  - (1) that the requisite number of qualified remonstrators have not signed the petition;
  - (2) that the remonstrance was not timely filed; or
  - (3) that the complaint does not state a cause of action.

No responsive pleading to this motion need or may be filed. With respect to a motion under subdivisions (1) and (2), the allegations of the pleading shall be treated as denied by the remonstrators. For purposes of determining whether there are the requisite number of qualified remonstrators, a person may not withdraw the person's name after a remonstrance has been filed or add the person's name to the remonstrance. Any person may, however, at the trial of the cause and in support or derogation of the substantive matters in the complaint, introduce into evidence a verified statement that the person wishes the person's name added to or withdrawn from the remonstrance. The court may either hear all or a part of the matters raised by the motion to dismiss separately or may consolidate for trial all or a part of the matters with the matters relating to the substance of the case. No complaint shall be dismissed for failure to state a cause of action if a fair reading of the complaint supports one (1) of the grounds for remonstrance provided in subsection (a). The court may permit an amendment of the complaint may be permitted in the discretion of the court if it the amendment does not state a new ground of remonstrance.

(e) The trial of a remonstrance shall be conducted as other civil cases by the court without the intervention of a jury on the issues raised by the complaint, a motion to dismiss, or both. A change of venue from a judge, but no change of venue from the county, shall be permitted. The court shall expedite the hearing of the case. The court's judgment,



except with respect to any matter raised under subsection (a)(4), shall be either that:

(1) the annexation shall take place;

- (2) that the annexation shall not take place; or
- (3) that the remonstrance shall be dismissed.

If the court finds that the remonstrators have proved any of the reasons for the remonstrance described in subsection (a)(1) through (a)(4), the court's judgment shall be that the annexation shall may not take place. Unless the remonstrators have proved at least one (1) of the reasons for a remonstrance described in subsection (a)(1) through (a)(4), the court's judgment shall be that the annexation shall take place. With respect to any matter raised under subsection (a)(4), the court's judgment may be either that the disposition, allocation, and amount set out in the annexing resolution is equitable or that it is inequitable. In the latter event, the court in the court's judgment shall provide for an equitable disposition, allocation, and amount. Costs shall follow judgment. Appeals may be taken from any judgment of the court in the same manner as appeals are taken in other civil cases.

[20-4-4-6.1] Sec. 6. Sec. 6.1. (a) Within sixty (60) days after the annexation takes place, each the governing body of the acquiring school corporation and losing school corporations corporation shall adopt a plan for itself determining the manner in which its the governing body shall be constituted. The plan shall be adopted in accordance with the requirements and procedures of IC 20-4-10.1, IC 20-23-8, except as set out in subsection (b).

- (b) The adoption of a plan by the governing body in accordance with IC 20-4-10.1-5, and its submission to the state board of education under IC 20-4-10.1-9; IC 2--23-8-10, shall be are the only procedure procedures required when an existing plan is changed as follows:
  - (1) All school board governing body members are elected at large, and there are no school board governing body member residency districts.
  - (2) School board Governing body members are elected from school board governing body member residency districts, and the annexed territory is added to or deleted from one (1) or more districts.
  - (3) A school board governing body member is appointed from a given area or district, and the annexed territory is added to or deleted from one (1) or more districts or areas.
  - (4) A board governing body member is elected solely by the voters in a school board governing body member district, but where the addition or deletion of the annexed territory to or from an existing district does not constitute a denial of equal protection of the laws.

Where If a school corporation elects or appoints members of its governing body both from a school board governing body member



districts, the governing body of the acquiring school corporation shall add the annexed territory both to the district consisting of the entire school corporation and to one (1) or more smaller districts. In a comparable situation, the losing school corporation shall delete the annexed territory both from the district consisting of the entire school corporation and from any smaller district or districts. The change in the plan shall become becomes effective upon its approval by the state board. of education. The application of this subsection shall does not limit the initiation of, or further changes in, any plan under IC 20-4-10.1. IC 20-23-8.

[20-4-4-7] Sec. 7. (a) With respect to whether the disposition of the assets and liabilities of the losing school corporation, allocation of school tax receipts and the amount to be paid by the acquiring school corporation is equitable, the court subject to the provisions of subdivision (b) subsection (b), shall be satisfied that the annexing resolution conforms substantially to the following standards:

- (1) The acquiring school corporation shall assume a portion part of all installments of principal and interest on any indebtedness of the losing school corporation (other than current obligations or temporary borrowing) which that fall due after the end of the last calendar year in which the losing school corporation is entitled to receive current tax receipts from property tax levies on the property on the annexed territory. Such The portion shall consist part consists of the following:
  - (i) (A) All such installments relating to any indebtedness incurred in connection with the acquisition or construction of any building located in the annexed territory. and
  - (ii) (B) A proportion of all such installments relating to any other indebtedness which that is the same proportion as the valuation of the real property in the annexed territory bears to the valuation of all the real property in the losing school corporation, as the same indebtedness is assessed for general taxation immediately prior to before annexation.
- (2) The acquiring school corporation shall make the payments and assume the obligations provided for school corporation acquiring territory and/or and a building or buildings under IC 21-5-10.
- (3) Unless the losing school corporation shall consent consents to some other allocation; allocation, the portion part of the general fund moneys money collected by the losing school corporation shall may not be allocated to the acquiring school corporation in a greater amount than would be awarded if such two (2) corporations the losing school corporation and the acquiring shcool corporation were respectively the "original school corporation" and the "annexing school corporation" within the meaning of IC 20-4-16, IC 20-23-16, using the method



therein provided in IC 20-23-16 for allocating the special school and tuition fund moneys. money.

(b) Such standards Standards under subsection (a) shall may not be applicable to the extent the losing school corporation and acquiring school corporations corporation otherwise agree in a situation where all or a majority of the students in the annexed territory have been transferred from the losing school corporation to the acquiring school corporation for the five (5) school years immediately preceding the transfer. Such agreement, as The agreement between school corporations shall may not however, prejudice the rights of bondholders or lessors whose rights as against the losing school corporation and acquiring school corporation corporation shall, upon enforcement, be allocated between them the losing school corporation and acquiring school corporation in accordance with subsection (a)(1) and (2). (a)(2).

[20-4-4-8] Sec. 8. (a) In the event any If a remonstrance is filed on any ground grounds other than that set forth the grounds in section 5(a)(4) of this chapter, annexation shall does not become effective until final judgment in the remonstrance suit. Judgment shall may not be considered to be final until:

- (1) the time for taking an appeal has expired; or
- (2) if an appeal is taken within such time until final judgment in the appeal is entered.

A judgment of the trial court dismissing a remonstrance shall be considered to be is a final judgment. subject to the provisions of the preceding sentence. In the event such If judgment is against the annexation, no further annexation of the annexed territory may take place for a period of two (2) years from after the date such the remonstrance was filed. This Final judgment shall not, however, does not prevent either the:

- (1) acquiring school corporation; or
- (2) the acquiring school corporation and losing; school corporations from rescinding the annexation resolution. and in such event the suit shall be dismissed without prejudice. In such latter event If the suit is dismissed without prejudice, such the two (2) year prohibition shall does not apply unless a subsequent annexation resolution is adopted primarily for the purpose of harassment and not for some other purpose, such as including the correction of procedural irregularities or a substantial change in the annexed territory and/or or the annexation resolution.
- (b) Where If the remonstrance relates solely to any matter raised under section 5(a)(4) of this chapter, the annexation shall take takes effect at the time provided under section 3 of this chapter.
- [20-4-4-9] Sec. 9. All laws or parts of laws in conflict with this chapter are hereby repealed. This chapter shall not, however, be construed to repeal any part of IC 20-4-1, IC 20-23-4, or any statute



1 concerning the consolidation of two (2) or more school corporations, 2 to which this chapter shall be is supplementary, except to the extent 3 that IC 20-4-1 IC 20-23-4 conflicts with the subsequent provisions of 4 this section. No annexation that is undertaken pursuant to, under, or 5 that results by operation of, any section of this chapter shall require, 6 requires, for its effectiveness, any approval of any county committee 7 or state commission or committee created pursuant to, or referred to in, 8 <del>IC 20-4-1.</del> **IC 20-23-4.** 9 **Chapter 6. Consolidation of School Corporations** 10 [20-4-5-1] Sec. 1. (a) For purposes of this chapter, the school 11 corporations in subsection (b)(1) through (b)(5) are referred to as 12 "school corporations". 13 **(b)**The school trustees governing body of any two (2) or more 14 school corporations, whether: 15 (1) towns; 16 (2) cities; 17 (3) townships; 18 (4) joint schools; or 19 (5) consolidated schools; (referred to in this chapter as school 20 corporations) 21 situated in the same or adjoining counties are hereby authorized and 22 empowered to consolidate their respective school corporations in the 23 manner and upon the conditions prescribed in this chapter. 24 [20-4-5-2] Sec. 2. (a) Whenever the school trustees governing 25 **bodies** of any two (2) or more school corporations desire to consolidate 26 their respective school corporations, they the governing bodies may 27 meet together and adopt a joint resolution declaring their intention to 28 consolidate their respective school corporations. Said The resolution 29 shall must set out the following information concerning the proposed 30 consolidation: 31 (1) The name of the proposed new school corporation. (2) The number of members on the school board governing body 32 33 and the manner in which they shall be elected or appointed. 34 (A) If such members are to be elected, the resolution shall 35 must provide for: 36 (A) (i) the manner of their the nomination of members; (B) (ii) who shall constitute the board of election 37 38 commissioners; 39 (C) (iii) who shall appoint inspectors, judges, clerks, and 40 sheriffs; and 41 (D) (iv) any other provisions desirable in facilitating such 42 the election.

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registration laws.

(B) Where applicable and not in conflict with such the

resolution, such the election shall be is governed by the

general election laws of the state, Indiana, including the

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- (3) Limitations on residences, term of office, and other qualifications required of the members of such school board. the governing body. However, no A resolution shall may not provide for an appointive or elective term of more than four (4) years. but any Any member may succeed himself or herself in office.
- (4) Names of present school corporations which that are to be merged together as a consolidated school corporation.

In addition, such the resolution may specify the time when the consolidated school corporation shall come comes into existence.

- (b) The number of members on the school board as provided in the resolution shall may not be less than three (3) nor or more than seven (7). However, the joint resolution may provide for a board of nine (9) members if the proposed consolidated school corporation is formed out of two (2) or more school corporations that:
  - (1) have entered into an interlocal agreement for the purpose of constructing and operating a joint high school; or
  - (2) are operating a joint high school that has an enrollment of at least six hundred (600) in grades 9 through 12 at the time the joint resolution is adopted.
- (c) Said trustees The members of the governing board shall, after adopting such a joint resolution, give notice by publication once each week for two (2) consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation, if any, in each of said the school corporations. and if in any such If no newspaper is published in the school corporation, no newspaper is published, then publication publication shall be made in the nearest newspaper published in the county wherein such in which the school corporation is located. The school trustees of such governing bodies of corporation, or boards, school corporations [QUERY: or the governing board:] shall meet one (1) week following the date of the appearance of the last publication of notice of intention to consolidate. and If no protest has been filed, as provided in this chapter, they the governing bodies shall then and there declare by joint resolution such the consolidation of such the school corporations to be accomplished, to take effect as provided in section 7 of this chapter. However, on or before the sixth day following the last publication of such the notice of intention to consolidate, twenty percent (20%) of the legal voters residing in any of such school eorporations corporation may petition the school trustees of their respective governing body of the school corporations for an election to determine whether or not the majority of the voters of such-the school corporation is in favor of such consolidation.

[20-4-5-3] Sec. 3. (a) Whenever the joint resolution under section 2 of this chapter shall have provided provides that the consolidated schools shall be under the direction of the county superintendent of schools, the resolution may be amended by following the procedure set



out in this section to provide that the consolidated schools shall be are under the direction of a superintendent selected by the school board governing body of the new consolidated school corporation. The change shall be effected by a resolution adopted by a majority of the members of the school board governing body at a meeting held within the limits of the consolidated school corporation. All the members of the school board governing body shall receive or waive written notice of the:

- (1) date;
- (2) time;
- (3) place; and
- (4) purpose;

of the meeting. The resolution and proof of service or waiver of the notice shall be made a part of the records of the school board. governing body. An amendment shall take takes effect after the adoption of a resolution at the time a superintendent is selected by the school board governing body and commences his the superintendent's duties. as superintendent. The superintendent shall serve under a contract in the same manner and under the same rules governing the employment and service of other licensed personnel. His The superintendent's original contract, and succeeding contracts, may be for a period of from one (1) to five (5) years.

- (b) The joint resolution of a consolidated school corporation may not be amended under this section however; unless the corporation is entitled at the time its school board the governing body adopts an amending resolution, under:
  - (1) the rules established by the Indiana state board, of education, or its successor; or
- (2) under any appropriation or other statute; to an additional unit, or administrative unit, of state support if it the governing body employs a licensed superintendent devoting full time to administration or supervision of schools of the corporation.
- (c) In all instances of reorganization under this chapter on and after March 12, 11, 1965, the consolidated school corporation shall be is under the direction of a superintendent selected by its school board. governing body.

[20-4-5-4] Sec. 4. (a) Whenever a petition is filed in one (1) or more of the school corporations protesting such consolidation as provided in this chapter, by the legal voters of any school corporation the trustees governing body of which propose to consolidate, then the trustees governing body in each such school corporation in which such a protest petition is filed shall certify the public question to each county election board of a county in which the school corporation is located. The county election board shall call an election of the voters of such the school corporation to determine whether if a majority of the legal voters of such the corporation are is in favor of consolidating the



school corporations.

- **(b)** If a protest is filed in more than one (1) of such corporations, school corporation, the elections shall be held on the same day. Each county election board shall give notice by publication once each week for two (2) consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in such the school corporation. If no such newspaper is published in the:
  - (1) township;
  - (2) town; or
  - (3) city;

then **the notice shall be published** in the nearest newspaper published in the county or counties, that on a day and at an hour to be named in the notice, the polls <del>shall will</del> be open at the usual voting places in the various precincts in the corporation for taking the vote of the legal voters upon whether the school corporation shall be consolidated with the other school corporations joining in <del>such</del> the resolution.

- (c) The **public** question shall be placed on the ballot in the form provided by IC 3-10-9-4 and must state: "Shall (insert name of school corporation) be consolidated with (insert names of other school corporations)?".
- (d) Notice shall be given within thirty (30) days after the petition is filed. The election shall be held not less than ten (10) days or more than twenty (20) days after the last publication of the notice.
- (e) The school trustees governing body of each school corporation in which an election is held shall be bound by the majority vote of those voting. However, if such the election should fall falls within a period of not more than six (6) months before a primary or general election, such the election shall be held concurrently with such the primary or general election.
- **(f)** If a majority of those voting in any one (1) of such school corporations shall corporation vote votes against such the plan of consolidation, such the plan shall fail. However, such the failure shall not prevent any or all of such the school corporations from taking further initial action for the consolidation of school corporations under the provisions of this chapter.
  - (b) (g) When:
    - (1) twenty percent (20%) of the legal voters residing in any school corporation join with twenty percent (20%) of the legal voters in each of one (1) or more other school corporations; and
    - (2) prepare a resolution; and
- (3) petition the trustees of their respective school corporations; to consolidate each of the school corporations, as set out in the resolution, it shall be the duty of the school trustees governing body petitioned to shall call the school election provided for in this chapter in each of the school corporations.
- (h) Notice of such the election shall be published within thirty (30) days after the filing of such the resolution with the trustees governing



body of the school corporation where it is last filed. However, if any of such the petitioned school trustees governing bodies agree agrees to such the consolidation as set out in the resolution, then no election in that school corporation shall may be required pursuant to such under the resolution.

(i) However, Notice as set out in this section shall be given and a protest requesting an election may be filed in conformity with section 2 of this chapter.

[20-4-5-5] Sec. 5. (a) On the day and hour named in said the notice filed under section 4 of this chapter, such polls shall be opened, and the votes of the registered voters shall be taken upon the public question of consolidating such school corporations. Said The election shall be governed by IC 3, except as provided in this chapter.

- (b) The county election board shall conduct the election. The **public** question shall be placed on the ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-10-9-4 and must state "Shall (here insert the names of the school corporations which that the resolution proposes to consolidate) be consolidated into a consolidated school corporation?".
- (c) A brief statement of the provisions in the resolution for appointment or election of a school board governing body may be placed on the ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-10-9-4. A certificate of the votes cast for and against the consolidation of such the school corporations shall be filed with:
  - (1) the trustees governing body of the school corporations subject to the election;
  - (2) the state superintendent; of public instruction; and
  - (3) the county recorder of each county in which such a consolidated school corporation is located;

together with a copy of the resolution.

- (d) If a majority of the votes cast at each of such the elections are is in favor of the consolidation of two (2) or more of such school corporations, such the trustees of said the school corporations shall proceed to consolidate said the schools and provide the necessary buildings and equipment. In any school corporation where no petition was filed and no election held, such failure on the part of the voters to file a petition for an election shall be deemed to give constitutes the consent of the voters of such the school corporation to the consolidation as set out in the resolution.
- (e) If the special election is not conducted at a primary or general election, the expense of said the election shall be borne by the school corporation or each of them the school corporations subject to the election and shall be paid out of the special school fund. [QUERY:

## THERE IS NO SPECIAL SCHOOL FUND.]

[20-4-5-6] Sec. 6. (a) Each school of such the consolidated schools shall be is under the control and management of the original school trustees governing board until such the consolidated school



1	corporation shall come comes into existence at the time provided in
2	section 7 of this chapter. at which time When the consolidated school
3	corporation comes into existence, the term of office of each of said
4	the original school trustees shall expire. members of the governing
5	body expires.
6	(b) Provided, however, that the The term of any township trustee
7	shall does not expire. but his However, the duties and powers of the
8	trustee as a school township trustee may be altered or changed by any
9	such resolution and the consolidation provided for in this chapter.
10	[20-4-5-7] Sec. 7. (a) Consolidated schools shall be are under the
11	control and management of the consolidated school board governing
12	body created pursuant to under this chapter, and a new consolidated
13	school corporation shall come comes into existence:
14	(1) at the time specified in the resolutions provided in section 2
15	or 3 of this chapter; or
16	(2) if no time is specified, at the following times:
17	(1) (A) If no protest has been filed and the creation is
18	accomplished by the adoption of a joint resolution following
19	publication of notice as provided in section 2 of this chapter,
20	thirty (30) days following the adoption of the joint resolution.
21	(2) (B) If the creation is accomplished after an election as
22	provided in section 5 of this chapter, thirty (30) days following
23	the election.
24	(b) The members of the school board governing body shall:
25	(1) take an oath to faithfully to discharge the duties of their office
26	and
27	(2) shall meet at least five (5) days prior to before the time the
28	new consolidated school corporation comes into existence to
29	organize.
30	(c) The board governing body shall meet to reorganize on August
31	1 of each year and at any time the personnel of the board is changed.
32	At the organization or reorganization meeting, the members of the
33	board governing body shall elect one (1) of their number: member as
34	a:
35	(1) president;
36	(2) one (1) secretary; and
37	(3) <del>one (1)</del> treasurer.
38	(d) The treasurer, before starting <del>upon</del> the duties of the treasurer's
39	office, shall execute a bond to the acceptance of the county auditor.
40	The fee for the bond shall be paid from the special school fund of the
41	consolidated school corporation. Any vacancy occurring in any board
42	governing body membership in any board, governing body, other than
43	vacancy in the office of an ex officio member, if any, shall be filled in
44	the following manner:

45

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(1) If the membership was originally made by appointment, then

the vacancy shall be filled by appointment by the legislative body



1	of the:
2	(A) city;
3	(B) town;
4	(C) or township;
5	(D) or other body; or
6	(E) official;
7	making the original appointment.
8	(2) If the membership was elective, then the vacancy shall be
9	filled by a majority vote of the remaining members of the school
10	board governing body of the consolidated school corporation.
11	QUERY: THERE IS NO SPECIAL SCHOOL FUND OF
12	THE CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL CORPORATION.
13	(e) The members of the school board, governing body, other
14	than the township executive or ex officio member if any, shall receive
15	such compensation for their services as may be fixed by resolution of
16	the school board, governing body. but in no event shall The members.
17	other than the township executive or any ex officio member, if any
18	may not receive more than two hundred dollars (\$200) per year each
19	annually. Any:
20	(1) township executive; or
21	(2) ex officio member of the board governing body;
22	shall serve without additional compensation.
23	(d) (f) The school board governing body of a consolidated school
24	corporation is authorized to may elect and appoint personnel as it
25	considers necessary. and expedient.
26	[20-4-5-8] Sec. 8. (a) When any:
27	(1) <del>such</del> school town;
28	(2) school city;
29	(3) school township;
30	(4) joint school; or
31	(5) consolidated school;
32	shall have has become consolidated by resolution or election, and the
33	new school board governing body shall have has been appointed and
34	have been duly and legally organized, such the former school
35	township, school town, school city, joint school, or consolidated school
36	shall be deemed to have been is abandoned.
37	(b) All school:
38	(1) property;
39	(2) rights;
40	(3) and privileges; and
41	(4) as well as any indebtedness;
42	from the abandoned school shall be deemed is considered to have
43	accrued to and be assumed by the new consolidated school corporation.
44	The title of such property shall pass to and become vested in the new
45	consolidated school corporation. All debts of the former school
16	cornerations shall be assumed and naid by such the new consolidated



1	school corporation. All the privileges and rights conferred by law upon
2	such the former:
3	(A) school township;
4	(B) school town;
5	(C) school city;
6	(D) joint school; or
7	(E) consolidated school;
8	are granted to such the newly consolidated school corporation.
9	(b) (c) This subsection applies whenever the consolidated school
10	board governing body of a consolidated school corporation decides
11	that property acquired under subsection (a) (b) from a township is no
12	longer needed for school purposes. The school board governing body
13	shall offer the property as a gift for park and recreation purposes to the
14	township that owned the property before the school was consolidated.
15	If the township board accepts the offer, the school board governing
16	<b>body</b> shall give the township a quitclaim deed to the property. This
17	The deed must state that the township is required to use the property
18	for park and recreation purposes. If the township board refuses the
19	offer, the school board governing body may sell the property in the
20	manner provided in subsection (c). subsection (d).
21	(c) (d) This subsection provides the procedure for the sale of school
22	property that is no longer needed for school purposes by the board
23	<b>governing body</b> of a consolidated school corporation. The board
24	<b>governing body</b> shall cause <b>the</b> property to be appraised at a fair cash
25	value by three (3) reputable resident freeholders of the school
26	corporation offering such the property for sale. Said The appraisals
27	shall be made under oath and spread of record upon the records of said
28	board. the governing body. No A sale shall may not be made for less
29	than the appraised value, and the sale must be made for cash. The sale
30	shall must take place after the board governing body gives notice
31	under IC 5-3-1 of the terms, time, and place of sale.
32	(d) (e) Proceeds from any sale under subsection (e) subsection (d)
33	shall be placed in a special school fund of such consolidated school
34	corporation designated as the capital outlay fund which that shall be
35	available for capital outlay of said the school corporation. [QUERY:
36	THERE IS NO CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND. THERE ARE
37	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS. ]
38	[20-4-5-12] Sec. 9. Sec. 12. (a) The school board governing body
39	of the a consolidated school corporation formed pursuant to under this
40	chapter may join with any number of other:
41	(1) townships;
42	(2) school towns;
43	(3) school cities;
44	(4) joint schools; or
45	(5) consolidated schools;
46	in deciding to decide whether or not such a joinder consolidation shall



1	take place.
2	(b) The provisions relative to: concerning:
3	(1) resolutions;
4	(2) petitions; and
5	(3) elections; <del>as</del>
6	set out in this chapter shall apply. Such
7	(c) The new resolution may change the name of the consolidated
8	school corporation or the number of members of the newly
9	consolidated school board, governing body within the limits of under
10	this chapter.
11	[20-4-5-13] Sec. 10. Sec. 13. Such school board A governing body
12	shall, after the members thereof have taken their oath of office, cause
13	a copy of the resolution to consolidate to be filed with the county
14	recorder in the county in which such the new school district is located
15	Any such consolidated school district is hereby declared to be and is
16	hereby made a school corporation for school purposes, separate and
17	distinct from any civil corporation.
18	[20-4-5-14] Sec. 11. Sec. 14. (a) Wherever the term For purposes
19	of this chapter, "trustees" or "school trustees" is used in this chapter,
20	it shall mean means the:
21	(1) township trustee and township board; or
22	(2) school board governing body; board of school trustees, or
23	board of school commissioners
24	of each school corporation joining in the resolution provided for in this
25	chapter.
26	(b) The term "school board" shall mean "Governing body" means
27	the governing body of the consolidated school corporation provided for
28	in the resolution adopted by the school corporations joining in such the
29	resolution and consolidation.
30	[20-4-5-25.5] Sec. 12. <del>Sec. 25.5.</del> (a) This section provides an
31	alternative method for a school corporation to reorganize be
32	reorganized as a community school corporation.
33	(b) The following may petition directly to the state board to be
34	reorganized as a community school corporation:
35	(1) A consolidated school corporation organized under section 2
36	of this chapter.
37	(2) A county school corporation organized under IC 20-4-8-2.
38	IC 20-23-16-15.
39	(3) A metropolitan school district organized under IC 20-4-8-12
40	IC 20-23-7-2 or <del>IC 20-4-8-24.</del> IC 20-23-7-12.
41	(c) The following apply to a school corporation that petitions
42	directly to the state board under subsection (b):
43	(1) The school corporation is not required to do the following:
44	(A) Seek approval of a county committee established by
45	<del>IC 20-4-1-5.</del> IC <b>20-23-4-5.</b>

46

(B) Pursue a joint meeting of a county committee and the state



board under <del>IC</del> <del>20-4-1-17.1.</del> **IC 20-23-4-12.** 

(2) The state board may waive the attainment of any standard required for reorganization as a community school corporation under this chapter.

[20-4-7-1] Sec. 13. Sec. 1. Whenever the term and word "majority" is used in connection with the provisions of any law providing for the submission to an electorate of the question of the consolidation of two (2) or more school corporations, in all laws enacted before March 13, 1959, concerning or pertaining to school consolidation, and in particular IC 20-4-5 IC 20-23-6 and IC 20-4-8, IC 20-23-7, such terms the word shall mean and be interpreted as the greater number of votes cast and counted either for or against the proposition of consolidation. Any additions to the certificate of the votes cast, other than the number of votes cast for and against said proposition of consolidation, shall be considered as surplusage and of no effect, and the intention of IC 20-4-5 IC 20-23-6 and of IC 20-4-8 IC 20-23-7, shall be so interpreted.

[20-4-7-2] Sec. 14. Sec. 2. All laws heretofore enacted pertaining to the consolidation of school corporations shall be liberally construed to effect the purpose following purposes for which they the laws were enacted: namely:

(1) Better schools.

- (2) Ease of administration. and
- (3) Economy of operation.

[20-4-7-3] Sec. 15. Sec. 3. In all instances An action to test or question the legality of a consolidated school corporation may only be brought in an action of quo warranto in the name of the state on information filed by the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the principal office of the consolidated school corporation is **located** where attempts are made, or have been made, to consolidate or join together school corporations under the provisions of IC 20-4-5 IC 20-23-6 or IC 20-4-8, IC 20-23-7, and where an election on the question of consolidation has been held and the certificate certifying the vote is filed as provided by law or, where in the event no an election is **not** held **and** the number of days allowed by <del>such</del> statutes for filing a petition for an election has expired. any action filed after March 13, 1959, to test or question the legality of the consolidated school corporation shall only be brought in an action of quo warranto in the name of the state of Indiana on information filed by the prosecuting attorney of the county wherein the principal office of such consolidated school corporation is located.

- [20-4-7-4] Sec. 16. Sec. 4: (a) As used in this section, "school corporation" has the meaning set forth in IC 20-4-1-3. IC 20-23-4-3.
- (b) It is the policy of the state that whenever a school corporation seeks to:
  - (1) reorganize into a community school corporation under



1	<del>IC</del> <del>20-4-1</del> IC <b>20-23-4</b> or IC <b>20-13-16-1</b> through
2	IC 20-13-16-11;
3	(2) enter into a territorial annexation under <del>IC 20-4-4</del> IC 20-23-5
4	either as an acquiring school corporation or a losing school
5	corporation (as defined in <del>IC 20-4-4-1);</del> <b>IC 20-23-5-1)</b> ;
6	(3) consolidate with another school corporation under IC 20-4-5
7	IC 20-23-6; or
8	(4) consolidate with another school corporation into one (1)
9	metropolitan school district under IC 20-4-8; IC 20-23-7;
10	the school corporation shall give consideration to the educational
11	opportunities for students, local community interest, the effect on the
12	community as a whole, and the economic interests of the community
13	relative to establishing the boundaries of the school corporation that is
14	involved in the school corporation reorganization, consolidation, or
15	annexation attempt.
16	[20-4-13-1] Sec. 17. Sec. 1. (a) Any If the territory of a third class
17	city is in the territory of which constitutes a part of the territory of a
18	consolidated school corporation, the third class city shall be
19	authorized to grant may lease to such the consolidated school
20	corporation for school purposes, any a building and the property the
21	building is on that is owned by such the city together with the real
22	estate upon which such building is situated, theretofore leased to and
23	used for school purposes by such consolidated school corporation
24	during for a period of at least five (5) consecutive years.
25	(b) Such grant shall be authorized by The common council of such
26	the city shall authorize a lease under subsection (a) and the
27	authorization may be made:
28	(1) without appraisement; or
29	(2) without compensation; or
30	(3) upon such terms as may be agreed upon.
31	(c) The possession and use of any a specified portion part of such
32	property that a city leases under this section may be reserved by such
33	the city for such a period of time, for such city use. by the city, and
34	upon such terms as may be agreed upon. Each such grant shall be A
35	lease made under this section shall be in the form of a deed or other
36	written instrument which that may be recorded. The grant must state
37	that if but in all cases may provide that in the event such the property
38	is no longer needed for school purposes, the property the same shall
39	revert reverts back to such the city. Such A consolidated school
40	corporation acting by through its board of school trustees shall be
41	authorized to may accept such grant a lease:
42	(1) without either appraisement; or
43	(2) compensation; therefor or
44	(3) upon such agreed upon terms: as may be agreed to

[20-4-13-2] Sec. 18. Sec. 2. This chapter, being necessary and

by its board of school trustees.

45



intended to remedy deficiencies in laws existing on June 30, 1955, relating to powers of certain municipal corporations and of certain school corporations, shall not be deemed to does not repeal the provisions of those laws governing such corporations but to supplement and clarify those laws, and to that end shall be liberally construed. [QUERY - CAN THIS SECTION BE REPEALED?]

## Chapter 7. Consolidation of County School Corporations and Metropolitan School Districts

[20-4-8-1] Sec. 1. It shall be is the purpose of this chapter to provide for such the organization of public schools in Indiana as will to:

- (1) promote the best interests of the children students of the state; Indiana; and
- (2) to provide for the organization of additional forms of local school government;
- (3) to preserve and insure ensure an economical and efficient school system in accordance with the desires of the people in the several local communities; to the end that continued; and
- (4) improvement in improve the education of the children students of this state may be carried on Indiana as guaranteed by the constitution and laws of the state of Indiana.

[20-4-8-12] Sec. 2. Sec. 12. (a) In any county or adjoining counties at least two (2) school corporations, including, but not limited to school townships, school towns, school cities, consolidated school corporations, joint schools, metropolitan school districts, or township school districts, or community school corporations, regardless of whether such the consolidating school corporations are of the same or of a different character, may consolidate into one (1) metropolitan school district. Subject to subsection (h), the consolidation shall may be initiated by following either of the following procedures:

- (1) The township trustee, board of school trustees, board of education, or other governing body (such (the trustee, board, or other governing body being is referred to elsewhere in this section as the "governing body") of each school corporation to be consolidated shall:
  - (A) adopt substantially identical resolutions providing for the consolidation; and
  - (B) publish a notice setting out the text of the resolution one
- (1) time under IC 5-3-1.

The resolution must set forth any provision for staggering the terms of the board members of the metropolitan school district elected under this chapter. If, not more than thirty (30) days following such after publication of the resolution, a petition of protest, signed by at least twenty percent (20%) of the registered voters residing in such the school corporation is filed with the clerk of the circuit court of each county where the voters who are eligible to sign the petition reside, a referendum election shall be



held as provided in subsection (c).

- (2) Instead of the adoption of substantially identical resolutions in each of the proposed consolidating school corporations as described in under subdivision (1), a referendum election under subsection (c) shall be held on the occurrence of all of the following:
  - (A) At least twenty percent (20%) of the registered voters residing in a particular school corporation sign a petition requesting that the school corporation consolidate with another school corporation (referred to in this subsection as "the responding school corporation").
  - (B) The petition described in clause (A) is filed with the clerk of the circuit court of each county where the voters who are eligible to sign the petition reside.
  - (C) Not more than thirty (30) days after the service of the petition by the clerk of the circuit court to the governing body of the responding school corporation under subsection (b) and the certification of signatures on the petition occurs under subsection (b), the governing body of the responding school corporation adopts a resolution approving the petition and providing for the consolidation.
  - (D) An approving resolution has the same effect as the substantially identical resolutions adopted by the governing bodies under subdivision (1), and the governing bodies shall publish the notice provided under subdivision (1) not more than fifteen (15) days after the approving resolution is adopted. However, if a governing body that is **a** party to the consolidation fails to publish notice within the required fifteen (15) day time period, a referendum election still must be held as provided in subsection (c).

If the governing body of the responding school corporation does not act on the petition within the thirty (30) day time period described in clause (C), the governing body's inaction constitutes a disapproval of the petition request. If the governing body of the responding school corporation adopts a resolution disapproving the petition or fails to act within the thirty (30) day time period, a referendum election as described under in subsection (c) may not be held and the petition requesting the consolidation is defeated.

(b) Any petition of protest under subsection (a)(1) or a petition requesting consolidation under subsection (a)(2) shall must show therein in the petition the date on which each person has signed the petition and the person's residence on such that date. The petition may be executed in several counterparts, the total of which shall constitute the petition. Each such counterpart shall must contain the names of voters residing within a single county and shall be filed with the clerk



must have attached thereto to it the affidavit of the person circulating said the counterpart that each signature appearing on such the counterpart was affixed in that person's presence and is the true and lawful signature of each person who made such the signature. Any signer may file such the petition or any counterpart thereof: of the petition. Each signer on the petition shall be privileged prior to; is entitled before, but shall is not be entitled after, such the filing with such the clerk, to withdraw the signer's name from the petition. No names shall A name may not be added to the petition after the petition has been filed with the clerk. After the receipt of any counterpart of the petition, each circuit court clerk shall certify:

- (1) the number of persons signing the counterpart;
- (2) the number of such persons who are registered voters residing within that part of such the school corporation located within the clerk's county, as disclosed by the voter registration records in the office of the clerk or the board of registration of the county, or wherever such registration records may be kept;
- (3) the total number of registered voters residing within the boundaries of that part of such the school corporation located within the county, as disclosed in the voter registration records; and
- (4) the date of the filing of such the petition.

Such Certification shall be made by each such clerk within not more than thirty (30) days after the filing of the petition, excluding from the calculation of such the period any time during which the registration records are unavailable to such the clerk, or within any additional time as is reasonably necessary to permit such the clerk to make such the certification. In certifying the number of registered voters the clerk shall disregard any signature on such the petition not made within the ninety (90) days immediately prior to before the filing of the petition with the clerk as shown by the dates set out in the petition. Such The clerk shall establish a record of the certification in the clerk's office and shall serve the original petition and a copy of the certification on the county election board under IC 3-10-9-3 and the governing bodies of each affected school corporation. The Service shall be made by mail or manual delivery to the governing bodies, to any officer thereof of the governing bodies or to the administrative office of the governing bodies, if any, and shall be made for all purposes hereunder of this **section** on the day of the mailing or the date of the manual delivery.

(c) The county election board in each county where the proposed metropolitan school district is located, acting jointly where the proposed metropolitan school district is created and where it is located in more than one (1) county, shall cause any referendum election required under either subsection (a)(1) or subsection (a)(2) to be held in the entire proposed metropolitan district at a special election. The



special election shall be not less than sixty (60) days and not more than ninety (90) days after the service of the petition of protest and certification by each clerk as provided in under subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) or after the occurrence of the first action requiring a referendum under subsection (a)(2). In the event, However, if a primary or general election at which county officials are to be nominated or elected, or at which city or town officials are to be elected in those areas of the proposed metropolitan school district which are within the city or town, is to be held after the sixty (60) days and within not more than six (6) months of after the service or the occurrence of the first action, then each election board may hold the referendum election in conjunction with the primary or general election.

- (d) Notice of the special election shall be given by each election board by publication under IC 5-3-1.
- (e) Except where it conflicts with the special provisions of this section or cannot be practicably applied, IC 3 applies to the conduct of the special referendum election. If the special referendum election is not conducted at a primary or general election, the cost of conducting the election shall be charged to each component school corporation included in the proposed metropolitan school district in the same proportion as its assessed valuation bears to the total assessed valuation of the proposed metropolitan school district and shall be paid from any current operating fund of each component school corporation not otherwise appropriated, without appropriation. therefor.
- (f) The question in the referendum election shall be placed on the ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-10-9-4 and must state "Shall the school corporations of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ be formed into one (1) metropolitan school district under IC 20-4-8?" IC 20-23-7?" (in which blanks the respective name of the school districts concerned will be inserted).
  - (g) If:

- (1) a protest petition with the required signatures is not filed subsequent to after the adoption of substantially identical resolutions of the governing bodies providing for or approving the consolidation as described in subsection (a)(1); or
- (2) a referendum election occurs in the entire proposed metropolitan district and a majority of the voters in each proposed consolidating school corporation vote in the affirmative;

a metropolitan school district shall be is created and come comes into existence in the territory subject to the provisions and under the conditions described in this chapter. The boundaries include all of the territory within the school corporations, and it shall be known as "Metropolitan School District of \_\_\_\_\_\_, Indiana" (in which blank will be inserted (the name of the district concerned will be inserted in the blank). The name of the district shall be decided by a majority vote of the metropolitan board of education governing board of the metropolitan school district at the first meeting. The metropolitan board



of education governing board of the new metropolitan school distric
shall be composed and elected in the manner provided in under this
chapter. The failure of any public official or body to perform any duty
within the time limits provided in this chapter shall not invalidate any
proceedings taken by that official or body, but this provision shall no
be construed to authorize a delay in the holding of any a referendum
election <del>provided in</del> <b>under</b> this chapter.

- (h) If the governing body of a school corporation is involved in a consolidation proposal under subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) that fails to result in a consolidation, the:
  - (1) governing body of the school corporation may not initiate a subsequent consolidation with another school corporation under subsection (a)(1); and
  - (2) residents of the school corporation may not file a petition requesting a consolidation with another school corporation under subsection (a)(2);

before for one (1) year from after the date on which the prior consolidation proposal failed.

[20-4-8-13] Sec. 3. Sec. 13. (a) It shall be is the duty of the metropolitan school district to conduct the educational activities of all the schools in said the district in harmony compliance with:

- (1) state law; and
- (2) in general conformity with the laws of the state of Indiana with reference to public education.
- **(b)** The control and administration of the schools of the metropolitan school district shall be are vested in a metropolitan board of education whose:
  - (1) composition;
- (2) duties;

- (3) manner of election; and
  - (4) powers;

are herein prescribed.

[20-4-8-14] Sec. 4. Sec. 14. (a) At the first meeting of the board of commissioners of such the county, after the creation of such the metropolitan school district as provided in this chapter, said the board of commissioners shall divide the district into three (3) board member governing body districts approximately equal in population. Within Not more than one (1) year following after the effective date of each United States decennial census, said board the board of commissioners shall readjust the boundaries of said the districts if necessary to equalize the same districts by population.

- (b) In lieu Instead of the division provided under subsection (a), any resolution or petition provided in section 12(a) 2(a) and or 12(b) 2(b) of this chapter may:
  - (1) provide that the metropolitan school district to be created thereby shall be divided into two (2) or more board member



1	governing body districts;
2	(2) describing them, describe the governing body member
3	districts; and
4	(3) that provide that one (1) or more members of the
5	metropolitan board of education governing body shall be resident
6	must reside within each of said board the governing body
7	member districts;
8	(4) setting set out the number of members to serve from each
9	designated district;
10	(5) The board provide that the governing body member districts
11	need not be equal in size or population, and that One one (1)
12	such board member district may include all the area in the
13	metropolitan school district;
14	(6) specify that the number of board governing body members
15	to be resident in each district need not be an equal number; and
16	(7) Such resolution or petition may also eliminate all
17	requirements that there be board governing body member
18	districts.
19	(c) Where such If the resolution or petition:
20	(1) does not provide for board governing body member districts
21	and designate the number of board governing body members to
22	be resident in each district; or
23	(2) provides for the elimination of board governing body
24	member districts;
25	subsection (a) shall control. controls. If either subsection (a) or (b)
26	applies, candidates shall be voted upon by all the registered voters of
27	the metropolitan school district voting at any school board governing
28	<b>body</b> member election.
29	[20-4-8-15] Sec. 5. Sec. 15. (a) The rights, powers, and duties of
30	said the metropolitan school district shall be vested in the metropolitan
31	board of education governing body, which shall must be composed of:
32	<b>(1)</b> three (3);
33	<b>(2)</b> five (5); or
34	(3) seven (7) members;
35	who have resided in the district for at least two (2) years before taking
36	office. The resolution and/or or petition provided by section 12(a) 2(a)
37	and or 12(b) 2(b) of this chapter may designate the number of
38	members of the metropolitan board of education. governing body.
39	Where no such designation is made concerning the number of
40	members of a governing body, the <del>number</del> governing body <del>shall be</del>
41	is composed of five (5) members.
42	(b) Where section 14(a) 4(a) of this chapter applies to a
43	metropolitan school district, the following rules shall apply:
44	(1) If the metropolitan board of education is to consist governing
45	body consists of three (3) members, one (1) member shall reside

in each residence district.



- (2) If such board is to consist the governing body consists of five
- (5) members, not more than two (2) shall reside in any one (1) residence district.
- (3) If such board is to consist the governing body consists of seven (7) members, at least two (2) shall reside in any one (1) residence district.
- (c) Where a board governing body member moves his the member's residence within the metropolitan school district from one (1) board governing body member district to another or when board governing body member district boundaries are moved so that his the member's place of residence changes from one (1) board governing body member district to another, he shall the member does not on this account become disqualified as a board governing body member, but may continue to hold his office as a member of the board. governing body.

[20-4-8-16] Sec. 6. Sec. 16. (a) The first metropolitan board of education shall be composed of the: respective:

(1) trustees; and

- (2) members of school boards; of the school corporations forming the same who metropolitan board of education.
- **(b)** The members of the metropolitan board of education shall serve ex officio as members thereof subject to all the laws relative to concerning length of terms, powers of election, or appointment and filling vacancies applicable to their respective offices: offices.
- (c) Provided, however, That if, with respect to any If a metropolitan school district <del>created after March 15, 1963, the operation of this</del> provision results in there being is comprised of only two (2) board members, such the two (2) members shall appoint a third board member within not more than ten (10) days following after the creation of such the metropolitan school district. in the event such If the two (2) members are unable to agree on, or do not make, the appointment of a third board member within such period, the ten (10) day period after the creation of the metropolitan school district, the third member he shall be appointed within not more than twenty (20) days following after the creation of such the metropolitan school district by the judge of the circuit court of the county in which such the metropolitan school district is located. or in the event it If the metropolitan school district is located in two (2) or more counties, by the judge of the circuit court of the county containing that portion of the metropolitan school district having more pupils students than the portion or portions part or parts located in any other another county or counties shall appoint the third member. The members of the metropolitan board of education shall serve until their successors are elected or appointed and qualified.
  - (d) The first meeting of the first metropolitan board of education



shall be held within not more than one (1) month following after the creation of such the metropolitan school district. It The first meeting shall be called by the superintendent of schools, or township trustee of a school township, of the school corporation in said the district having the largest number of pupils: students. At such the first meeting, the board shall organize, and during the first ten (10) days of each succeeding July it the board shall reorganize, by electing a president, a vice president, a secretary, and a treasurer.

- (e) The secretary of the board shall keep an accurate record of the minutes of the metropolitan board of education and which the minutes shall be kept in said the superintendent's office. Whenever such When a metropolitan school district shall be is formed, the metropolitan superintendent shall act as administrator of the board and shall carry out such the acts and duties as shall be designated by the board. A quorum shall consist consists of a majority of the members of the board. which in all cases shall be A quorum is required for the transaction of business. The vote of a majority of those present shall be is required for any a:
  - (1) motion;
  - (2) ordinance; or
  - (3) resolution;

to pass.

- (f) The board shall conduct its affairs in the manner prescribed herein elsewhere for conduct of metropolitan boards of education, shall described in this section. Except in unusual cases, the board shall hold its meetings at the office of the metropolitan superintendent of schools or at a place mutually designated by the board and the superintendent. and shall maintain Board records are to be maintained and transact all board business is to be conducted from such place, the office of the metropolitan superintendent or a place designated by the board and the superintendent.
- (g) The metropolitan board of education shall have the power to pay to each a member of the board:
  - (1) a reasonable per diem for service on the board not to exceed one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125) per year; and
  - (2) for travel to and from their homes a member's home to the place of the meeting within the district, a sum for mileage equal to that sum the amount per mile paid to state officers and employees. The rate per mile shall change each time when the state government changes its rate per mile.
- [20-4-8-17] Sec. 7. Sec. 17. (a) The transfer of:
- (1) powers;
- **(2)** duties;
- **(3)** property;
- **(4)** property rights;
- **(5)** other assets;



(6) liabilities;

- (7) contracts, both as to rights and obligations; and all else
- (8) other issues connected with the transfer of authority from existing school corporations to the metropolitan school district; shall take place at the time of the first meeting of the metropolitan board of education within not more than one (1) month after the creation thereof of the board.
- (b) The transfer of the items listed in subsection (a) and are hereby declared vested in the metropolitan school district as of that at the time of the first meeting of the metropolitan board of education.

[20-4-8-18] Sec. 8. Sec. 18. (a) Members of the metropolitan board of education shall be are elected by the registered voters of the metropolitan school district at the primary elections held biennially in the state, commencing with the next primary election which that is held more than sixty (60) days after the creation of the metropolitan school district as provided in this chapter. Nominations for each a member of the board of education shall be are made by a petition signed by the nominee and by ten (10) registered voters residing in the same board member district as the nominee. Such A petition shall be filed not earlier than the date on which that a petition of nomination may first be filed under IC 3-8-6-10 and not later than noon on the last date provided by IC 3-8-2-4 for the filing of a declaration of candidacy for the primary election with the clerk of the circuit court in each county in which such where the metropolitan school district is located.

- (b) Nominees for school board members shall be listed on the primary election ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-10-1-19, by board member districts without party designation. Such A ballot shall state the number of board members to be voted upon and the maximum number which of board members who may be elected from each board member district in compliance with section 15 5 of this chapter. No A ballot shall be is not valid where if more than such the maximum number of board members are voted upon from any such a board member district. The election boards in the various precincts and in the county or counties serving at each a primary election shall conduct the election for school board members. Each A registered voter may vote in such a school board election without otherwise voting in the primary election.
- (c) Voting and tabulation of votes shall be conducted in the same manner as voting and tabulation in primary elections are conducted, and the candidates having the greatest number of votes shall be elected. If more than the maximum number of candidates which that may be elected from any a board member district, as provided in section 15 5 of this chapter, are among those having the greatest number of votes, the lowest of those candidates from such the board member district in excess of such the maximum number shall must be eliminated in determining the candidates who are elected. In the event of If there is



a tie vote for <del>any of said the</del> candidates, the judge of the circuit court in the county where the majority of the registered voters of the metropolitan school district reside shall select one (1) of <del>said the</del> candidates who shall be declared and certified elected.

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(d) If at any time after the first board member election there shall occur a vacancy on the board occurs, for any reason, including the failure of the a sufficient number of petitions for candidates being filed, and whether the vacating member was elected or appointed, the remaining members of the metropolitan board of education whether or not a majority of the board, shall by a majority vote fill such the vacancy by appointing a person from the board member district from which that the person who vacated the board membership was elected, or if such the person was appointed, the board member district from which the last elected predecessor of such the person was elected. In the event of If there is a tie vote among the remaining members of the board or their failure to act within not more than thirty (30) days after any such the vacancy occurs, it shall be is the duty of the judge of the circuit court in the county where the majority of registered voters of the metropolitan school district reside to make such the appointment. A successor to such the appointive board member shall be elected at the next primary election which that is held more than sixty (60) days after any an elected board member vacates membership on the board, or at the primary election held immediately prior to before the end of the term for which such the vacating member was elected, whichever is sooner. Unless such the successor takes office at the end of the term of such the vacating member, the member shall serve only for the balance of such the term. In any an election of a successor board member to fill a vacancy for a two (2) year balance of a term, nominating petitions for school board membership candidacy need not be filed for or with reference to the vacancy. However, as required by IC 3-11-2-14.5, candidates for at-large seats shall must be distinguished on the ballot from candidates for district seats. If there is more than one (1) at-large seat on the ballot due to this vacancy, the elected candidate who receives the lowest number of votes at the election at which such the successor is elected shall serve for such a two (2) year term.

- (e) At the first primary election wherein in which members of the metropolitan board of education shall be are elected under this section, a simple majority of the elected candidates, consisting of those elected candidates who receive the highest number of votes, shall be are elected for four (4) year terms and the balance of the elected candidates, consisting of those who received the lowest number of votes, shall be are elected for two (2) year terms. All Candidates A candidate for membership on the metropolitan board of education:
  - (1) shall be voted upon by the voters of the entire district;
  - (2) shall be elected for four (4) year terms after the first election; and



1	(3) shall take office and assume their the duties of the office July
2	1 following their election.
3	[20-4-8-18.5] Sec. 9. <del>Sec. 18.5.</del> (a) This section applies to a
4	metropolitan or consolidated school corporation located in a county
5	containing a consolidated city.
6	(b) The same method used to cast votes for all other offices for
7	which candidates have qualified to be on the election ballot must shall
8	be used for the school board offices on the election ballot.
9	[20-4-8-19] Sec. 10. Sec. 19. (a) It shall be the duty of The
10	metropolitan board of education to shall appoint a metropolitan
11	superintendent of schools who shall serve under contract in the same
12	manner and under the same laws as shall that govern the employment
13	and service of other licensed school personnel. and his The
14	metropolitan superintendent of school's salary and expense
15	allowance shall be is fixed by said the metropolitan board of
16	education. His The metropolitan superintendent of school's original
17	contract:
18	(1) shall be is for a period of one (1) to five (5) years; as mutually
19	agreed upon, and
20	(2) may be changed and/or or extended. at any time. by mutual
21	agreement.
22	[QUERY - 20-6.1-4-18 PROVIDES THE MINIMUM TERM OF A
23	SUPERINTENDENT'S CONTRACT IS 36 MONTHS.]
24	(b) Appointments to fill a vacancy in the position of for a
25	metropolitan superintendent of schools may be made at any time and
26	shall be so made as to coincide with the provisions of under this
27	chapter.
28	(c) It shall be the duty of The board shall:
29	(1) to act upon the recommendations of the metropolitan
30	superintendent of schools; and to
31	(2) make all other such decisions and perform all other such
32	duties as fall within the general framework of the laws of the state
33	required by law.
34	(d) Provided, however, that the respective A:
35	(1) county superintendent;
36	(2) city school superintendents, and/or superintendent; or such
37	(3) town superintendents as there may be in such superintendent;
38	in a metropolitan school district shall continue in their the
39	superintendents' respective employment at the same salary, and paid
40	in the same manner and according to the same terms as heretofore
41	agreed to before the formation of the metropolitan school district.
42	until the expiration of their respective terms or contracts of
43	employment subject, however,
11	(a) A matropolitan board of aducation shall:

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(1) assign to the direction and assignment of the board of

education to such administrative duties; and as shall be decided



1	by the said board to be advisable, and the board shall
2	(2) designate:
3	(A) one (1) of said the superintendents in the metropolitan
4	school district; or such other
5	(B) a competent and qualified person as determined by the
6	board; in its discretion may decide
7	to perform the duties of the metropolitan superintendent of the
8	metropolitan school district as defined set forth in this chapter.
9	(f) A metropolitan board of education shall appoint a
10	superintendent of the metropolitan school district and other
11	administrative supervisory officers as provided in this chapter if:
12	(1) the previous superintendent's term expired;
13	(2) the previous superintendent's contract of employment
14	ended; or
15	(3) the previous superintendent:
16	(A) died; or
17	(B) resigned;
18	At the expiration of the respective term of office or contracts of
19	employment, or in the event of a vacancy of metropolitan
20	superintendent of the metropolitan school district by reason of death,
21	resignation, or otherwise, the appointment of a metropolitan
22	superintendent of said metropolitan school district and all other
23	administrative supervisory officers shall be made pursuant to the
24	general powers conferred on said board as provided in this chapter.
25	(g) [QUERY: SHOULD ADMIN SUP. OFFICERS BE
26	INCLUDED IN SUBDIVISION S (1) THROUGH (3)] At the
27	expiration thereof or in the event of his death or resignation, The
28	appointment and salary of the metropolitan superintendent of schools
29	appointed under subsection (f) shall be made, set, and paid as
30	provided in this chapter.
31	[20-4-8-22] Sec. 11. <del>Sec. 22. Provided, however, That wherever</del> <b>If</b>
32	a metropolitan school district formed hereunder under this chapter
33	shall include includes territory lying in more than one (1) county, the
34	respective counties, boards, commissions, and officers of each of said
35	the counties shall do and perform and cause to be done and performed
36	all things duties required hereby to form such a metropolitan school
37	district jointly and severally, as the ease may require for the proper
38	formation and functioning thereof including: but not restricted to the
39	following:
40	(1) the dividing of the same territory into board member
41	districts;
42	(2) the levying and collection collecting of taxes;
43	(3) and allocation of allocating receipts; thereof,
44	(4) the filing of petitions for nomination;
45	(5) the printing and distribution of distributing ballots,

(6) tabulating and certifying of election results; and



79 (7) filling of vacancies. [20-4-8-24] Sec. 12. Sec. 24. (a) As used in this section, "school township" means any a school township of this state which: that: (1) for the last full school semester immediately preceding the adoption of a preliminary resolution by the township trustee and the township board under subsection (f) or their adoption of a resolution of disapproval under subsection (g) had an average daily membership (as defined in IC 21-3-1.6-1.1(d)) of at least six hundred (600) pupils students in kindergarten through grade 12 in the public schools of such the school township; or (2) is part of a civil township in which there were more votes cast for township trustee outside the school township than inside the school township in the general election at which such the trustee was elected and that last preceded the adoption of such the preliminary or disapproving resolution. located.

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- (b) As used in this section, "township trustee" means the township trustee of the civil township in which such the school township is
- (c) As used in this section, "township board" means the township board of the civil township in which such the school township is
- (d) As used in this section, "county" means the county in which such the school township is located.
- (e) In any a school township, there may be created a metropolitan school district may be created by complying with this section. Such A metropolitan school district created under this section shall have the same boundaries as the school township. After such a district has been created under this section, the school township out of which that preceded the metropolitan school district was created shall be is abolished. None of the procedures or provisions governing the creation of a metropolitan school district under any other another section of this chapter are applicable to the creation of such a district under this section. After such a district is created under this section, the metropolitan school district shall, except as otherwise provided in this section, be governed by and operate in accordance with this chapter governing the operation of a metropolitan school district as established under section 12 2 of this chapter.
- (f) Except as provided in subsection (g), a metropolitan school district provided for in subsection (e) may be created in the following manner:
  - (1) The township trustee shall call a meeting of the township board. At such the meeting the township trustee and a majority of the township board shall adopt a resolution that a metropolitan school district shall be created in the school township. The township trustee shall then give notice:
    - (A) by publication by two (2) insertions one (1) week apart in

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a newspaper of general circulation published in the school township, or

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- (B) if there be is no such newspaper as described in clause
- (A), then in a newspaper of general circulation in the county; of the adoption of such the resolution setting forth the text of the resolution.
- (2) On the thirtieth day following after the date of the last publication of such the notice under subdivision (1), and if no a protest has **not** been filed, the township trustee and a majority of the township board shall confirm their preliminary resolution. If, however, on or before the twenty-ninth day following after the date of the last publication of such the notice, a number of registered voters of the school township, equal to five percent (5%) or more of the number of votes cast in the school township for secretary of state at the last preceding general election for that office, sign and file with the township trustee a petition requesting an election in the school township to determine whether or not a metropolitan school district shall must be created in the township in accordance with such the preliminary resolution, then an election shall must be held as provided in subsection (h). The preliminary resolution and confirming resolution provided in this subsection shall each both be adopted at a meeting of the township trustee and township board of in which meeting the township trustee and each member of the township board received or waived a written notice of the date, time, place, and purpose of the meeting. Such The resolution and the proof of service or waiver of such the notice shall be made a part of the records of the township board.
- (g) Except as provided in subsection (f), a metropolitan school district provided for in subsection (e) may also be created in the following manner:
  - (1) A number of registered voters of the school township, equal to five percent (5%) or more of the votes cast in the school township for secretary of state at the last general election for that office, shall sign and file with the township trustee a petition requesting the creation of a metropolitan school district under this section.
  - (2) The township trustee and a majority of the township board shall, within **not more than** ten (10) days after the filing of a petition: either
    - (A) adopt a preliminary resolution that a metropolitan school district shall be created in the school township and proceed as provided in subsection (f); or
    - (B) adopt a resolution disapproving such the creation of the district.
  - (3) If either the township trustee or a majority of township board



members vote in favor of such disapproving the resolution, an election shall must be held to determine whether or not a metropolitan school district shall be created in the school township in the same manner as is provided in subsection (f) where if an election is requested by petition.

- (h) Any An election required under subsection (f) or (g) may, at the option of the township trustee be held either as a special election or in conjunction with any a primary or general election to be held within not more than one hundred twenty (120) days after the filing of such a petition under subsection (f) or the adoption of such the disapproving resolution under subsection (g). The township trustee shall certify the question to the county election board under IC 3-10-9-3 and give notice of such an election:
  - (1) by two (2) insertions one (1) week apart in a newspaper of general circulation in the school township; or
  - (2) if there is no such newspaper as described in subdivision (1), then in a newspaper of general circulation published in the county.

Such The notice shall must provide that on a day and at an hour named in the notice, the polls shall be opened at the usual voting places in the various precincts in the school township for the purpose of taking the vote of the registered voters of the school township upon regarding whether a metropolitan school district shall be created in the township. Such The election shall be held not less than twenty (20) days and not more than thirty (30) days following after the last publication of such the notice unless a primary or general election will be conducted within not more than six (6) months after the publication. In that case, the county election board shall place the public question on the ballot at the primary or general election. In the event such If the election is to be a special election, the township trustee shall give such notice within not more than thirty (30) days after the filing of such the petition or the adoption of such the disapproving resolution.

- (i) On the day and hour time named in such the notice, the polls shall be opened and the votes of the voters shall be taken upon the question of regarding whether a metropolitan school district shall be created in the school township. Such IC 3 governs the election shall be governed by IC 3 except as otherwise provided in this chapter. The county election board shall conduct the election. The public question shall be placed on the ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-10-9-4 and must state "Shall a metropolitan school district under IC 20-4-8 IC 20-23-7 be formed in the \_\_\_\_\_\_ School Township of \_\_\_\_\_ County, Indiana?". (In which blanks The name of the school township shall be inserted.) inserted in the blanks.
- (j) The votes cast in such the election shall be canvassed at a place in the school township determined by the county election board. The certificate of the votes cast for and against the creation of a



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metropolitan school district shall be filed in the records of the township board and recorded with the county recorder. of the county. If the special election is not conducted at a primary or general election, the school township shall pay the expense of holding the election shall be paid by the school township out of the special school fund which that is hereby appropriated for such this purpose.

(k) Such A metropolitan school district shall, subject to section 17 7 of this chapter, be created and come into being on the thirtieth day following after the date of the adoption of the confirming resolution under subsection (f) or of the holding of an election under subsection (h). In the event any If a public official shall fail fails to do the official's duty within the time prescribed in this section, this omission shall failure does not invalidate the proceedings taken under this section. No An action to contest the validity of the formation or creation of such a metropolitan school district under this section, to declare that it has not been validly formed or created or is not validly existing, or to enjoin the operation of a metropolitan school district shall may not be instituted later than the thirtieth day following the date of the adoption of the confirming resolution under subsection (f) or of the holding of an election under subsection (h). Notwithstanding Except as provided in this section, no an election under this subsection shall may not be held sooner than twelve (12) months following any other such after another election held under subsection (h).

(1) Such A metropolitan school district shall be is known as "The Metropolitan School District of Township, County, Indiana". The first metropolitan board of education in any a metropolitan school district created in accordance with under this section shall consist consists of five (5) members. The township trustee and the township board members shall be are ex officio members of such the first board, subject to all the laws relative to concerning length of their respective terms of office, manner of election or appointment, and the filling of vacancies applicable to their respective offices. Such The ex officio members serve without other compensation or reimbursement for expense expenses than that to which their they may receive from their respective offices entitle them. office. The township board shall, by a resolution duly recorded in its records, appoint the fifth member of such the metropolitan board of education. Such The fifth member shall meet all of the qualifications of a member of a metropolitan board of education under this chapter, with the exception of the board member district requirements provided in sections 14, 4, 15, 5, and 18 8 of this chapter. which shall not apply to such fifth board member.

(m) Such A fifth board member shall be appointed within not more than fifteen (15) days following after the date of the adoption of the confirming resolution under subsection (f)(2) or of the holding of an



election under subsection (h). Such The first board shall hold its first meeting within not more than fifteen (15) days thereafter after the date when the fifth board member is appointed or elected, on a date established by the township board in the resolution in which it appoints such the fifth board member. The first board shall serve until July 1 next following the election of a metropolitan school board at the first primary election held more than sixty (60) days following the creation of the metropolitan school district.

(n) After the creation of a metropolitan school district in accordance under with this section, the president of the metropolitan school board of such the district shall serve as a member of the county board of education and perform the duties on the county board of education that were previously performed by the township trustee. as provided by law. The metropolitan school board and superintendent of such the district shall be entitled to may call upon the assistance of, and use any of the services provided by, the county superintendent of schools. This subsection shall does not however, limit or take away the powers, rights, privileges, or duties of such the metropolitan school district or the board or superintendent of such the district provided in this chapter.

[20-4-8-25] Sec. 13. Sec. 25. In the resolution creating a county school corporation or metropolitan school district, or in the petitions requesting the creation of or requesting a referendum on the question of creating such a corporation or district, under IC 20-23-16-15 or section 2 or 12 or 24 of this chapter, the resolutions or petitions may specify when such a school corporation or school district shall be created and come into existence, and such the corporation or district shall then be created and come into existence at the time provided in all such the resolutions or petitions.

## Chapter 8. Governing Body Composition Change

[20-4-10.1-1] Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, the following terms shall have the following meanings: The following definitions apply throughout this chapter:

- (a) (1) "School corporation" shall mean means any a local public school corporation established under the laws of Indiana. The term does not include a school township or a school corporation covered by IC 20-23-12.
- (b) "Governing body" shall mean the board or commission charged by law with the responsibility of administering the affairs of a school corporation.
- (c) (2) "Plan" shall mean means the manner in which that the governing body of a school corporation is constituted, including but not limited to, the number, qualifications, length of terms, manner, and time of selection, (whether either by appointment or by election) election, of the members of the governing body.
- (d) (3) "Clerk of the circuit court" or "clerk" shall mean means



1	the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which where a
2	school corporation is located. Where If the school corporation is
3	located in more than one (1) county, such the term shall refer
4	refers to the clerks in each of the several counties in which where
5	the school corporation is located.
6	(e) (4) "County election board" shall mean means the county
7	election board in the county in which where the school
8	corporation is located. Where If the school corporation is located
9	in more than one (1) county, it shall mean means the county
10	election boards of the counties in which where the school
11	corporation is located, acting jointly.
12	(f) (5) "Judge of the circuit court" and the "circuit court" shall
13	mean means the judge of the circuit court and the circuit court of
14	the county, respectively, in which where the school corporation
15	is located. Where If the school corporation it is located in more
16	than one (1) county, such terms "judge of the circuit court" and
17	the "circuit court" shall refer refer to the judge of the circuit
18	court and the circuit court of the county in which where the
19	largest number of registered voters of the school corporation are
20	residents.
21	(g) (6) "Voter", with respect to any a petition, shall mean means
22	a registered voter in the school corporation as determined in this
23	chapter.
24	[20-4-10.1-2] Sec. 2. (a) Any A plan or proposed plan shall must
25	contain at least the following items:
26	(1) The number of members of the governing body, which shall
27	may be either:
28	(A) three (3);
29	<b>(B)</b> five (5); or
30	(C) seven (7);
31	members.
32	(2) Whether the governing board shall be elected or appointed.
33	(3) If appointed, when and by whom, and a general description of
34	the manner of appointment that conforms with the requirements
35	of <del>IC 20-4-1-26.3.</del> <b>IC 20-23-4-22.</b>
36	(4) If elected, whether the election shall be at the primary or at the
37	general election at which that county officials are nominated or
38	elected, and a general description of the manner of election that
39	conforms with the requirements of IC 20-4-1-26.2
40	IC 20-23-4-21.
41	(5) The limitations if any, on:
42	(A) residence;
43	(B) term of office; and
44	(C) other qualifications;
45	required by members of the governing body.
46	(6) The time when the plan takes effect.



Any A plan or proposed plan may have any additional details necessary
or desirable, to make the provisions of the plan workable. The details
may include provisions relating to the commencement or length of
terms of office of any the members of the governing body taking office
under the plan.
(b) Notwithstanding Except as provided in subsection (a)(1), in a
city having a population of more than fifty-nine thousand seven
hundred (59,700) but less than sixty-five thousand (65,000), the
governing body described in a plan may have as many as up to nine (9)
members.

[20-4-10.1-3] Sec. 3. (a) Each  $\bf A$  plan is subject to the following limitations:

- (1) A member of the governing body may not serve for a term of more than four (4) years, but **a member** may succeed himself **or herself** in office. This limitation does not however, apply to members who hold over during an interim period to effect a new plan awaiting the selection and qualification of a member under the new plan.
- (2) The plan, if the members are:

- (A) to be elected, shall conform with one (1) of the types of board organization permitted by IC 20-4-1-26.2; IC 20-23-4-21; or
- **(B)** if appointed shall conform with one (1) of the types permitted by  $\frac{1C}{20-4-1-26.3}$ . IC 20-23-4-22.
- (3) The terms of the members of the governing body, either elected to or taking office on or before the time the plan takes effect, may not be shortened. The terms of the members taking office pursuant to under the plan shall may be shortened if necessary, to make the plan workable on a permanent basis.
- (4) If the plan provides for electoral districts, where any a member of the governing body is elected solely by the voters of a single district, the districts must be as near as practicable equal in population. The districts shall may be reapportioned and their boundaries changed if necessary, by resolution of the governing body prior before to the election next following the effective date of the subsequent decennial census to preserve the equality by resolution of the governing body.
- (5) The plan must shall comply with the
  - (A) Constitution of the State of Indiana; and the
  - **(B)** Constitution of the United States;
- including the equal protection clauses of the both constitutions.
- (6) The provisions of IC 20-4-1-26.1 IC 20-23-4-20 through IC 20-4-1-26.9 IC 20-23-4-27 and IC 20-23-16-4 relating to the board of trustees of a community school corporation and to the community school corporation, including provisions relating to powers of the board and corporation and provisions relating to the



1	mechanics of selection of the board, where elected and where
2	appointed, apply to any a governing body set up by a plan
3	pursuant to under this chapter and to the school corporation.
4	(b) The limitations set out forth in this section need not be
5	specifically set out forth in any a plan, but are a part of the plan. Any
6	A plan shall be construed, if possible, to comply with this chapter. If
7	any a provision of the plan, or any an application of the plan, violates
8	this chapter, the invalidity does not affect the other provisions or
9	applications of the plan that can be given effect without the invalid
10	provision or application. To this end, all The provisions of any a plan
11	are severable.
12	[20-4-10.1-4] Sec. 4. Authorization to Change Plan. The plan of
13	school board organization of any a governing body may be changed in
14	accordance with the procedures set out in this chapter.
15	[20-4-10.1-1] Sec. 5. (a) A change in a plan may be initiated by one
16	(1) of the following procedures:
17	(1) By filing a petition signed by <b>at least</b> twenty percent (20%) or
18	more of the voters of the school corporation with the clerk of the
19	circuit court.
20	(2) By a resolution adopted by the governing body of the school
21	corporation.
22	(3) By ordinance adopted by a city legislative body under section
23	7.5 8 of this chapter.
24	(b) A petition, resolution, or ordinance must set forth a description
25	of the plan that conforms with section 2 of this chapter.
26	(c) Notwithstanding Except as provided in subsection (a)(1), in a
27	city having a population of more than fifty-nine thousand seven
28	hundred (59,700) but less than sixty-five thousand (65,000), a change
29	in a plan may be initiated by filing a petition signed by ten percent
30	(10%) or more of the voters of the school corporation with the clerk of
31	the circuit court.
32	[20-4-10.1-6] Sec. 6. (a) Where the voters are A voter is entitled to
33	file any a petition under this chapter with the clerk of the circuit court
34	to:
35	(1) initiate a plan; to
36	(2) protest a plan, or
37	(3) for initiate an alternative plan.
38	(b) If a voter files a petition under subsection (a), the filing and
39	certification of the petition shall be is governed by the following
40	provisions:
41	(a) (1) The petition shall must show:
42	(A) the date on which each that a person has signed the
43	petition; and,
44	(B) in order to identify the person as a registered voter of the

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school corporation, his the person's residence on that date.

(2) The petition may be executed in several counterparts, the total



1	of which shall constitute constitutes a petition. Each A
2	counterpart shall: must:
3	(A) contain the names of voters residing within a single
4	county; <del>and shall</del>
5	(B) be filed with the clerk of the circuit court of that county;
6	Each counterpart shall
7	(C) have attached to it the affidavit of the person circulating
8	the counterpart stating that each signature:
9	(i) appearing on the counterpart was affixed in his the
10	person's presence; and
11	(ii) is the true and lawful signature of each the person who
12	made the signature.
13	(3) Any signer A person who signs a petition or a counterpart
14	may file the petition or any a counterpart.
15	(4) All counterparts constituting a petition shall be filed on the
16	same day.
17	(b) Each signer on the (5) A person who signs a petition shall be
18	privileged prior to, but shall not be entitled after, the filing with
19	the clerk, to filed under subsection (a) may withdraw his the
20	person's name from the petition before the petition is filed with
21	the clerk. No names shall may be added to the a petition after the
22	petition has been filed with the clerk.
23	(c) (6) After the receipt of the a petition, each the clerk shall:
24	(A) strike all signatures appearing on the petition more than
25	once; and
26	(B) make a certification under his the clerk's hand and seal of
27	his the office as to the following:
28	(1) (i) The number of signatures on the petition that are not
29	duplicates representing persons who are registered voters
30	residing within that part of the school corporation located
31	within his the county, as disclosed by the voter registration
32	records in the office of the clerk or the board of registration
33	of the county, or wherever the registration records are kept.
34	(2) (ii) The total number of registered voters residing within
35	the boundaries of that part of the school corporation located
36	within his the county, as disclosed in the records mentioned
37	described in subdivision (1): item (i).
38	(3) (iii) The date of the filing of the petition with the clerk.
39	(d) (7) The clerk certification shall:
40	(A) certify be made by each clerk a petition within not more
41	than thirty (30) days after the filing of the petition, excluding
42	any time during which when the registration records are
43	unavailable to the clerk, or within any additional time as is
44	reasonably necessary not to exceed an additional thirty (30)
45	days, to permit the clerk to make a certification; The clerk
46	shall



1	(B) establish a record of his the certification in his at the
2	clerk's office; and shall
3	(C) file:
4	(i) the original petition; and
5	(ii) a copy of his the clerk's certification;
6	with the governing body.
7	[20-4-10.1-7] Sec. 7. Action by the Governing Body on a Petition.
8	The governing body shall, by resolution adopted within not more than
9	thirty (30) days after a petition is filed with it, either approve or
10	disapprove the a plan. The failure to take any action within such the
11	thirty (30) day period shall constitute constitutes a disapproval of
12	such the plan.
13	[20-4-10.1-7.5] Sec. 8. Sec. 7.5. (a) This section applies to a school
14	corporation located in a city having a population of more than ninety
15	thousand (90,000) but less than one hundred five thousand (105,000).
16	(b) The city legislative body may adopt an ordinance to increase the
17	membership of the governing body of a school corporation to seven (7)
18	members.
19	(c) The ordinance must provide the following:
20	(1) That The additional members of the governing body are to be
21	appointed by the city executive.
22	(2) That If the plan is subsequently changed to provide for the
23	election of governing body members:
24	(A) the membership of the governing body may not be less
25	than seven (7); and
26	(B) all the members of the governing body are to be elected.
27	(3) The initial terms of the members appointed under this section.
28	(4) The effective date of the ordinance.
29	(d) An ordinance adopted under this section:
30	(1) supersedes any a part of the plan that conflicts with the
31	provisions of the ordinance;
32	(2) must be filed with the state superintendent of public
33	instruction under section 16 17 of this chapter; and
34	(3) may only be amended or repealed by the city legislative body.
35	[20-4-10.1-8] Sec. 9. Sec. 8. (a) Within Not more than ten (10)
36	days after the a governing body has:
37	(1) initiated; a plan or has
38	(2) approved; or
39	(3) disapproved;
40	a plan initiated by the petition filed with it, it the governing body shall
41	publish a notice one (1) time in a newspaper of general circulation in
42	the county of the school corporation. If no newspaper of general
43	circulation is published in the county of the school corporation, the
44	governing body shall publish a notice one (1) time in a newspaper of
45	general circulation published in a county adjoining the county of the

school corporation.



- (b) The notice shall must set out the text of any a plan initiated by the governing body or any other another plan filed with it the governing body prior to before the preparation of the notice. It The notice shall must also state the right of the voters, a voter, as further provided in this section, to file petitions a petition for alternative plans or a petition protesting the adoption of any a plan or plans to which the notice relates.
- (c) If the governing body fails to publish a notice as provided required by this section, the governing body shall, within not more than five (5) days of after the expiration of the ten (10) day period for publication of notice under this section, submit the petition which that has been filed with the clerk to the state board of education, whether or not the plan contained within in the petition or the petition meets the requirements of this chapter.
- (d) Not later than one hundred twenty (120) days after the publication of the notice, voters of the school corporation may file with the clerk of the circuit court a petition protesting any a plan initiated or approved by the governing body or a petition submitting an alternative plan as follows:
  - (1) A petition protesting any a plan shall be signed by at least twenty percent (20%) of the voters of the school corporation or five hundred (500) voters of the school corporation, whichever is less.
- (2) A petition submitting an alternative plan shall be signed by at least twenty percent (20%) of the voters of the school corporation. Any A petition filed under this subsection shall be certified by the clerk and shall be filed with the governing body in the same manner as is provided for a petition in section 6 of this chapter.
- (e) The governing body or the voters may not initiate or file additional plans until all the plans that were published in the notice or submitted as alternative plans within not later than one hundred twenty (120) days of after the publication of the notice have been disposed of by:
  - (1) adoption;

- (2) defeat at a special election held under section 10 11 of this chapter; or
- (3) combination with another plan by the state board of education under section 9 10 of this chapter.
- [20-4-10.1-9] Sec. 10. Sec. 9. (a) Within Not more than thirty (30) days after the expiration of the one hundred twenty (120) day period for filing petitions, a petition, all plans that have been published in accordance with section 8 9 of this chapter, whether the plans were initiated by the governing body or in connection with any a petition, shall be submitted to the state board. of education.
  - (b) The state board of education shall:
    - (1) review all such plans; a plan;



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1	(2) revise them a plan, if possible, to:
2	(A) cure <del>any</del> ambiguities; and <del>to</del>
3	(B) insure their ensure that the plan compliance complies
4	with the limitations set out in section 3 of this chapter;
5	(3) if the a plan provides for electoral districts, verify that the
6	districts are, as near as practicable, equal in population according
7	to the decennial census immediately preceding the first petition
8	or resolution initiating the plan; and
9	(4) certify them a plan, with any revisions, to the governing body
10	and to the clerk of the circuit court.
11	The state board of education may combine any plans where if it the
12	state board determines that they the plans are substantially similar. In
13	making its determinations, the commission may, but shall is not be
14	obligated to, hold hearings, and shall make such an investigation as it
15	deems considers necessary. When If the board holds a hearing, it the
16	board may hear the evidence through hearing examiners, who need do
17	not have to be members of the board. The board shall send a certified
18	record of its determinations to the governing body, the clerk of the
19	circuit court, and the county election board.
20	(c) Within Not more than sixty (60) days of after receiving a plan
21	submitted by a governing body under section 8 9 of this chapter, the
22	state board of education shall publish notice of the plan in accordance
23	with section 8 9 of this chapter, unless in the determination of the state
24	board determines that the plan or the petition does not meet the
25	requirements of this chapter.
26	[20-4-10.1-10] Sec. 11. <del>Sec. 10.</del> (a) If:
27	(1) the governing body has disapproved a plan submitted;
28	(2) an alternative plan has been filed; or
29	(3) a petition of protest has been filed;
30	the county election board shall hold a special election at a date to be
31	determined by the county election board within not more than ninety
32	(90) days following after the receipt of the determination of the state
33	board of education on each a plan in the form certified by the board.
34	(b) However, If the a special election under subsection (a) can be
35	held within not more than six (6) months after the receipt of the
36	determination from the state board, of education, in conjunction with
37	a primary or general election at which:
38	(1) county officials are to be elected or nominated; or
39	(2) at which city or town officials are to be elected in those areas
40	of the school corporations which that are within the city or town;
41	the county election board may delay the special election until the date
42	of the regular election.
43	(b) (c) If a school corporation is located in more than one (1) county,

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the county election board of the county containing the greatest

percentage of population of the school corporation shall determine the

date of an election held under this section.

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[20-4-10.1-11] Sec. 12. Sec. 11. (a) The clerk of the circuit court shall create the form of notice of the election and the ballot shall be prepared by the clerk of the circuit court within not more than thirty (30) days of after receiving the certification from the commission as required by section 9 10 of this chapter. The notice shall: must:

- (1) state the date when the election shall take place; and shall
- (2) describe generally each of the plans to be voted upon.
- (b) The text of the public question on the ballot must include a description of each the plan proposed, including:
  - (1) the number of members on the board;

- (2) the number of electoral or resident member districts, if any;
- (3) the number of at large at-large districts, if any;
- (4) a general description of the geographical boundaries of the districts, referring to civil boundaries where applicable, or merely general descriptions, such as the north half or north part of a civil geographical district or as all the territory north of a geographical boundary; and
- (5) other information sufficient to distinguish a plan from all other plans.

If the text of the public question includes a description of the plan under which regarding how the current board is organized, as required by subsection (d), the plan must be identified as the existing plan.

- (c) If only one (1) plan is proposed, the ballot shall must be prepared so that voters who wish to vote on the plan must cast either an affirmative vote or a negative vote.
- (d) If more than one (1) plan is proposed, the plan under which organizing the governing body is organized must appear on the ballot as an option. The text of the public question must include a description of the existing plan that meets the criteria specified in subsection (b). The ballot shall must be prepared so that voters who wish to vote on the plans may vote for only one (1) plan.
- (e) The text of the public question shall must be placed on the ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-10-9-4.
- (f) Subject to IC 3-12-1, the notice or ballot is not invalid if there has been a good faith effort to comply with the provisions of this section.

[20-4-10.1-12] Sec. 13. Sec. 12. (a) The county election board shall give notice of such an election shall be given by the county election board under section 11 of this chapter after receiving the form of notice and ballot from the clerk of the circuit court. The county election board shall publish notice shall be published one (1) time in two (2) newspapers of general circulation in the school corporation, or if only one (1) newspaper is of general circulation, then in that newspaper. The publication shall may not be made not less than ten (10) days nor more than forty-five (45) days prior to before the election. No other notice of the election, and no requirement for the



time of printing ballots, whether prescribed by IC 3 or otherwise, need be given or observed. No A person may **not** vote at the special election unless the person is then qualified as a registered voter.

- (b) Except where in conflict with the provisions of this chapter or where IC 3 cannot be practicably applied, IC 3 applies to the conduct of such an election under this chapter, except if the provisions of this chapter are in conflict with provisions of IC 3 or if IC 3 cannot be practicably applied.
- (c) If the special election is not conducted at a primary or general election, the **school corporation shall pay the** cost of conducting the election shall be charged to the school corporation and shall be paid from its the school corporation's general fund not otherwise appropriated without appropriation. therefor.
- [20-4-10.1-13] Sec. 14. Sec. 13. (a) A plan shall be adopted in the following circumstances:
  - (1) At the expiration of one hundred twenty (120) days following after the publication of notice by the governing body where if:
    - (A) the governing body has initiated or approved the plan; to which the notice relates; and if
    - (B) no petition has been filed either protesting such the plan or setting forth an alternative plan; and but in no event until
    - (C) the state board of education has reviewed and certified the plan.
  - (2) If only one (1) plan is on the ballot and it receives more affirmative than negative votes, it shall be the plan is adopted at the expiration of thirty (30) days following the special election.
  - (3) If more than one (1) plan is on the ballot, the plan receiving the most votes shall be is adopted at the expiration of thirty (30) days following after the special election.
  - (b) The plan is effective:

- (1) at the time provided in the plan; or
- (2) if no such time is provided or if the time provided is inapplicable due to the lapse of time of the proceedings under this chapter, then either on the January 1 or July 1 first following the time of adoption of the plan.
- [20-4-10.1-14] Sec. 15. Sec. 14. No An action to:
  - (1) contest the validity of the adoption of the a plan to declare that it the plan has not been validly adopted; or to
  - (2) enjoin its the operation of a plan;

shall may not be instituted with respect to the adoption of the plan under section  $\frac{13(a)(1)}{14(a)(1)}$  of this chapter at any time later than the one hundred twentieth day twenty (120) days following the publication of the notice required by section  $\frac{8}{9}$  of this chapter, or under section  $\frac{13(a)(2)}{14(a)(2)}$  or  $\frac{13(a)(3)}{14(a)(3)}$  of this chapter at any time later than the thirtieth day following the election pursuant to at which the plan is adopted.



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[20-4-10.1-15] Sec. 16. Sec. 15. Limitation on Elections a Adoption of Plan. No An election shall may not be held under the chapter more than once each eighteen (18) months. No A plan for a governing body may not be adopted more than once each six (years, except if:	his <del>ny</del>
(1) where the plan provides solely for changing only changes to time of voting of for board members from the primary to to general election, or from the general to the primary election; (2) in the event any a plan adopted is declared or held to invalid by a binding judgment or order in any a United States Indiana court from which that no appeal or further approval cobe taken; or (3) where the plan provides solely for changes in items specific	be or

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- in section 2(5) of this chapter.
- [20-4-10.1-16] Sec. 17. Sec. 16. Plans to be Filed with State Superintendent. (a) Every A school corporation in the State of Indiana shall file with the state superintendent: of Public Instruction:
  - (1) a transcript showing the acts and resolutions incident related to its the school corporation's formation; and
  - (2) a description, if not otherwise contained therein, in the transcript under subdivision (1), of the structure and manner of selection of its governing body.
- (b) Such The transcript or description under subsection (a) shall be filed with respect to existing corporations on or before September 1, 1971, with respect to newly formed corporations within not more than sixty (60) days after their the school corporation's creation and with respect to corporations which adopt or the school corporation's adoption of a new plan. sixty (60) days after the adoption of such plan.
- (c) Each A school corporation shall also file with the state superintendent, of Public Instruction, prior to before August 1st 1 of each year, a list of names and addresses of:
  - (1) members of its governing body; of its and
  - (2) the school corporation's officers and of along with the expiration of their the officer's respective terms.
- (d) A school corporation and shall similarly file any changes in such change to a list under subsection (c) within not later than thirty (30) days after they are made: the change occurs.
- [20-4-10.1-17] Sec. 18. Sec. 17. (a) The failure of any a public official or body to perform any of the duties specified in this chapter within the time limits prescribed shall not invalidate any proceedings taken by such the official or board.
- (b) In the event any If a public official or body refuses to perform duties within the time limits provided in this chapter, the official or body may be mandated to perform the duties in an action filed in the circuit or superior court by any a voter or by the governing body.
  - (c) The court shall award reasonable attorney's fees to a

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voter who brings an action under this section against a governing body or public official and prevails. The governing body or employer of a public official shall pay all costs and fees incurred by or on behalf of an employee in defense of a claim or suit for a loss occurring because of acts or omissions within the scope of his the employee's employment, regardless of whether the employee can or cannot be held personally liable for the loss.

[20-4-10.1-18] Sec. 19. Sec. 18. Court Orders on Plans. If any a United States or Indiana court enters a binding temporary or permanent order directing or approving a change in the manner of selecting the governing body, any governing body selected pursuant to such under the order shall be is the legal governing body of the school corporation, until its manner of selection is changed under this or any other applicable Indiana statute. of the State of Indiana.

[20-4-10.1-19] Sec. 20. Sec. 19. (a) In implementing a plan adopted pursuant to under this chapter, requiring the holding of a special election, the county election board, or county election boards in the case of a multicounty school corporation, shall have the responsibility and authority to hold, manage, and supervise such a special election.

- (b) The costs of such a special election shall be paid by the county election board, or the county election boards in the case of a multicounty school corporation, which shall pay the costs of a special election.
- (c) A school corporation shall reimburse the county election board or county election boards shall be reimbursed by the school corporation in which such a special election shall occur from its the school corporation's general fund money not otherwise appropriated, without appropriation therefor if a special election occurs under this chapter.

## Chapter 9. Annexation of a Township School Corporation

[20-4-57-1] Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "annexing corporation" refers to a school corporation that has annexed all or part of any territory of a township school.

[20-4-57-2] Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "department" refers to the department of education.

[20-4-57-3] Sec. 2. Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "township" refers to a township where any part of a township school was located.

[20-4-57-4] Sec. 3. Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "township school" refers to:

- (1) a township school that loses territory to an annexing corporation as a result of an annexation;
- (2) the township school's successor; or
- (3) the township.

[20-4-57-5] Sec. 4. Sec. 5. (a) An annexing corporation may file a petition of appeal with the department of local government finance for emergency financial relief.



(b) The annexing corporation shall serve the petition on the
following:
(1) The department.
(2) The township.
(3) The township school.
(4) Any other annexing corporation that annexed the township
school on the same date.
(c) All annexing corporations are parties to the petition.
[20-4-57-6] Sec. 5. Sec. 6. If the department of local government
finance receives a petition of appeal under section 5 4 of this chapter,
the department of local government finance shall submit the petition to
the school property tax control board established under IC 6-1.1-19-4.1
for a fact finding hearing.
[20-4-57-7] Sec. 6. Sec. 7. (a) If the department of local government
finance submits a petition to the school property tax control board
under section 5 4 of this chapter, the school property tax control board
shall hold a fact finding hearing.
(b) At a hearing described in subsection (a), the school property tax
control board shall determine the following:
(1) Whether the township school has made all payments required
by any statute, including the following:
(A) P.L.32-1999.
(B) <del>IC</del> <del>20-4-4-7</del> <b>IC 20-23-5-7</b> and <del>IC</del> <del>20-4-16-3.</del>
IC 20-23-16-37.
(C) The resolution or plan of annexation of the township
school, including:
(i) any amendment to the resolution or plan;
(ii) any supporting or related documents; and
(iii) any agreement between the township school and an
annexing corporation relating to the winding up of affairs of
the township school.
(2) The amount, if any, by which the township school is in arrears
on any payment described in subdivision (1).
(3) Whether the township school has filed with the department all
reports concerning the affairs of the township school, including
all transfer tuition reports required for the two (2) school years
immediately preceding the date on which the township school was
annexed.
(c) In determining the amount of arrears under subsection (b)(2), the
school property tax control board shall consider all amounts due to an
annexing corporation, including the following:
(1) Any transfer tuition payments due to the annexing corporation.
(2) All levies, excise tax distributions, and state distributions
received by the township school and due to the annexing
corporation, including levies and distributions received by the



1	annexed.
2	(3) All excessive levies that the township school agreed to impose
3	and pay to an annexing corporation but failed to impose.
4	(d) If, in a hearing under this section, a school property tax control
5	board determines that a township school has:
6	(1) under subsection (b)(1), failed to make a required payment; or
7	(2) under subsection (b)(3), failed to file a required report;
8	the department may act under section 8 7 of this chapter.
9	[20-4-57-8] Sec. 7. Sec. 8. (a) If a school property tax control board
10	makes a determination under section 7(d) 6(d) of this chapter, the
11	department:
12	(1) may prohibit a township from:
13	(A) acquiring real estate;
14	(B) making a lease or incurring any other contractual
15	obligation calling for an annual outlay by the township
16	exceeding ten thousand dollars (\$10,000);
17	(C) purchasing personal property for a consideration greater
18	than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000); and
19	(D) adopting or advertising a budget, tax levy, or tax rate for
20	any calendar year;
21	until the township school has made all required payments under
22	section 7(b)(1) 6(b)(1) of this chapter and filed all required
23	reports under section $\frac{7(b)(3)}{6(b)(3)}$ of this chapter; and
24	(2) shall certify to the treasurer of state the amount of arrears
25	determined under section $\frac{7(b)(3)}{6(b)(3)}$ of this chapter.
26	(b) Upon being notified of the amount of arrears certified under
27	subsection (a)(2), the treasurer of state shall make payments from the
28	funds of state to the extent, but not in excess, of any amounts
29	appropriated by the general assembly for distribution to the township
30	school, deducting the payments from any amount distributed to the
31	township school.
32	[20-4-57-9] Sec. 8. Sec. 9. The department may grant permission to
33	a township school or a township to impose an excess levy to satisfy its
34	obligations under this chapter.
35	Chapter 10. Merger of School Corporations Within Counties
36	[20-4-19-1] Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, the following terms shall
37	have the following meanings: The following definitions apply
38	throughout this chapter:
39	(a) (1) "Counties" shall mean "County" means any a county
40	within the state of Indiana. [QUERY: IS THIS NEEDED?]
41	(b) (2) "School corporation in the county" shall mean means all
42	the school corporations that have territory in the a county. all or
43	a part of whose territory lies therein.
44	(c) (3) "Governing body" shall mean means the board or
45	commission charged by law with the responsibility of

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administering the affairs of a school corporation, including but



1	not limited to a board of school commissioners, metropolitan
2	board of education, board of school trustees, or board of trustees;
3	and in the case of a school township, it shall be is the trustees and
4	township board acting jointly.
5	(d) (4) "Concurrent resolutions" shall mean means substantially
6	identical resolutions adopted by each of the governing bodies of
7	the school corporations in the a county.
8	(e) (5) "Merger" shall mean means the merger of all the school
9	corporations in the a county into a single school corporation in
10	which all the rights and all the obligations of each a school
11	corporation, including but not limited to the right to receive tax
12	and other moneys, money, are transferred into a new corporation
13	to be known in this chapter as the merged corporation.
14	[20-4-19-2] Sec. 2. A merger of the School corporations in the a
15	county may merge shall be effected in the following manner: each of
16	(1) The governing bodies of the school <del>corporation</del> <b>corporations</b>
17	shall adopt a concurrent resolution providing for the merger. each
18	of such
19	(2) The resolutions in subdivision (1) shall be adopted within a
20	period of not later than sixty (60) days from after the date the
21	first concurrent resolution is adopted by any a governing body.
22	Such The resolutions shall must provide for the following:
23	(a) (A) The makeup of board member districts including that:
24	(i) all board members shall be elected from the entire
25	merged school corporation, but residence requirements may
26	provide that such members live in different districts;
27	(ii) the board member districts need not be equal in size or
28	population, and one (1) such board member district may
29	include all the area in the merged school corporation;
30	(iii) the number of members of the governing body of the
31	merged school corporation to be elected from each a board
32	member district need not be equal in number; and
33	(iv) Such concurrent resolutions may also eliminate all
34	requirements that there be board member districts.
35	(b) (B) The number of members on the governing body of the
36	merged school corporation shall must be:
37	(i) three (3);
38	(ii) five (5); or
39	(iii) seven (7);
40	members.
41	(c) (C) The time the merged school corporation shall come
42	comes into existence.
43	If however, no time is provided when the merged school corporation
44	comes into existence or if a final judgment in the remonstrance

proceeding is delayed beyond the time set in the concurrent resolutions,

the merged school corporation shall come comes into existence on July

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1	I following the adoption of such the resolutions or such the final
2	judgment, whichever last occurs last.
3	[20-4-19-3] Sec. 3. (a) After the last concurrent resolution under
4	section 2 of this chapter is adopted, notice of the adoption of the
5	concurrent resolutions shall be given by stating:
6	(1) setting out the substance of the concurrent resolutions;
7	together with the statement
8	(2) that such the resolutions have been adopted; and
9	(3) that a right of remonstrance exists as provided in this chapter.
0	It shall is not be necessary to set out the remonstrance provisions of the
1	statute, but a general reference to the right of remonstrance with a
2	reference to this chapter shall be is sufficient.
3	(b) The notice under subsection (a) shall be made two (2) times,
4	a one (1) week apart in two (2) daily newspapers, published in the
5	English language and of general circulation in the county. Where If
6	there is only one (1) such daily and/or a or weekly newspaper in the
7	county, publication in the latter paper shall be is sufficient. [Query: is
8	this last sentence in (b) ok. I believe the and/or should be "or," but
9	does that change the meaning in the sentence?]
0	(b) (c) The merger shall take effect at the time provided in section
1	2 of this chapter unless within not more than thirty (30) days after the
2	first publication of such the notice, a remonstrance is filed in the circuit
3	or superior court of the county by registered voters equal in number to
4	at least ten percent (10%) of the registered voters of any a school
5	corporation in the county.
6	[20-4-19-4] Sec. 4. (a) A remonstrance under section 3 of this
7	chapter:
8	(1) will should be in substantially in the following form:
9	The undersigned hereby remonstrates against the merger of the
0	school corporations in county;
1	(2) The remonstrance may be filed in any number of counterparts.
2	Each A counterpart shall must have attached to it:
3	(A) the affidavit of the person circulating it;
4	(B) a statement that each signature appearing thereon on the
5	remonstrance was affixed in his the presence of the person
6	circulating the remonstrance; and
7	(C) a statement that each signature is the true and lawful
8	signature of the person who made it;
9	The person who makes such affidavit need not be one (1) of the
0	persons who signs the counterpart to which it is attached. Such
1	remonstrance
2	(3) shall be accompanied by a complaint filed by one (1) or more
3	of the remonstrators (who shall be treated as a representative of
4	the entire class of remonstrators); and
5	(4) shall be signed by such the remonstrator or his the
6	remonstrator's attorney, stating the reasons for the



1	remonstrance, where Such these reasons shall be are limited to
2	the following:
3	(1) (A) There is a procedural defect in the manner in which
4	that the merger is carried out which is jurisdictional.
5	(2) (B) The benefits to be derived from the merger are
6	outweighed by its detriments, taking into consideration the
7	respective benefits and detriments of the pupils students and
8	inhabitants residing in each of the school corporations of the
9	county.
10	(b) A person who makes an affidavit under subsection (a) does
11	not have to be one (1) of the persons who signs the counterpart
12	attached to the affidavit.
13	(c) The plaintiff or plaintiffs in such the suit shall be are the person
14	or persons whose name appears on the complaint. The defendants in a
15	remonstrance under section 3 of this chapter shall be are the school
16	corporations in the county. Service of process shall be made on the
17	defendants as in other civil actions.
18	(c) (d) For the purposes of determining whether the petition was
19	timely filed, the time of filing shall be is the time of filing with the
20	clerk without regard to the time of issuance of the summons. Where If
21	the thirtieth day falls on Sunday, a holiday, or any other another day
22	when the clerk's office is not open, the time shall be is extended to the
23	next day when such the clerk's office is open.
24	(d) (e) The issues in any a remonstrance suit shall be are made up
25	by the complaint, the allegations thereof of the complaint being
26	deemed considered denied by each defendant. the defendant or
27	defendants. No A responsive pleading does not need or may to be
28	filed except that any a defendant may where appropriate file a motion
29	to dismiss the suit on the ground:
30	(1) that the requisite number of qualified remonstrators have not
31	signed the petition;
32	(2) that the remonstrance was not timely filed; or
33	(3) that the complaint does not state a cause of action.
34	(f) No A responsive pleading to this a motion to dismiss under
35	subsection (e) does not motion need or may to be filed.
36	(g) With respect to a motion under subdivisions (1) and (2)
37	subsection (e)(1) and (e)(2), the allegations shall be are deemed
38	considered denied by the remonstrators.
39	(h) For purposes of determining whether there are the requisite
40	number of qualified remonstrators under subdivision (1) of
41	subsection (e):
42	(1) no a person shall be entitled to may withdraw his the
43	person's name after a remonstrance has been filed; nor shall any
44	and
45	(2) a person be entitled to may not add his the person's name to
46	such a remonstrance that has been filed.

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1	(i) Any person may, however, At the a trial for a remonstrance
2	suit, of such cause and a person may, in support or derogation of the
3	substantive matters in the complaint, introduce into evidence a verified
4	statement that he the person wishes that his the person's name be
5	added to or withdrawn from the remonstrance.
6	(j) The court may either hear all or a part of the matters raised by the
7	a motion to dismiss separately or may consolidate for trial all or a part
8	of such the matters with the matters relating to the substance of the
9	case.
10	(k) No A complaint shall may not be dismissed for failure to state
11	a cause of action, if a fair reading of the complaint makes out one (1)
12	of the grounds for remonstrance and suit provided in subsection (a).
13	(I) An amendment of the complaint may be permitted in the
14	discretion of the court if it the complaint does not state a new ground
15	of remonstrance.
16	(e) (m) The trial of a remonstrance suit shall be conducted as other
17	civil cases by the a court without the intervention of a jury on the issues
18	raised by the:
19	(1) complaint; <del>and/or</del> or
20	(2) motion to dismiss.
21	(n) In a remonstrance suit:
22	(1) a change of venue from a judge, but no change of venue from
23	the county, will be is permitted;
24	(2) the court will expedite the hearing of the case; and Its
25	(3) the court's judgment shall must be either that:
26	(A) the merger takes place; or that it
27	(B) the merger does not take place; or that
28	(C) the remonstrance shall be is dismissed.
29	[20-4-19-5] Sec. 5. (a) The board members of the a merged school
30	corporation shall be elected at the first primary election following its
31	the merged school corporation's creation, and vacancies shall be
32	filled in accordance with <del>IC 20-4-1-26.5.</del> <b>IC 20-23-4-24.</b>
33	(b) Until such the first election under subsection (a), the board of
34	trustees of the merged school corporation shall consist of:
35	(1) the members of the governing body of any a school
36	corporation in the county other than a school township; and
37	(2) the township trustee of any a school township in the county.
38	(c) The first board of trustees shall select the name of the merged
39	school corporation by a majority vote. Such The name may be changed
40	from time to time by unanimous vote of the governing body of the
41	merged school corporation.
42	[20-4-19-6] Sec. 6. The A merged school corporation shall have has
43	all the powers provided in IC 20-4-1-26.1 IC 20-23-4-20 through
44	<del>IC 20-4-1-26.9.</del> IC 20-23-4-27 and IC 20-23-16-4.

[20-4-56-1] Sec. 1. Whenever, in the judgment of If a school trustee

Chapter 11. Joint Schools in Adjacent States

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or a board of school trustees of any school corporation in this state Indiana lying that is adjacent to a school corporation of another state believes the best interests of the public schools can be promoted by purchasing school grounds, repairing or erecting a schoolhouse or schoolhouses, and maintaining a school jointly between the two (2) adjacent school corporations, the school trustee or school trustees of the school corporation of this state Indiana so situated are hereby empowered to may enter into an agreement with the school authorities of said the adjacent school corporation for the purpose of purchasing school grounds, repairing or constructing school building or buildings, purchasing school furniture, equipment, appliances, fuel, employing teachers and maintaining a school when, in the judgment of said the school trustee or trustees of this state, Indiana, the best interests of the public school can be promoted by so doing, and such the trustee or trustees of this state are hereby empowered to Indiana may levy taxes and perform such other duties in maintaining such joint school as are otherwise provided by law for maintaining the public schools in this state. Indiana. In carrying out the provisions of this section, the school corporation shall pay such the proportion of the cost of purchasing school grounds, repairing or erecting new building or buildings, and in maintaining the joint school, as shall seem to be equitable and just, in the judgment of the school trustees of the two (2) adjacent school corporations determines is equitable and just.

## Chapter 12. Election of Governing Body Members in Gary

[20-3-21-1] Sec. 1. IC 20-4-10.1 IC 20-23-8 does not apply to:

(1) a school corporation; or

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- (2) the governing body of a school corporation; covered by this chapter.
- [20-3-21-2] Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "school corporation" means a school corporation that is located in a city having a population of more than ninety thousand (90,000) but less than one hundred five thousand (105,000).
- [20-3-21-3] Sec. 3. (a) The governing body of the school corporation consists of seven (7) members elected as follows:
  - (1) On a nonpartisan basis.
  - (2) In a primary election held in the county.
- (b) The membership shall be comprised of the following: (1) Six (6) of the members shall be are elected from the school districts drawn under section 4 of this chapter. Each member: shall be
  - (1) is elected from the school district in which the member resides; but shall, and
  - (2) upon election and in conducting the business of the governing body, represent represents the interests of the entire school corporation. (2)
- (c) One (1) of the members elected:
  - (1) is the at-large member of the governing body;



1	(2) may reside in any of the districts drawn under section 4 of this
2	chapter; and
3	(3) upon election and in conducting the business of the governing
4	body, the member shall represent represents the interests of the
5	entire school corporation.
6	[20-3-21-4] Sec. 4. The districts shall be are drawn on the same
7	lines as the common council districts set forth referred to in
8	IC 36-4-6-3.
9	[20-3-21-5] Sec. 5. (a) The six (6) members who are elected for a
10	position on the governing body described under section 3(b)(1) 3(b) of
11	this chapter are determined as follows:
12	(1) Each <b>prospective</b> candidate must file a nomination petition
13	with the clerk of the circuit court at least seventy-four (74) days
14	before the election at which the members are to be elected and
15	that includes the following information:
16	(A) The name of the <b>prospective</b> candidate.
17	(B) The district in which the <b>prospective</b> candidate resides.
18	(C) The signatures of at least one hundred (100) registered
19	voters residing within in the school corporation.
20	(D) The fact that the <b>prospective</b> candidate is running for a
21	district position.
22	(E) A certification that the <b>prospective</b> candidate meets the
23	qualifications for candidacy imposed by this chapter.
24	(2) Only eligible voters residing in the district may vote for a
25	candidate.
26	(3) The candidate within each <del>particular</del> district who receives the
27	greatest number of votes within in the district is elected.
28	(b) The at-large member who is elected for a position on the
29	governing body described under section $\frac{3(b)(2)}{3(c)}$ of this chapter is
30	determined as follows:
31	(1) Each <b>prospective</b> candidate must file a nomination petition
32	with the clerk of the circuit court at least seventy-four (74) days
33	before the election at which the at-large member is to be elected.
34	The petition must include the following information:
35	(A) The name of the <b>prospective</b> candidate.
36	(B) The signatures of at least one hundred (100) registered
37	voters residing within the school corporation.
38	(C) The fact that the <b>prospective</b> candidate is running for the
39	at-large position on the governing body.
40	(D) A certification that the <b>prospective</b> candidate meets the
41	qualifications for candidacy imposed by this chapter.
42	(2) Only eligible voters residing in the school corporation may
43	vote for a candidate.
44	(3) The candidate who:
45	(A) runs for the at-large position on the governing body; and
46	(B) receives the greatest number of votes within in the school
70	(D) receives the greatest number of votes within in the school

1	corporation;
2	is elected to the at-large position.
3	[20-3-21-6] Sec. 6. (a) A candidate who runs for a position on the
4	governing body described under section 3(b)(1) 3(b) of this chapte
5	must reside within in the boundaries of the school corporation distric
6	for which the candidate filed.
7	(b) A candidate who runs for the at-large position on the governing
8 9	body described in section $\frac{3(b)(2)}{3(c)}$ of this chapter must reside within the boundaries of in the school corporation.
10	[20-3-21-7] Sec. 7. The Indiana state board of education, with
11	assistance from the county election board, shall establish:
12	(1) balloting procedures under IC 3 for the election; and
13	(2) all other procedures required to implement this chapter.
14	[20-3-21-8] Sec. 8. The term of each person elected to serve on the
15	governing body:
16	(1) is four (4) years; beginning and
17	(2) begins the July 1 following that next follows the person's
18	election.
19	[20-3-21-9] Sec. 9. The members shall be are elected as follows:
20	(1) Three (3) of the members elected under section $\frac{3(b)(1)}{3(b)}$
21	of this chapter shall be are elected at the primary election to be
22	held in <del>2000</del> <b>2008</b> and every four (4) years thereafter.
23	(2) Three (3) of the members elected under section $\frac{3(b)(1)}{3(b)}$
24	of this chapter shall be are elected at the primary election to be
25	held in <del>2002</del> <b>2006</b> and every four (4) years thereafter.
26	(3) The at-large member elected under section $\frac{3(b)(2)}{3(c)}$ of this
27	chapter shall be is elected at the primary election to be held in
28	2004 2008 and every four (4) years thereafter.
29	[20-3-21-10] Sec. 10. (a) A vacancy on the governing body is
30	created whenever any of the following occur: when:
31	(1) The death of a member: (2) The resignation of a member. (3)
32	A member
33	(A) dies;
34	(B) resigns from the governing body;
35	(C) ceases to be a resident of the school corporation; (4) ♠
36	member
37	(D) fails to attend, except for <b>reason of</b> chronic illness, six (6
38	regularly scheduled meetings of the governing body in any
39	twelve (12) month period; (5) A member moves from or
40	(E) ceases to be a resident of the school district in which the
41	member was elected; (6) or
42	(2) a vacancy is created under any other reason provided by law
43	that creates a vacancy.
44	(b) The governing body shall temporarily fill a vacancy on the
45	governing body shall be filled temporarily by the governing body as
46	soon as practicable after the vacancy occurs.
	soon as practicable after the raddiney occurs.



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1	[20-3-21-11] Sec. 11. Before August 1 of each year, the schoo
2	corporation shall file with the state superintendent of public instruction
3	a list of the:
4	(1) names and addresses of members of the school corporation's
5	governing body;
6	(2) names and addresses of the school corporation's officers; and
7	(3) expiration dates of the terms of the school corporation's
8	members and officers.
9	The school corporation shall file any changes change in the list within
10	not later than thirty (30) days after the changes occur. change occurs
11	Chapter 13. Election of Governing Body Members in Hammond
12	Community School Corporation
13 14	[20-4-3-1] Sec. 1. (a) In a community school corporation set up established under IC 20-4-1 IC 20-23-4 that:
15	(1) has a population of more than seventy-five thousand (75,000)
16	but less than ninety thousand (90,000); and
17	(2) that is the successor in interest to a school city having the
18	same population;
19	the governing body shall consist consists of a board of trustees of five
20	(5) members elected in the manner provided in this chapter.
21	(b) At the 2000 2004 primary election and at each primary election
22	every four (4) years thereafter, there shall be elected in each school
23	corporation covered by this chapter two (2) school trustees governing
24	<b>body members</b> each of whom shall serve for four (4) years. The two
25	(2) candidates for the office of school trustee receiving the highes
26	number of votes at the election take office on July 1 next following the
27	election.
28	(c) At the 2002 primary election and at each primary election every
29	four (4) years thereafter, there shall be elected in each school city
30	covered by this chapter three (3) school trustees governing body
31	members each of whom shall serve for four (4) years. The three (3)
32	candidates for the office of school trustee receiving the highest number
33	of votes at the election take office on July 1 next following the election
34	(d) The school trustees governing body members shall be elected
35	at the times provided and shall succeed the retiring members in the
36	order and manner as set forth in this section.
37	[20-4-3-2] Sec. 2. (a) As used in this section, "county election
38	board" includes means a board of elections and registration under
39	IC 3-6-5.2.
40	(b) The board of school trustees governing body shall be elected or
41	a general ticket for a term of four (4) years by the voters of any such
42	the school city. A voter may vote in such the primary election for
43	school trustees governing body members without otherwise voting

and without declaring party preference. The members of such board the

governing body shall be elected at the time of the primary elections as

provided in section 1 of this chapter and shall be taken from the city at

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large without reference to district. Such The election shall be held under IC 3-10-1, insofar as it is not inconsistent with this chapter.

- (c) At the time provided by law for the filing of declaration of candidacy for the primary election in which members of the board of school trustees governing body are to be elected as provided for in this chapter, legal voters of such the city may present names of candidates for election as members of the board of school trustees governing body to the county election board in each county in which is situated a school city subject to this chapter is situated as follows:
  - (1) Each candidate shall be proposed in a petition in writing signed by not fewer than two hundred (200) legal voters of such the school city.
  - (2) Not more than one (1) candidate may be named in any one (1) petition.
  - (3) No A legal voter may **not** sign petitions for a greater number of candidates than the number of school trustees to be elected in the primary election concerned.
- (d) Upon the presentation of such the petition to the county election board, the board shall publish the names proposed in accordance with IC 5-3-1 and shall certify such nominations in the manner as required by law. Such The election shall be conducted in accordance with IC 3.
- (e) The county election board shall prepare the ballot for the primary election at which school trustees governing body members are to be elected as provided in this section so that the names of the candidates nominated for the office of school trustee governing body appear on the ballot:
  - (1) in alphabetical order;

- (2) without party designation; and
- (3) in the form prescribed by IC 3-10-1-19.

The name of any candidate shall not be published and placed on the ballot by the county election board if the candidate is ineligible for membership on the board of school trustees governing body under this chapter. Each voter may vote for as many candidates as there are school trustees governing body members to be elected.

[20-4-3-3] Sec. 3. The intent of this chapter is to provide that the board of school trustees governing body of the school corporations to which it relates shall be elected as provided in IC 20-4-1-26.2 IC 20-23-4-21 and IC 20-4-1-26.4 IC 20-23-4-23 through IC 20-4-1-26.6, IC 20-23-4-25, but the provisions of this chapter shall prevail prevails over any conflicting provisions of IC 20-4-1 IC 20-23-4 relating to any such school corporation.

## Chapter 14. Election of Governing Body Members in Lake Station

[20-3-22-1] Sec. 1. This chapter applies to a school corporation for which a referendum has been held:

(1) as required by statute; and



1	(2) in which a majority of the votes cast approve approves
2	electing the members of the governing body.
3	[20-3-22-2] Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "school corporation"
4	means a school corporation that is located in a city having a population
5	of more than thirteen thousand nine hundred (13,900) but less than
6	fourteen thousand two hundred (14,200).
7	[20-3-22-3] Sec. 3. (a) The governing body of the school
8	corporation consists of five (5) members who shall be elected on a
9	nonpartisan basis.
10	(b) Three (3) of the members shall be are elected from the school
11	districts in which they reside as established under referred to in
12	section 4 of this chapter by eligible voters residing within in the
13	respective school districts. but who shall, Each member:
14	(1) is elected from the school district in which the member
15	resides; and
16	(2) upon election and in conducting the business of the governing
17	body, represent represents the interests of the entire school
18	corporation.
19	(c) Two (2) of the members: <del>shall be</del>
20	(1) are elected at large by eligible voters residing within the
21	boundaries of in the school corporation;
22	(2) are at-large members of the governing body; and shall,
23	(3) upon election and in conducting the business of the governing
24	body, represent the interests of the entire school corporation.
25	[20-3-22-4] Sec. 4. The school districts for the election of the
26	members of the governing body under section 3(b) of this chapter are
27	as follows:
28	(1) Commencing at the Southeast corner of Section 16; thence
29	West along the center line of 29th Avenue (South line of Section
30	16) to Deep River; thence Southwesterly along the center line of
31	Deep River to State Road 51; thence South along the center line
32	of State Road 51 to 33rd Avenue to Montgomery Street (the
33	North-South center line of Section 20); thence North along the
34	center line of Montgomery Street to 31st Avenue; then West
35	along the center line of 31st Avenue to Grand Boulevard; then
36	North along the center line of Grand Boulevard to Riverside
37	Drive; then Northeasterly along the center line of Riverside Drive
38	to Laporte Street; thence North along the center line of Laporte
39	Street to Fairview Avenue; thence Easterly along the center line
40	of Fairview Avenue to State Road 51; thence North along the
41	center line of State Road 51 to Central Avenue; thence East along
42	the center line of Central Avenue to the county line; thence South
43	along the county line to the point of beginning.
44	(2) Commencing at the Northeast Corner of Section 9-36-7;

thence South along the county line to Central Avenue; thence West along the center line of Central Avenue to State Road 51;

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45 46 thence South along the center line of State Road 51 to Fairview Street; thence Westerly along the center line of Fairview Avenue to Laporte Street; thence South along the center line of Laporte Street to Riverside Drive; thence Southwesterly along the center line of Riverside Drive to Grand Boulevard; thence North along the center line of Grand Boulevard to Court Street; thence West along the center line of Court Street to Howard Street; thence Northerly along the center line of Howard Street to the Borman Tri-State Highway (I-80 and I-94); thence Westerly along the center line of the Borman Tri-State Highway to the Little Calumet River Bed; thence meandering along the center line of the Little Calumet River Bed first in a Northeasterly direction, then in a Southwesterly direction, then in a Northerly direction to Burns Ditch; thence Westerly along the center line of Burns Ditch to Clay Street; then North along the center line of Clay Street to 15th Avenue; thence East along the center line of 15th Avenue to Gibson Street; thence North along Gibson Street to the Indiana Toll Road; thence Easterly along the North Line of the Indiana Toll Road to Lake Street; thence North along the East Line of Lake Street to the Wabash Railroad; thence East along the Wabash Railroad to the point of beginning.

(3) Commencing at the Southeast corner of Section 18-36-7; thence West along the center line of 29th Avenue to Hancock Street; thence South along the center line of Hancock Street to Deep River; thence Southwesterly along the center line of Deep River to Gibson Street; thence North along the center line of Gibson Street to 29th Avenue; thence West along 29th Avenue, including residences on both the North and South sides of 29th Avenue to Clay Street; thence South along the center line of Clay Street to Liverpool Road; thence Westerly along the center line of Liverpool Road to Benton Street; thence North along the center line of Benton Street to 29th Avenue; thence West along the center line of 29th Avenue to State Street; thence North along the center line of State Street to Marquette Road; thence Easterly along the center line of Marquette Road to Clay Street; thence North along the center line of Clay Street to Burns Ditch; thence Easterly along the center line of Burns Ditch to the Little Calumet River Bed; thence meandering along the center line of the Little Calumet River Bed first in a Southerly direction, then in a Northeasterly direction, and then in a Southerly direction to the Borman Tri-State Highway (I-80 and I-94); then Easterly along the center line of the Borman Tri-State Highway to Howard Street; thence Southerly along the center line of Howard Street to Court Street; thence East along the center line of Court Street to Grand Boulevard; thence South along the center line of Grand Boulevard to the point of beginning.



1	[20-3-22-5] Sec. 5. To be eligible to be a candidate for the
2	governing body under this chapter, the following apply:
3	(1) Each prospective candidate must file a nomination petition
4	with the clerk of the circuit court at least seventy-four (74) days
5	before the primary election at which the members are to be
6	elected that includes the following information:
7	(A) The name of the prospective candidate.
8	(B) Whether the prospective candidate is a district candidate
9	or an at-large candidate.
0	(C) A certification that the <b>prospective</b> candidate meets the
1	qualifications for candidacy imposed under this chapter.
2	(D) The signatures of at least one hundred (100) registered
3	voters residing within in the school corporation.
4	(2) Each prospective candidate for a district position must:
5	(A) reside within in the district; and
6	(B) have resided within in the district for at least the three (3)
7	years immediately preceding the election.
8	(3) Each prospective candidate for an at-large position must:
9	(A) reside within the boundaries of in the school corporation;
0	and
1	(B) have resided within the boundaries of in the school
2	corporation for at least the three (3) years immediately
3	preceding the election.
4	(4) Each prospective candidate (regardless of whether the
5	candidate is a district candidate or an at-large candidate) must:
6	(A) be a registered voter; and must
7	<b>(B)</b> have been a registered voter for at least the three (3) years
8	immediately preceding the election; and
9	(B) (C) be a high school graduate or have received a:
0	(i) high school equivalency certificate; or
1	(ii) state of Indiana general educational development (GED)
2	diploma under <del>IC 20-10.1-12.1.</del> <b>IC 20-20-6.</b>
3	(5) A prospective candidate may not:
4	(A) hold any other elective or appointive office; or
5	(B) have a pecuniary interest in any contract with the school
6	corporation or its governing body;
7	as prohibited by law.
8	[20-3-22-6] Sec. 6. (a) With regard to the district positions referred
9	to in section 3(b) of this chapter, the candidate who receives the
0	greatest number of votes of all candidates against whom the candidate
1	runs is elected.
2	(b) With regard to the at-large positions referred to in section 3(c)
3	of this chapter, the appropriate number of two (2) at-large candidates
4	who receive the greatest number of votes of all at-large candidates are
5	elected.
6	[20-3-22-7] Sec. 7. The Indiana state board, of education, with



1	assistance from the county election board, shall establish:
2	(1) balloting procedures under IC 3 for the election; and
3	(2) all other procedures required to implement this chapter.
4	[20-3-22-8] Sec. 8. Except as provided in section 9(2) of this
5	chapter, The term of each person elected to serve on the governing
6	body:
7	(1) is four (4) years; beginning and
8	(2) begins the July 1 following that next follows the person's
9	election.
10	[20-3-22-9] Sec. 9. The members shall be are elected as follows:
11	(1) Three (3) of the members shall be are elected at the primary
12	election to be held in 2000 2008 and every four (4) years
13	thereafter.
14	(2) Two (2) of the members shall be are elected at the primary
15	election to be held in 2002 2006 and every four (4) years
16	thereafter.
17	[20-3-22-10] Sec. 10. The governing body shall temporarily fill
18	a vacancy on the governing body shall be filled temporarily by the
19	governing body as soon as practicable after the vacancy occurs. The
20	member chosen must reside in the same district as the vacating
21	member. A member chosen by the governing body to fill a vacancy
22	holds office for the remainder of the unexpired term.
23	Chapter 15. Election of Governing Body Members in South
24	Bend
24 25	Bend [20-3-20-1] Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "county" refers to means
25	[20-3-20-1] Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "county" refers to means
25 26	[20-3-20-1] Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "county" refers to means the county in which the school corporation is located.
<ul><li>25</li><li>26</li><li>27</li></ul>	[20-3-20-1] Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "county" refers to means the county in which the school corporation is located. [20-3-20-2] Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "school corporation"
25 26 27 28	[20-3-20-1] Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "county" refers to means the county in which the school corporation is located. [20-3-20-2] Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "school corporation" refers only to means a school corporation that:
25 26 27 28 29	[20-3-20-1] Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "county" refers to means the county in which the school corporation is located. [20-3-20-2] Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "school corporation" refers only to means a school corporation that:  (1) is located in a county having a population of:
25 26 27 28 29 30	[20-3-20-1] Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "county" refers to means the county in which the school corporation is located.  [20-3-20-2] Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "school corporation" refers only to means a school corporation that:  (1) is located in a county having a population of:  (A) more than three hundred thousand (300,000) but less than
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	[20-3-20-1] Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "county" refers to means the county in which the school corporation is located. [20-3-20-2] Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "school corporation" refers only to means a school corporation that:  (1) is located in a county having a population of:  (A) more than three hundred thousand (300,000) but less than four hundred thousand (400,000); or  (B) more than two hundred thousand (200,000) but less than three hundred thousand (300,000); and
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	[20-3-20-1] Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "county" refers to means the county in which the school corporation is located.  [20-3-20-2] Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "school corporation" refers only to means a school corporation that:  (1) is located in a county having a population of:  (A) more than three hundred thousand (300,000) but less than four hundred thousand (400,000); or  (B) more than two hundred thousand (200,000) but less than
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	[20-3-20-1] Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "county" refers to means the county in which the school corporation is located. [20-3-20-2] Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "school corporation" refers only to means a school corporation that:  (1) is located in a county having a population of:  (A) more than three hundred thousand (300,000) but less than four hundred thousand (400,000); or  (B) more than two hundred thousand (200,000) but less than three hundred thousand (300,000); and
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	[20-3-20-1] Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "county" refers to means the county in which the school corporation is located.  [20-3-20-2] Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "school corporation" refers only to means a school corporation that:  (1) is located in a county having a population of:  (A) more than three hundred thousand (300,000) but less than four hundred thousand (400,000); or  (B) more than two hundred thousand (200,000) but less than three hundred thousand (300,000); and  (2) has at least twenty thousand (20,000) students.
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	[20-3-20-1] Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "county" refers to means the county in which the school corporation is located.  [20-3-20-2] Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "school corporation" refers only to means a school corporation that:  (1) is located in a county having a population of:  (A) more than three hundred thousand (300,000) but less than four hundred thousand (400,000); or  (B) more than two hundred thousand (200,000) but less than three hundred thousand (300,000); and  (2) has at least twenty thousand (20,000) students.  [20-3-20-3] Sec. 3. (a) A school corporation shall hold a referendum at the first primary election after this chapter becomes applicable to the school corporation in which the registered voters who reside within the
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	[20-3-20-1] Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "county" refers to means the county in which the school corporation is located.  [20-3-20-2] Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "school corporation" refers only to means a school corporation that:  (1) is located in a county having a population of:  (A) more than three hundred thousand (300,000) but less than four hundred thousand (400,000); or  (B) more than two hundred thousand (200,000) but less than three hundred thousand (300,000); and  (2) has at least twenty thousand (20,000) students.  [20-3-20-3] Sec. 3. (a) A school corporation shall hold a referendum at the first primary election after this chapter becomes applicable to the school corporation in which the registered voters who reside within the boundaries of the school corporation are entitled to vote as to whether
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	[20-3-20-1] Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "county" refers to means the county in which the school corporation is located.  [20-3-20-2] Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "school corporation" refers only to means a school corporation that:  (1) is located in a county having a population of:  (A) more than three hundred thousand (300,000) but less than four hundred thousand (400,000); or  (B) more than two hundred thousand (200,000) but less than three hundred thousand (300,000); and  (2) has at least twenty thousand (20,000) students.  [20-3-20-3] Sec. 3. (a) A school corporation shall hold a referendum at the first primary election after this chapter becomes applicable to the school corporation in which the registered voters who reside within the boundaries of the school corporation are entitled to vote as to whether the school corporation shall elect the members of the governing body
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	[20-3-20-1] Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "county" refers to means the county in which the school corporation is located.  [20-3-20-2] Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "school corporation" refers only to means a school corporation that:  (1) is located in a county having a population of:  (A) more than three hundred thousand (300,000) but less than four hundred thousand (400,000); or  (B) more than two hundred thousand (200,000) but less than three hundred thousand (300,000); and  (2) has at least twenty thousand (20,000) students.  [20-3-20-3] Sec. 3. (a) A school corporation shall hold a referendum at the first primary election after this chapter becomes applicable to the school corporation in which the registered voters who reside within the boundaries of the school corporation are entitled to vote as to whether
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	[20-3-20-1] Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "county" refers to means the county in which the school corporation is located.  [20-3-20-2] Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "school corporation" refers only to means a school corporation that:  (1) is located in a county having a population of:  (A) more than three hundred thousand (300,000) but less than four hundred thousand (400,000); or  (B) more than two hundred thousand (200,000) but less than three hundred thousand (300,000); and  (2) has at least twenty thousand (20,000) students.  [20-3-20-3] Sec. 3. (a) A school corporation shall hold a referendum at the first primary election after this chapter becomes applicable to the school corporation in which the registered voters who reside within the boundaries of the school corporation are entitled to vote as to whether the school corporation shall elect the members of the governing body
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	[20-3-20-1] Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "county" refers to means the county in which the school corporation is located.  [20-3-20-2] Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "school corporation" refers only to means a school corporation that:  (1) is located in a county having a population of:  (A) more than three hundred thousand (300,000) but less than four hundred thousand (400,000); or  (B) more than two hundred thousand (200,000) but less than three hundred thousand (300,000); and  (2) has at least twenty thousand (20,000) students.  [20-3-20-3] Sec. 3. (a) A school corporation shall hold a referendum at the first primary election after this chapter becomes applicable to the school corporation in which the registered voters who reside within the boundaries of the school corporation are entitled to vote as to whether the school corporation shall elect the members of the governing body of the school corporation under sections 6 through 11 of this chapter.  (b) The referendum shall must be held under the direction of the county election board, which shall take all steps necessary to carry out
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	[20-3-20-1] Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "county" refers to means the county in which the school corporation is located.  [20-3-20-2] Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "school corporation" refers only to means a school corporation that:  (1) is located in a county having a population of:  (A) more than three hundred thousand (300,000) but less than four hundred thousand (400,000); or  (B) more than two hundred thousand (200,000) but less than three hundred thousand (300,000); and  (2) has at least twenty thousand (20,000) students.  [20-3-20-3] Sec. 3. (a) A school corporation shall hold a referendum at the first primary election after this chapter becomes applicable to the school corporation in which the registered voters who reside within the boundaries of the school corporation are entitled to vote as to whether the school corporation shall elect the members of the governing body of the school corporation under sections 6 through 11 of this chapter.  (b) The referendum shall must be held under the direction of the
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	[20-3-20-1] Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "county" refers to means the county in which the school corporation is located.  [20-3-20-2] Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "school corporation" refers only to means a school corporation that:  (1) is located in a county having a population of:  (A) more than three hundred thousand (300,000) but less than four hundred thousand (400,000); or  (B) more than two hundred thousand (200,000) but less than three hundred thousand (300,000); and  (2) has at least twenty thousand (20,000) students.  [20-3-20-3] Sec. 3. (a) A school corporation shall hold a referendum at the first primary election after this chapter becomes applicable to the school corporation in which the registered voters who reside within the boundaries of the school corporation are entitled to vote as to whether the school corporation shall elect the members of the governing body of the school corporation under sections 6 through 11 of this chapter.  (b) The referendum shall must be held under the direction of the county election board, which shall take all steps necessary to carry out

school corporation in that county within twenty-four (24) months of the



1	effective date of this act.
2	[20-3-20-4] Sec. 4. (a) The circuit court clerk of the county shall
3	provide notice of the referendum to the registered voters who reside
4	within the boundaries of the school corporation:
5	(1) at least one (1) time;
6	(2) in at least one (1) newspaper of general circulation that is
7	published in the county; and
8	(3) not earlier than March 15 nor later than April 15 of the year in
9	which the referendum is held.
10	(b) The notice published under subsection (a) must:
11	(1) state that the referendum is called to afford the registered
12	voters an opportunity to vote on whether members of the
13	governing body will be elected;
14	(2) state that the referendum will be held at the next primary
15	election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in
16	May;
17	(3) state that the referendum will be held on a nonpartisan basis
18	and that all registered voters residing within the boundaries of the
19	(insert the name of school corporation) may vote in the
20	referendum; and
21	(4) designate that the voting place or places at which the
22	referendum will be held must be those that are:
23	(A) used for the next primary election; and
24	(B) located within the boundaries of the (insert the name of
25	school corporation).
26	(c) The referendum question must be placed on the ballot in the
27	form prescribed by IC 3-10-9-4 and must state:
28	"Shall the members of the board of school trustees of the (insert
29	the name of school corporation) be elected in the general election
30	from five (5) districts and from two (2) at-large positions in the
31	school corporation?".
32	[20-3-20-5] Sec. 5. (a) Each precinct election board shall count the
33	affirmative votes and the negative votes cast in the referendum and
34	shall certify those two (2) totals to the county election board.
35	(b) The clerk of the circuit court of the county shall, immediately
36	after the votes cast in the referendum have been counted, certify the
37	results to the state board. of education.
38	(c) If a majority of the votes cast in the referendum favors the
39	election of the members of the governing body, sections 6 through 11
40	of this chapter concerning the manner in which the members of the
41	governing body shall be elected applies.
42	[20-3-20-6] Sec. 6. (a) The governing body of the school
43	corporation consists of seven (7) members who shall be elected:
44	(1) on a nonpartisan basis; and
45	(2) in the general election held in the county.

(b) Five (5) of the members shall be elected from the school districts



1	in which they the members reside as established under section 7 of
2	this chapter.
3	(c) Two (2) of the members shall be elected at-large.
4	[20-3-20-7] Sec. 7. The state board of education shall, before July
5	1 immediately following the referendum, establish the school districts
6	for the election of the members of the governing body under section
7	6(b) of this chapter as follows:
8	(1) The districts shall be drawn on the basis of precinct lines.
9	(2) The districts must be, as nearly as practicable, of equal
0	population, with the population of the largest district not to
1	exceed the population of the smallest district by more than five
2	percent (5%).
3	(3) The district lines must not cross precinct lines.
4	[20-3-20-8] Sec. 8. Whenever If a candidate runs for one (1) of the
5	district positions on the governing body, as provided under section 6(b)
6	of this chapter, the following applies: apply:
7	(1) An individual who runs for one (1) of the district positions on
8	the governing body must reside within that district.
9	(2) Upon filing an intention to run under this chapter, the
0	candidate must specify that the candidate is running for a district
1	position.
2	(3) Only eligible voters residing in the candidate's district may
3	vote for the candidate.
4	(4) The candidate who receives the greatest number of votes of all
5	candidates against whom the candidate runs wins.
6	[20-3-20-9] Sec. 9. Whenever If a candidate runs for one (1) of the
7 8	at-large positions on the governing body, as provided under section 6(c) of this chapter, the following applies: apply:
9	(1) An individual who runs for one (1) of the at-large positions on
0	the governing body must reside within the boundaries of the
1	school corporation.
2	(2) Upon filing an intention to run under this chapter, the
3	candidate must specify that the candidate is running for an
4	at-large position.
5	(3) Eligible voters from all districts may vote for the candidate.
6	(4) The two (2) candidates who receive the greatest number of
7	votes win.
8	[20-3-20-10] Sec. 10. The state board of education shall establish:
9	(1) balloting procedures for the election under the statutes
0	governing elections; and
1	(2) all other procedures required to implement this chapter.
2	[20-3-20-11] Sec. 11. (a) Persons Except as otherwise provided in
3	this section, a person elected to serve on the governing body:
4	begin their terms (1) begins the person's term on January 1 of
5	the year following their the person's election; and

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serve (2) serves a four (4) year terms. except as otherwise



provided in this section. term.

- (b) The two (2) members of the governing body who were last selected in accordance with under the selection process in effect for the school corporation before a referendum is held under this chapter shall serve as at-large members through December 31 of the year in which the second general election is held to elect members of the governing body under this chapter. However, if this subsection applies to more than two (2) members, the circuit court judge for the county shall select two (2) of these members to serve as at-large members through December 31 of the year in which the second general election is held to elect members of the governing body under this chapter.
  - (c) The terms of all other members of the governing body who were selected to serve on the governing body before a referendum is held under this chapter expire December 31 of the year in which the referendum is held.
  - (d) In the initial general election held to elect members of the governing body under this chapter, five (5) of the members shall be elected by voters from their districts as follows:
    - (1) Three (3) of the members elected shall serve for four (4) year terms.
    - (2) Two (2) of the members elected shall serve for two (2) year terms.
  - (e) In the second general election held to elect members of the governing body under this chapter, four (4) of the members shall be elected as follows:
    - (1) Two (2) of the members shall be elected by voters from their district and shall serve four (4) year terms.
    - (2) Two (2) of the members shall be elected at large and shall serve four (4) year terms.
  - [20-3-20-12] Sec. 12. <del>Vacancies</del> (a) A vacancy on the governing body shall must be filled temporarily by the governing body as soon as practicable after the vacancy occurs.
  - **(b)** A member chosen by the governing body to fill a vacancy shall hold holds office for the remainder of the unexpired term and shall must be chosen from the same district as the vacating member if the vacating member held a district position.

## **Chapter 16. School Corporation Organization; Miscellaneous Provisions**

- [NOTE DOE RECOMMENDS REPEALING THESE PROVISIONS]
- [20-4-1-7] Sec. 1. Sec. 7. Any plan ereating If a united school corporation is created from existing school corporations which that are each entirely located in one (1) county, shall, except as provided, be prepared by joint action of the county committees of the counties in which the respective school corporations are situated Any such plan, located shall jointly prepare a plan for the united school



corporation. For the purpose of submission to the state board, as provided, the plan shall be included in the comprehensive plan of the county which that has the largest number of pupils students residing in the proposed united school corporation. However, In instances when any such If an existing school corporation from which a united school corporation is created contains territory in two (2) or more counties, the county committee of the county containing that portion of the school corporation having that has the most pupils students shall include the entire corporation within in its plan in the absence of a written agreement with the adjoining county committee of the adjoining county to the contrary.

[20-4-1-14] Sec. 2. Sec. 14. (a) All those reorganization plans approved before March 15, 1963, by the state board are hereby declared void on March 15, 1963, except with respect to any community school corporation where:

- (1) any such plan has received a majority affirmative vote at an election;
- (2) such plan has been certified by the clerk of the circuit court as being petitioned in by fifty-five percent (55%) or more of the registered voters for any such reorganized school corporation and notice has been duly published by the county committee pursuant to sections 5 through 13, 20 through 23, 26, 28, 34, and 40 section 6 of this chapter and IC 20-23-4-5 through IC 20-23-4-11, IC 20-23-4-14 through IC 20-23-4-17, IC 20-23-4-36, IC 20-23-4-39, IC 20-23-16-1, and IC 20-23-16-6; or
- (3) the plan provides for a school corporation meeting the qualifications for formation of a community school corporation under section 22 of this chapter. IC 20-23-4-16.
- (b) The county committee and other government officials shall, with respect to any such voided reorganization plan, take all actions necessary for the preparation of a comprehensive plan as if no prior plan had been submitted, and within the time prescribed by sections 5 through 13 of this chapter. IC 20-23-4-5 through IC 20-23-4-10 and IC 20-23-16-1.

[20-4-1-19] Sec. 3. Sec. 19: Any preliminary or final plan adopted under sections 5 through 14 of this chapter may provide for a board of nine (9) members where the With respect to a proposed community school corporation is formed out of two (2) or more school corporations operating a joint high school which high school that has an enrollment of six hundred (600) or more in grades 9 through 12 at the time of the adoption of the a preliminary plan adopted under IC 20-23-4-5 through IC 20-23-4-10, IC 20-23-16-1, and IC 20-23-16-2, the preliminary plan or final plan adopted under IC 20-23-4-5 through IC 20-23-4-10, IC 20-23-16-1, and IC 20-23-16-2 may provide for a board of nine (9) members.

[20-4-1-26.9] Sec. 4. Sec. 26.9. (a) This section applies to each



1	school corporation. whenever created.
2	(b) Each board of school trustees governing body created under this
3	chapter may annually levy the amount of taxes that;
4	(1) in the judgment of the board, governing body; and
5	(2) made a matter of record in its the minutes;
6	should be levied to produce income sufficient to conduct and carry on
7	the public schools committed to the board. governing body.
8	(c) The board governing body shall annually levy a rate that will
9	produce a sum sufficient to meet all payments of principal and interest
10	as they mature in the year for which the levy is made on the:
11	(1) bonds;
12	(2) notes; or
13	(3) other obligations;
14	of the community school corporation.
15	(c) (d) The power of the board governing body in making tax levies
16	shall be exercised within existing statutory limits. The levies:
17	(1) are subject to the same review as school city levies; and
18	(2) shall be at a uniform and equal rate on all taxable property
19	located within the boundaries of the community school
20	corporation.
21	[20-4-1-27] Sec. 5. Sec. 27. School corporations adjacent to rejected
22	segments of proposed reorganized school corporations shall accept on
23	transfer, in the manner required by law, pupils of the rejected school
24	corporation territory.
25	[20-4-1-28] Sec. 6. <del>Sec. 28. Where:</del> <b>If:</b>
26	(1) any a plan has been approved by any county committee or
27	committees and by the state board prior to before March 10,
28	1961;
29	(2) the plan provides for election of the members of the board of
30	school trustees of the community or united school corporation;
31	and
32	(3) the first board of trustees has not yet been selected;
33	the plan may be amended by the county committee or committees with
34	the approval of the state board without hearing to provide for the
35	selection of the first members in the manner provided in section 26.6
36	25 of this chapter.
37	[20-4-1-35] Sec. 7. Sec. 35. (1) (a) A reorganization plan may
38	provide that the proposed community school corporation or united
39	school corporation shall pay to each:
40	(1) civil township;
41	(2) civil city; or
42	(3) civil town;
43	located therein, in the corporation which has issued school aid bonds
44	prior to before the due date thereof, of the bonds, amounts sufficient
45	to pay principal and interest on such school aid bonds.
46	(2) (b) As an alternative to the above provision subsection (a), a

reorganization plan may provide for the payment of outstanding school aid bonds of any of the foregoing civil units by:

- (1) the civil townships located in the territory of such the community school corporation; or
- (2) united school corporation;

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with each civil township paying each year annually a proportionate share of the cost of the payment of the principal and interest of such school aid bonds falling due each year. such The proportionate share must be to be in the proportion that the net assessed valuation of such the civil township's taxable property located within the community or united school corporation bears to the total net assessed valuation in such the community or united school corporation. Said The annual amount shall be paid in semi-annual instalments on: the 20th day of:

- (A) June 20; and
- (B) December 20;

of each year to the treasurer of the board of school trustees governing **body** of the community or united school corporation who shall in turn promptly pay over to the fiscal officer of each civil unit having outstanding school aid bonds an amount sufficient to pay the then next succeeding instalment of principal and interest on said the bonds.

[20-4-1-36] Sec. 8. Sec. 36. If any reorganization plan provides for the payment of school aid bonds as authorized in section 35(1) section 7(a) or section 35(2) section 7(b) of this chapter, each school corporation or civil township which that is required to make such payments is hereby authorized and required to shall include in their the corporation's annual budgets budget an amount sufficient to make such the payments and to levy a tax therefor for the bonds, which tax in the case of civil townships shall may be levied only on the property located within the community or united school corporation (which property shall constitute constitutes a special taxing district), which shall be in addition to all taxes heretofore previously authorized and such the levy shall be reviewable by other bodies vested by law with such authority to ascertain that the levy is sufficient to raise the amount required to meet the payments. provided, however, that no No payments as above provided for under this section shall be required prior to before the first June 20 following the first August 1 after the proposed community school corporation or united school corporation has come into existence.

[20-4-1-37] Sec. 9. Sec. 37. In any community or united school corporation formed before March 11, 1961, the civil townships shall make the payments as provided in section 35(2) section 7(b) of this chapter and shall levy taxes as provided in section 36 8 of this chapter as if such the provision had been included in the reorganization plan adopted.

[20-4-1-38] Sec. 10. Sec. 38. In any community school corporation formed before or after July 26, 1967, the board of school trustees may

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by resolution provide for making payments to civil townships as provided in section 35(1) section 7(a) of this chapter and shall levy taxes as provided in section 36 8 of this chapter as if such the provision had been included in the reorganization plan adopted.

[20-4-1-39] Sec. 11. Sec. 39. In a county having a population of more than one hundred seventy thousand (170,000) but less than one hundred eighty thousand (180,000), whenever after April 17, 1963:

- (1) proceedings have been had undertaken in good faith to form a community school corporation by the consolidation of two (2) or more prior established school corporations;
- (2) such the community school corporation is held, by a final order and decision of a court, to be invalidly formed and nonexistent; and
- (3) which the order and decision is are not subject to further judicial review;

any bonds issued (prior to such (before the final order and decision of the court) in the name of such the community school corporation, to provide funds to be applied on the cost of construction and equipment of a school building:

- (A) shall not be are not invalid by reason of such the final order and decision of the court; but
- (B) shall be and constitute the valid and binding obligation of the prior established school corporation in which territory the school building was or is being constructed, the same as if such the bonds had been validly issued in the name of such the prior established school corporation.

This section shall be is applicable only if the bonds at the time of their issuance would have been within the limitation of indebtedness imposed by the Constitution of the State of Indiana on such the prior established school corporation.

[20-4-5-9] Sec. 12. Sec. 9. (a) Except as otherwise provided with respect to the power to issue bonds in section 10 13 of this chapter, said school board the governing body shall perform the duties and shall have all the powers vested in the school board or board of trustees governing body of a school city of the class in which the consolidated school corporation would fall on the basis of its population according to the last preceding United States census under the Indiana statutes, of this state, if it were organized as a school city.

- (b) In the event, however, such If a consolidated school corporation has a population determined in such manner of less than two thousand (2,000), such school board the governing body shall:
  - (1) shall perform the duties; and
  - (2) shall have all the powers vested in the school board governing body of a school town.
- (c) The cost of maintaining such consolidated schools shall be borne by the consolidated school corporation, corporation as a single tax



1	taxing unit. Taxes to meet such the cost shall be:
2	(1) levied by said the consolidated school board governing body
3	at a uniform and equal rate on all the taxable property located
4	within the limits of said the consolidated school corporation; and
5	(2) collected in the:
6	(A) city or cities;
7	(B) town or towns; and
8	(C) township or townships;
9	in the same manner as other taxes are levied and collected.
10	[20-4-5-10] Sec. 13. Sec. 10. (a) Whenever When it shall become
11	becomes necessary to:
12	(1) build a new building or buildings; or
13	(2) to make repairs or alterations on old ones buildings;
14	said school board the governing body shall have the power to: may:
15	(A) build such a new building or buildings; or
16	(B) to repair or alter such old ones buildings; as they may
17	<del>deem necessary</del> and
18	(C) to purchase the necessary site therefor; for new buildings.
19	and the
20	(b) The cost thereof of new buildings or repairs or alterations for
21	old buildings shall be taxed against all taxable property lying within
22	the corporate limits of such the newly consolidated school corporation.
23	Said school board shall have
24	(c) The governing body the power to may issue bonds of such the
25	new school corporation against the taxable property lying within the
26	corporate limits of the newly consolidated school corporation to meet
27	the cost of any new building or buildings, or the repair or alteration of
28	old <del>ones</del> buildings.
29	(b) (d) Such bonds Bonds authorized by this chapter shall be
30	payable in such amounts and at such times as the school board may
31	determine, governing body determines and shall bear such the rate of
32	interest as may be determined.
33	(e) Said board shall have The board the power to may levy and
34	collect taxes to meet the payment of any bonds issued pursuant to
35	under this chapter; chapter. Provided, That said school board shall
36	have The governing body has all of the powers given and granted to
37	school corporations for the appropriation purchase of the real estate
38	for school purposes by IC 20-5-23[??].
39	[20-4-5-11] Sec. 14. Sec. 11. (a) Said The school board governing
40	body of such a consolidated school corporation shall be is governed by
41	the Indiana laws of the state in force for transportation of pupils
42	students to such consolidated schools. Provided, that if
43	(b) If a consolidated school is maintained within the corporate
44	limits of a city or town, then the said school board the governing body
45	shall provide and maintain means of transportation for all pupils

students in:



1	(A) elementary; or
2	(B) high schools; or
3	(C) both;
4	that live more than one-half $(1/2)$ mile outside the city or town limit
5	and, provided further, that
6	(c) If by reason of due to:
7	(A) the condition of roads or streams; or
8	(B) distance;
9	it would not be is not advantageous for certain children of school ag
0	students to be transported to any a consolidated school established and
1	maintained under this chapter, the said school board governing bod
2	may maintain separate schools and provide schoolhouses for such th
3	ehildren students so affected by condition of roads, streams, o
4	distance to consolidated schools.[QUERY: SHOULD THIS REAI
5	"BY THE CONDITIONS OF ROADS OR STREAMS OF
6	DISTANCE?]
7	[20-4-8-2] Sec. 15. Sec. 2. (a) County school corporations may be
8	formed in any county in either of the following ways:
9	(1) By majority vote of the township trustees in any the county
0	who The township trustees shall hold an officially called public
1	meeting wherein to allow taxpayers of the county may to be
2	heard, at least ten (10) days following:
3	(A) publication of notice of such the meeting held within said
4	the county and stating the time and place thereof of the
5	meeting in accordance with IC 5-3-1; and
6	(B) who shall therein adopt adoption of a resolution wherein
7	such in which the trustees shall provide for and approve the
8	creation of such a county school corporation.
9	then said After the actions taken in clauses (A) and (B) hav
0	been taken, the county school corporation shall be created and
1	come into existence subject to the provisions and under the
2	conditions prescribed in this chapter.
3	(2) By action of the voters within any county in the following
4	manner:
5	(A) Whenever a petition requesting a referendum in the
6	township school corporations outside of the cities and town
7	of a county:
8	(i) on the question of whether said the county school
9	corporation shall be created; and
0	(ii) signed by a number of registered voters in each school
1	township in the county equal to five percent (5%) of the
2	number of votes cast in that township for the office o
3	secretary of state in the last general election
4	shall be is filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court in
5	said the county, the clerk shall call a meeting of the count
6	election board which board and the county election board



1	shall provide for said the referendum.
2	(B) If the referendum will not be conducted at a general
3	election or primary election, the proper taxing authorities shall
4	levy and appropriate funds for such a the referendum.
5	(C) Said The referendum shall be held:
6	(i) at a special election not less than thirty (30) days after
7	publication of notice in accordance with IC 5-3-1; or
8	(ii) at the next primary or general election after the filing of
9	said the petition. and
10	The referendum shall be submitted only to voters of the
11	county residing in said the area.
12	(b) The question shall be placed on the ballot in the form prescribed
13	by IC 3-10-9-4 and must state "Shall the school townships
14	of county be formed into one county school corporation
15	under <del>IC 20-4-8?".</del> <b>IC 20-23-7?".</b>
16	(c) In the event If a majority of those voting on such the referendum
17	held under this section vote in the affirmative, a county school
18	corporation shall be created and come into existence subject to the
19	provisions and under the conditions described under this chapter. In the
20	event a majority of those voting in said the referendum vote in the
21	negative, the existing school corporations and government thereof shall
22	remain remains unaffected.
23	[20-4-8-3] Sec. 16. Sec. 3. When such a county school corporation
24	is created and comes into existence by either of the methods set forth
25	in section 2 15 of this chapter, the boundaries thereof of the county
26	school corporation shall must be coterminous with the civil county,
27	and its the territories of the county school corporation shall must
28	include all the territory within the county exclusive of any territory
29	organized under or with a city or town school corporation. Provided,
30	however, that any Any township that at the time of such the
31	referendum is:
32	(1) conducting any of its schools jointly; or
33	(2) consolidated with any city or town pursuant to under existing
34	law;
35	shall continue to conduct such the schools in all respects and in the
36	same manner as theretofore, before the creation of the county school
37	corporation and the remainder of its the county schools shall become
38	a part of the county school corporation. and be governed as such. It the
39	duty of The county school corporation to shall conduct the educational
40	activities of the county in harmony with under state law and in general
41	conformity with the laws of the state of Indiana with reference to public
42	education. The control and administration of the schools of the county
43	shall be is vested in a county board of education governing body
44	whose:
45	(A) composition;

(B) duties;



1	(C) manner of election; and
2	(D) powers;
3	are prescribed in this chapter.
4	[20-4-8-4] Sec. 17. Sec. 4. (a) At the first meeting of the board of
5	commissioners of such the county, county after the creation of such a
6	county school corporation as provided in this chapter, the board of
7	commissioners shall divide the school county exclusive of any cities
8	and towns located therein into three (3) board member districts
9	approximately equal in population.
10	<b>(b)</b> Within Not more than one (1) year following after the effective
11	date of each United States decennial census, said the board of county
12	commissioners shall readjust the boundaries of said the districts if
13	necessary to equalize the same districts by population.
14	[20-4-8-5] Sec. 18. <del>Sec. 5</del> . The:
15	(1) rights;
16	(2) powers; and
17	(3) duties;
18	of said the school corporation shall be are vested in the county board
19	of education governing body, which shall be composed must consist
20	of five (5) members who have resided in the same county for at least
21	two (2) years before taking office. The members of such board the
22	governing body shall be so appointed or elected as hereinafter
23	provided in this chapter so that:
24	(A) there shall be at least one (1) member from each of said
25	board the governing body member districts; and
26	<b>(B)</b> not more than two (2) shall reside in any one <b>(1)</b> district.
27	[20-4-8-6] Sec. 19. Sec. 6. (a) The first county board of education
28	shall be composed of the following five (5) members:
29	(1) three (3) persons residing in different school board
30	governing body member districts who shall be elected by the
31	trustees of the townships included in said the county school
32	corporation in a meeting to be called by the county superintendent
33	of schools and held for that the purpose of electing governing
34	body members within not more than one (1) week after the
35	establishment of said the board governing body member districts
36	by the board of commissioners. and the
37	(2) Two (2) members appointed by the judge of the circuit court
38	shall appoint two (2) members from different board governing
39	<b>body</b> member districts. Such appointments
40	Appointments made under this section shall be filed with the clerk
41	of the circuit court not later than the day following the respective
42	elections and appointments. The members of the county board of
43	education governing body shall serve until their successors are elected
44	or appointed and qualified.
45	(b) The first meeting of the first board of education shall be held

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within not more than one (1) month following after the creation of



1	such the county school corporation. It The meeting shall be called by
2	the county superintendent of schools. At such the first meeting the
3	board governing body shall organize. and during
4	(c) During the first ten (10) days of each succeeding July it the
5	governing body shall reorganize, reorganize by electing a:
6	(1) president;
7	(2) a vice president;
8	(3) a secretary; and
9	(4) <del>a</del> treasurer.
0	(c) (d) The secretary of the board governing body shall keep an
1	accurate record of the minutes of the board governing body. which
2	The minutes shall be kept in the county superintendent's office. The
3	county superintendent shall:
4	(1) act as administrator of the board governing body; and
.5	(2) shall carry out such acts and duties as shall be designated by
.6	the <del>board.</del> governing body.
.7	(d) (e) A quorum shall consist consists of a majority of the members
8	of the board governing body which in all cases shall be and is
9	required for the transaction of business. The vote of a majority of those
20	present shall be is required for any:
21	(1) motion;
22	(2) ordinance; or
23	(3) resolution;
24	to pass.
25	(e) (f) The board governing body shall:
25 26	(e) (f) The board governing body shall:  (1) conduct its affairs in the manner as prescribed herein
26	(1) conduct its affairs in the manner as prescribed herein
26 27	(1) conduct its affairs in the manner as prescribed herein elsewhere for the conduct of county boards of education
2.6 2.7 2.8	(1) conduct its affairs in the manner as prescribed herein elsewhere for the conduct of county boards of education governing bodies;
26 27 28 29	<ul> <li>(1) conduct its affairs in the manner as prescribed herein elsewhere for the conduct of county boards of education governing bodies;</li> <li>(2) shall except in unusual cases hold its meetings at: <ul> <li>(A) the office of the county superintendent of schools; or</li> <li>(B) at a place mutually designated by the:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
26 27 28 29	<ul> <li>(1) conduct its affairs in the manner as prescribed herein elsewhere for the conduct of county boards of education governing bodies;</li> <li>(2) shall except in unusual cases hold its meetings at: <ul> <li>(A) the office of the county superintendent of schools; or</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	<ul> <li>(1) conduct its affairs in the manner as prescribed herein elsewhere for the conduct of county boards of education governing bodies;</li> <li>(2) shall except in unusual cases hold its meetings at: <ul> <li>(A) the office of the county superintendent of schools; or</li> <li>(B) at a place mutually designated by the:</li> <li>(i) board governing body; and</li> <li>(ii) the superintendent; and</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
26 27 28 29 30 31	<ul> <li>(1) conduct its affairs in the manner as prescribed herein elsewhere for the conduct of county boards of education governing bodies;</li> <li>(2) shall except in unusual cases hold its meetings at: <ul> <li>(A) the office of the county superintendent of schools; or</li> <li>(B) at a place mutually designated by the:</li> <li>(i) board governing body; and</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
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26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	<ul> <li>(1) conduct its affairs in the manner as prescribed herein elsewhere for the conduct of county boards of education governing bodies;</li> <li>(2) shall except in unusual cases hold its meetings at: <ul> <li>(A) the office of the county superintendent of schools; or</li> <li>(B) at a place mutually designated by the:</li> <li>(i) board governing body; and</li> <li>(ii) the superintendent; and</li> </ul> </li> <li>(3) shall maintain all records and transact all business from such</li> </ul>
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 45 56	<ul> <li>(1) conduct its affairs in the manner as prescribed herein elsewhere for the conduct of county boards of education governing bodies;</li> <li>(2) shall except in unusual cases hold its meetings at: <ul> <li>(A) the office of the county superintendent of schools; or</li> <li>(B) at a place mutually designated by the:</li> <li>(i) board governing body; and</li> <li>(ii) the superintendent; and</li> </ul> </li> <li>(3) shall maintain all records and transact all business from such a place designated under subsection (f)(2).</li> </ul>
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	(1) conduct its affairs in the manner as prescribed herein elsewhere for the conduct of county boards of education governing bodies;  (2) shall except in unusual cases hold its meetings at:  (A) the office of the county superintendent of schools; or  (B) at a place mutually designated by the:  (i) board governing body; and  (ii) the superintendent; and  (3) shall maintain all records and transact all business from such a place designated under subsection (f)(2).  (f) (g) The county board of education governing body shall have the power to may pay each member of the board governing body:  (1) a reasonable per diem for service on the board governing
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 45 56	(1) conduct its affairs in the manner as prescribed herein elsewhere for the conduct of county boards of education governing bodies;  (2) shall except in unusual cases hold its meetings at:  (A) the office of the county superintendent of schools; or  (B) at a place mutually designated by the:  (i) board governing body; and  (ii) the superintendent; and  (3) shall maintain all records and transact all business from such a place designated under subsection (f)(2).  (f) (g) The county board of education governing body shall have the power to may pay each member of the board governing body:
266 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 45 56 67	(1) conduct its affairs in the manner as prescribed herein elsewhere for the conduct of county boards of education governing bodies;  (2) shall except in unusual cases hold its meetings at:  (A) the office of the county superintendent of schools; or  (B) at a place mutually designated by the:  (i) board governing body; and  (ii) the superintendent; and  (3) shall maintain all records and transact all business from such a place designated under subsection (f)(2).  (f) (g) The county board of education governing body shall have the power to may pay each member of the board governing body:  (1) a reasonable per diem for service on the board governing
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	(1) conduct its affairs in the manner as prescribed herein elsewhere for the conduct of county boards of education governing bodies;  (2) shall except in unusual cases hold its meetings at:  (A) the office of the county superintendent of schools; or  (B) at a place mutually designated by the:  (i) board governing body; and  (ii) the superintendent; and  (3) shall maintain all records and transact all business from such a place designated under subsection (f)(2).  (f) (g) The county board of education governing body shall have the power to may pay each member of the board governing body:  (1) a reasonable per diem for service on the board governing body not to exceed one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125) per year annually; and  (2) for travel to and from their mileage from the homes home of
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 43 55 66 67 78 88 99	(1) conduct its affairs in the manner as prescribed herein elsewhere for the conduct of county boards of education governing bodies;  (2) shall except in unusual cases hold its meetings at:  (A) the office of the county superintendent of schools; or  (B) at a place mutually designated by the:  (i) board governing body; and  (ii) the superintendent; and  (3) shall maintain all records and transact all business from such a place designated under subsection (f)(2).  (f) (g) The county board of education governing body shall have the power to may pay each member of the board governing body:  (1) a reasonable per diem for service on the board governing body not to exceed one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125) per year annually; and  (2) for travel to and from their mileage from the homes home of a governing body member to the place of meeting within the
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	(1) conduct its affairs in the manner as prescribed herein elsewhere for the conduct of county boards of education governing bodies;  (2) shall except in unusual cases hold its meetings at:  (A) the office of the county superintendent of schools; or  (B) at a place mutually designated by the:  (i) board governing body; and  (ii) the superintendent; and  (3) shall maintain all records and transact all business from such a place designated under subsection (f)(2).  (f) (g) The county board of education governing body shall have the power to may pay each member of the board governing body:  (1) a reasonable per diem for service on the board governing body not to exceed one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125) per year annually; and  (2) for travel to and from their mileage from the homes home of a governing body member to the place of meeting within the county. a sum for mileage at a rate The mileage rate shall be
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 43 55 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	(1) conduct its affairs in the manner as prescribed herein elsewhere for the conduct of county boards of education governing bodies;  (2) shall except in unusual cases hold its meetings at:  (A) the office of the county superintendent of schools; or  (B) at a place mutually designated by the:  (i) board governing body; and  (ii) the superintendent; and  (3) shall maintain all records and transact all business from such a place designated under subsection (f)(2).  (f) (g) The county board of education governing body shall have the power to may pay each member of the board governing body:  (1) a reasonable per diem for service on the board governing body not to exceed one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125) per year annually; and  (2) for travel to and from their mileage from the homes home of a governing body member to the place of meeting within the county. a sum for mileage at a rate The mileage rate shall be determined by the county fiscal body.
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	(1) conduct its affairs in the manner as prescribed herein elsewhere for the conduct of county boards of education governing bodies;  (2) shall except in unusual cases hold its meetings at:  (A) the office of the county superintendent of schools; or  (B) at a place mutually designated by the:  (i) board governing body; and  (ii) the superintendent; and  (3) shall maintain all records and transact all business from such a place designated under subsection (f)(2).  (f) (g) The county board of education governing body shall have the power to may pay each member of the board governing body:  (1) a reasonable per diem for service on the board governing body not to exceed one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125) per year annually; and  (2) for travel to and from their mileage from the homes home of a governing body member to the place of meeting within the county. a sum for mileage at a rate The mileage rate shall be



1	(2) duties;
2	(3)property;
3	(4) property rights;
4	(5) other assets;
5	(6) liabilities;
6	(7) contracts, both as to rights and obligations; and
7	(8) all else connected with the transfer of authority from existing
8	school corporations to the county school corporation;
9	shall take place at the time of the first meeting of the first board of
10	education governing body within one (1) month after the creation
11	thereof of the governing body and are hereby declared vested in the
12	county school corporation as of that at the time of the meeting.
13	[20-4-8-8] Sec. 21. Sec. 8. (a) At the time provided by under
14	IC 3-8-2-4 for filing a declaration of candidacy for the primary election
15	next following the creation of the county school corporation as
16	provided in this chapter, nominations for members of the board of
17	education governing body of said the county school corporation shall
18	be:
19	(1) made by a petition signed by:
20	(A) the nominee; and
21	(B) ten (10) voters of the county residing in the same board
22	governing body member district as the nominee; which and
23	(2) shall be filed with the clerk of the circuit court in the
24	respective county; and
25	(3) Such nominations; shall be listed:
26	(A) by board governing body member districts on the primary
27	election ballot as prescribed by IC 3-10-1-19; but and
28	<b>(B)</b> without party designation.
29	(b) Voting and tabulation of votes shall be conducted in the same
30	manner as in primary elections under IC 3-10-1. The candidates
31	elected:
32	(1) from each board governing body member district; and
33	(2) at large;
34	shall be are the persons having the greatest number of votes.
35	(c) If:
36	(1) in the first election more than two (2) candidates in any one
37	(1) board governing body member district shall be are among
38	those who received the greatest number of votes; or
39	(2) if in any subsequent election more than one (1) person shall be
40	among those who received the greatest number of votes;
41	then the candidate or candidates respectively receiving the next
42	greatest number of votes in other board member districts respectively
43	shall be declared elected.
44	(d) In the event of If there is a tie vote for any of said candidates,
45	the judge of the circuit court shall select one (1) of said the candidates

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who shall be declared and certified elected.



1	(c) (e) If at any time there shall occur a vacancy or vacancies occur
2	on the board governing body for any reason including the failure of the
3	sufficient number of petitions for candidates being filed, it shall be the
4	duty of the judge of the circuit court to shall fill said the vacancy or
5	vacancies by appointing a person or persons from the respective board
6	governing body member district or districts to serve for the term or
7	balance of terms. respectively.
8	(d) (f) At the first primary election wherein in which members of
9	the county board of education are elected, the:
0	(1) three (3) candidates who receive the highest number of votes
.1	in each of the respective board member districts shall be elected
2	for four (4) year terms; and
.3	(2) the two (2) candidates from different districts receiving the
4	next highest number of votes respectively shall be elected for two
.5	(2) year terms.
6	(g) All candidates for membership on the county <del>board of education</del>
7	governing body shall:
8	(1) be voted upon by the voters in the county school corporation
9	district only; <del>and</del>
20	(2) shall be elected for four (4) year terms after the first election;
21	and
22	(3) shall take office and assume their duties one (1) week after
23	their election.
24	[20-4-8-9] Sec. 22. Sec. 9. (a) It shall be the duty of The county
25	board of education governing body to shall appoint a county
26	superintendent of schools who:
27	(1) shall serve under contract:
28	(A) in the same manner; and
29	<b>(B)</b> under the same laws; as shall
0	that govern the employment and service of other licensed school
31	personnel.
32	(b) and his The salary and expense allowance of the
33	superintendent shall be fixed by said board: the governing body.
34	(c) His The original contract of the superintendent shall must be
35	for a term of from three (3) to five (5) years. and he The
66	superintendent may be elected for succeeding terms of from three (3)
37	to five (5) <del>year succeeding terms.</del> <b>years.</b>
8	(b) (d) Appointments to fill a vacancy in the position of county
9	superintendent of schools:
10	(1) may be made at any time;
1	(2) and shall be so made as to coincide with the provisions of this
12	chapter.
13	(e) (e) It shall be the duty of The board governing body shall:
4	(1) to act upon the recommendations of the county superintendent
15	of schools; and

46

(2) to make all other such decisions and perform all other such



1	duties as that fall within the general framework of the laws of the
2	state. Indiana.
3	(f) Provided, however, that the The county superintendent shall
4	serve as such county superintendent for the balance of the term for
5	which he the superintendent was last elected or appointed at the same
6	salary, and which shall be paid from the same source specified in the
7	contract between the governing body and the superintendent unless
8	by action of the county board of education governing body of the
9	county school corporation created hereby [QUERY: WHAT DOES
10	THIS REFER TO?] his the superintendent's salary shall be
11	increased.
12	(g) At the expiration thereof of the contract between the
13	superintendent and the governing body or in the event of his if the
14	death or resignation the superintendent dies or resigns, appointment
15	and salary of the county superintendent of schools shall be:
16	(1) made;
17	(2) set; and
18	(3) paid;
19	as provided in this chapter.
20	[20-4-8-10] Sec. 23. Sec. 10. It shall be the duty of The duties of
21	the county superintendent of schools to act include:
22	(1) Acting as general administrator of said the school
23	corporation. <del>and to make</del>
24	(2) Making recommendations to the board governing body
25	concerning the:
26	(A) conduct of the schools; the
27	<b>(B)</b> employment and dismissal of personnel; the
28	(C) purchase of supplies; the
29	(D) construction of buildings; and
30	(E) all other matters pertaining to the conduct of the schools
31	within the framework of the school laws of this state. It shall
32	be his duty to attend
33	(3) Attending all meetings of the board governing body except
34	when his reappointment is under consideration. to carry
35	(4) Carrying out the orders of the board, and to make governing
36	body.
37	(5) Making all other decisions and perform performing all other
38	duties that may be are prescribed by law or which may that fall
39	within his the superintendent's proper and logical jurisdiction.
40	[20-4-8-11] Sec. 24. Sec. 11. (a) The board as above referred to
41	governing body shall:
42	(1) make decisions pertaining to the general conduct of the
43	schools which shall be enforced as entered upon recorded in the
44	minutes recorded prepared by the secretary of the board,
45	governing body; and
46	(2) subject to provisions in this chapter, otherwise, shall exercise

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1	all powers previously exercised:
2	(A) under the law:
3	(i) by or through township trustees; or
4	(ii) meetings; or
5	(iii) petitions of the township trustees of the county, o
6	county boards of education;
7	previously existing.
8	(b) and such offices, namely, The duties of:
9	(1) township trustee;
10	(2) county board; or and
11	(3) county boards of education;
12	insofar as the conduct of public schools is concerned concerned, are
13	abolished as of noon on the day and date the county school corporation
14	is created and comes into existence under this chapter.
15	(b) (c) The county superintendent of schools and other person
16	employed for administrative or supervisory duties may be deemed to
17	be are supervisors of instruction.
18	(e) (d) The government of the common schools of the county shall
19	be is vested in the board, governing body. and the board Tho
20	governing body shall function with all the authority, powers
21	privileges, duties, and obligations previously granted to or required o
22	school cities and their governing boards bodies generally under the
23	laws pertaining thereto with reference to concerning the:
24	(1) purchase of supplies;
25	(2) purchase and sale of:
26	(A) buildings;
27	(B) grounds; and
28	(C) equipment;
29	(3) the erection of buildings;
30	(4) the employment and dismissal of school personnel;
31	(5) the insuring of property and employees;
32	(6) the levying and collecting of taxes;
33	(7) the making and executing of a budget;
34	(8) the borrowing of money; and
35	(9) the paying of the salaries and expenses of the county
36	superintendent and employees as approved by the board
37	governing body.
38	(e) shall be The school corporation is a body corporate and politic
39	by the name and style of "The County School Corporation of
40	County, Indiana" with the right to prosecute and defend suits; and shal
41	act in any manner necessary to the proper administration of the
42	common schools of the county.
43	(d) (f) School corporations shall be vested with all rights, titles, and
44	interests of their the respective predecessor township and town schoo
45	corporations terminated and in all the:
46	(1) real;



1	(2) personal; and
2	(3) other property of any nature;
3	and from whatever source derived.
4	(g) and School corporations shall assume, pay, and be liable for all
5	the:
6	(1) indebtedness;
7	(2) obligations; and
8	(3) liabilities; and
9	(4) duties;
10	of the predecessor corporations from whatever source derived and
11	however arising.
12	(h) and School corporations shall institute and defend suits arising
13	out of:
14	(1) aforesaid liabilities;
15	(2) obligations;
16	(3) duties; and
17	(4) rights;
18	assumed under this section as a county school corporation.
19	(e) (i) The treasurer, before entering upon the duties of his office,
20	shall execute a bond to the acceptance of the county auditor in an
21	amount equal to the largest sum of money that will be in the possession
22	of the treasurer at any one time, conditioned as an ordinary official
23	bond, with a reliable surety company or at least two (2) sufficient
24	freehold sureties, who shall not be members of such board, the
25	governing body as surety or sureties on such the bond.
26	(j) The president and the secretary shall each give bond, with like
27	surety or sureties, to be approved by the county auditor, in the sum of
28	one-fourth $(1/4)$ of said the amount of the bond of the treasurer
29	under subsection (i). Boards of school trustees
30	(k) Governing bodies may purchase bonds from some a reliable
31	surety company and pay for them out of the special school revenue of
32	their respective counties.
33	(f) (l) The powers set forth in this section shall not be considered as
34	or construed to limit the power and authority of such boards a
35	<b>governing body</b> to the powers therein expressly conferred or to restrict
36	or modify any powers or authority granted by any other law not in
37	conflict with the provisions of this section.
38	(g) (m) Every such board governing body shall have the power
39	may annually to levy such amount of taxes as in the judgment of such
40	board, made matter of record in its minutes, should be levied necessary
41	to produce income sufficient to conduct and carry on the common
42	schools committed to such board, the governing body. The levy must
43	be a matter of record in the minutes of the governing body. and it
43	is made the duty of such board The governing body shall annually to
44	levy a rate and levy that will produce a sum sufficient to meet all
45	
40	payments of principal and interest as they will mature in the year for



1	which such the levy is made on the:
2	(1) bonds;
3	(2) notes; or
4	(3) other obligations;
5	of such board the governing body. The power of such board the
6	governing body in so making tax levies shall be exercised within
7	existing statutory limits. and said levies The levies shall be are subject
8	to the same review as school city levies.
9	[20-4-8-20] Sec. 25. Sec. 20. It shall be the duty of the A
10	metropolitan superintendent of schools shall:
11	(1) to act as the general administrator of said the metropolitan
12	school district; and
13	(2) to make recommendations to the board concerning:
14	(A) the conduct of the schools;
15	(B) the employment and dismissal of personnel;
16	(C) the purchase of supplies;
17	(D) the construction of buildings; and
18	(E) all other matters pertaining to the conduct of the school
19	within the framework of the school laws of this state;
20	(3) It shall be his duty to attend all meetings of the board except
21	when his the superintendent's re-appointment is under
22	consideration;
23	(4) to carry out the orders of the board; and
24	(5) to make all other decisions and perform all other duties that
25	may be are prescribed by law. or which may fall within his power
26	and logical jurisdiction.
27	[20-4-8-21] Sec. 26. Sec. 21. (a) The A metropolitan board of
28	education as referred to in this chapter shall:
29	(1) Make decisions pertaining to the general conduct of the
30	schools. <b>Decisions</b> which shall be enforced as and entered upon
31	into the minutes recorded by the secretary of the board. and,
32	subject to this chapter,
33	(2) shall Exercise all powers previously exercised under the law,
34	by or through:
35	(A) township trustees; or
36	(B) meetings or petitions of the township trustees of the
37	county; and/or and
38	(C) county boards of education previously existing. and such
39	The offices namely of township trustee, county board and/or or county
40	boards of education insofar as far as the conduct of public schools is
41	concerned are hereby abolished as of noon on the day and date the
42	metropolitan school district is created and comes into existence.
43	(b) The metropolitan superintendent of schools and other persons
44	employed for administrative or supervisory duties may be deemed

considered to be supervisors of instruction and as such are eligible,

subject to the rules that have been or shall be adopted by the state

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1	board of education, to qualify for teaching units in accordance with
2	law.
3	(c) The government of the common schools of said a district shall
4	be is vested in the board. and The board shall function with all the
5	authority, powers, privileges, duties, and obligations previously granted
6	to or required of school cities and their governing boards generally
7	under the laws pertaining thereto with reference to regarding the:
8	(1) purchase of supplies;
9	(2) purchase and sale of:
0	(A) buildings;
1	(B) grounds; and
2	(C) equipment; the
3	(3) erection of buildings; the
4	(4) employment and dismissal of school personnel; the
5	(5) insuring of property and employees; the
6	(6) levying and collecting of taxes; the
7	(7) making and executing of a budget; the
8	(8) borrowing of money; the and
9	(9) paying of the salaries and expenses of the:
20	(A) county superintendent; and
21	(B) employees;
22	as approved by the board.
23	(d) A board shall be is a body corporate and politic by the name
24	and style of "The Metropolitan School District of , Indiana'
25	with the right to prosecute and defend suits and shall act in any manner
26	as necessary to the proper administration of the common schools of the
27	county.
28	(d) (e) Such A school districts district shall:
29	(1) be vested with all rights, titles, and interests of their the
0	district's respective predecessor township and or town school
1	corporations; hereby terminated and in all the real, personal, and
32	other property of any nature and from whatever source derived
3	and shall
4	(2) assume, pay, and be liable for all the:
55	(A) indebtedness;
66	(B) obligations;
37	(C) liabilities; and
8	(D) duties;
9	of said the predecessor corporations from whatever source
10	derived derived; and however arising and shall
1	(3) institute and defend suits arising out of aforesaid the school
12	district's:
13	(A) liabilities;
4	(B) obligations;
15	(C) duties; and
16	(D) rights;



assumed as by a metropolitan school district.

- (c) (f) The treasurer, before entering upon the duties of his the office, shall execute a bond to the acceptance of the county auditor. which The bond shall in no event may not be greater than the largest sum of money that will be in the possession of the treasurer at any one (1) time. The board of education may purchase said the bond from a reliable surety company and pay for it out of the special school revenue of the metropolitan district.
- (f) (g) The powers set forth in this section shall not be considered as or construed to:
  - (1) limit the power and authority of such a school boards board; to the powers therein expressly conferred or
  - (2) to restrict or modify any powers or authority granted by any other another law not in conflict with the provisions of this section.
- (g) (h) Every such A board shall have the power may annually to levy such amount of taxes as in the judgment of such board and the decision to levy taxes shall be recorded in the board's made matter of record in its minutes. Taxes should be levied to produce income sufficient to conduct and carry on the common schools committed to such the board. and It is hereby made the duty of such A board shall annually to levy a rate and levy that will produce a sum sufficient to meet all payments of principal and interest as they that will mature in the year for which such that the levy is made on the bonds, notes, or other obligations of such the board. The power of such a board in so making tax levies shall be exercised within statutory limits and said levies shall be are subject to the same review as school city levies.

[20-4-8-23] Sec. 27. Sec. 23. Whenever any The boards of education of a county or metropolitan school district shall have been created under this chapter as provided herein, the boards of education of such districts shall be empowered to may levy and collect taxes sufficient in amount to conduct operate the schools of said the district in the same manner and with the same supervision that taxes are levied and collected by cities and towns.

[20-4-8-27] Sec. 28. Sec. 27. Any A county school corporation or metropolitan school district formed and/or or operating under Acts 1949, c.227, on March 13, 1959, shall, after that date, be governed, have the powers, and operate in accordance with the provisions of this chapter in the same manner as though it had been formed in accordance with this chapter.

[20-4-15-1] Sec. 29. Sec. 1: As used in this chapter, the following terms shall have The following definitions apply throughout this chapter: meanings:

- (a) "Civil "City or town" shall be any civil city or civil town.
- (b) (1) "Annex", "annexing", "annexation" shall refer to means any an act of a civil city or town, including but not limited to:



1	(A) annexation;
2	<b>(B)</b> incorporation of the <del>civil</del> city or town; and
3	(C) formation in a civil city or town of a city or town school
4	corporation, whereby if territory is acquired by one (1) school
5	corporation from another school corporation.
6	(c) (2) "Acquiring school corporation" shall be means the school
7	corporation which that acquires territory as a result of any an
8	annexation by a <del>civil</del> city or town.
9	(d) (3) "Original school corporation" shall be means any a school
0	corporation which that loses territory to an acquiring school
1	corporation by annexation.
2	(e) (4) "Annexed territory" shall be means the territory acquired
3	from an original school corporation as a result of annexation by
4	a <del>civil</del> city or town.
5	(f) (5) "Real property" shall include means land, buildings, and
6	all interests in real estate located in the annexed territory and
7	owned by the original school corporation at the time of
8	annexation.
9	(g) (6) "Indebtedness of an original school corporation" shall be
0	means indebtedness on account of unpaid bonds of such the
1	original school corporation or its predecessors in interest.
2	(h) (7) "Depreciated replacement cost" of a building at any time
3	shall mean means the then cost of replacing the building with a
4	comparable building built by then current methods and designs
5	and providing the same general facilities, reduced by the sum of
6	the following amounts:
7	(i) (A) that portion of such the replacement cost which that is
8	equal to that portion of the useful life of such the building
9	which that has expired at such that time; plus
0	(ii) (B) such the additional amount if any, as may be that is
1	necessary to reflect <del>any</del> an obsolescence or damage <del>for which</del>
2	allowance that is not reasonably made by the reduction
3	specified in subdivision (i) clause (A).
4	[20-4-15-2] Sec. 30. Sec. 2. (a) Whenever any civil If a city or town
5	shall hereafter annex annexes any territory in which there is located
6	where any real property of the original school corporation is located
7	at the time of such the annexation, such the real property shall by
8	virtue of such annexation become the property of the acquiring school
9	corporation. which The acquiring school corporation shall make the
0	payments provided by this section.
_	
1	(b) If the original school corporation is indebted at the time of
2	annexation for the acquisition or construction of such real property, the
3	acquiring school corporation shall assume and pay as the same shall
4	become due all instalments of principal and interest which that fall due
5	on such the indebtedness after the end of the last calendar year in
6	which that the original school corporation is entitled to receive current

tax receipts from property tax levies on the property in the annexed territory.

(c) Such The acquiring school corporation shall make payments shall be made to the original school corporation as agent for payment to the holders of the indebtedness. Such Indebtedness shall include but not by way of limitation, any indebtedness includes the proceeds of

- (1) the costs of acquisition or construction of the real property; and for
- (2) the architects' fees;

which that were expended spent for:

(3) attorney's fees; and

- (4) other costs attributable to  $\frac{1}{2}$  such the acquisition or construction; and  $\frac{1}{2}$
- (5) the issuance or securing of such indebtedness.
- (d) The acquiring school corporation shall also pay to the original school corporation the present value of the real property, less the principal amount of such the indebtedness at the time of annexation. to be paid by the acquiring school corporation.
- (e) The present value of any land that is a part of the real property shall mean means the present market value of the land. and
- (f) The present value of any buildings a building that is a part of the real property shall be means the depreciated replacement cost of such the building.
- (g) A majority vote of three (3) appraisers shall determine the present value of such the real property. shall be determined by a majority vote of three (3) appraisers. The appraisers must include:
  - (1) one (1) **appraiser** to be selected by the governing body of the original school corporation;
  - (2) one (1) **appraiser** to be selected by the governing body of the acquiring school corporation; and
  - (3) the third one (1) appraiser chosen by the appraisers thus appointed: selected under subdivisions (1) and (2). Upon the failure of such If the appraisers fail to agree upon a third an appraiser under subdivision (3), he the judge of the circuit court in the county where the real property to be appraised is located shall be appointed, upon a motion of either such school corporation, by the judge of the circuit court in the county where the real property to be appraised is located: shall appoint the third appraiser.
- (h) On payment by the acquiring school corporation of the present value of such the real property less any such indebtedness, it shall be the acquiring school corporation is entitled to a deed for the real property from the original school corporation.
- [20-4-15-3] Sec. 31. Sec. 3. (a) Whenever any civil If a city or town shall after March 9, 1959, annex annexes territory and the original school corporation at the time of annexation has an outstanding



indebtedness, other than the indebtedness to be paid by the acquiring school corporation under section 2 30 of this chapter, the civil city or town shall assume and pay the original school corporation's indebtedness as the same shall become due and a portion part of all the installments of principal and interest which that fall due on such the indebtedness after the end of the last calendar year in which that the original school corporation is entitled to receive current tax receipts from property tax levies on the property in the annexed territory.

(b) Such The proportion shall must be the same proportion as the valuation of the real property in the annexed territory bears to the valuation of all of the real property in the original school corporation, as the same [QUERY: WHAT DOES "SAME" REFER TO?] is assessed for general taxation immediately prior to before the annexation. Such The payments shall be made to the original school corporation as agent for payment to the holders of the indebtedness.

[20-4-15-4] Sec. 32. Sec. 4. No annexation of territory by any civil a city or town shall be is effective if, as a result of such the annexation, the liability of the civil city or town or of the acquiring school corporation imposed by this chapter would will cause the entire indebtedness of such civil the city or town or of such the acquiring school corporation to exceed the constitutional limitation. thereon.

[20-4-15-5] Sec. 33. Sec. 5. This chapter shall not be construed to permit or prohibit any an annexation, except as provided in section 4 32 of this chapter, or to determine whether or to what extent any an action by any civil a city or town shall cause territory in an original school corporation to be acquired by another school corporation.

[20-4-15-6] Sec. 34. Sec. 6. This chapter shall apply applies to all annexations. occurring after March 9, 1959. The rights, privileges, or duties running for the from the benefit of or imposed upon any a municipal corporation on or after March 9, 1959, arising on account of any an annexation occurring prior to before March 9, 1959, shall remain unimpaired and shall be exercised and enforced after that date as though if the repeal of the following statutes had not been enacted: repealed:

Acts 1893, c.109, s.1 Acts 1919, c.84 Acts 1927, c.219 Acts 1935, c.158.

[20-4-16-1] Sec. 35. Sec. +. As used in this chapter, the following terms shall have the following meanings: The following definitions apply throughout this chapter:

- (a) (1) "City" or "town" shall be means a city or town which that conducts its school as a school city, or school town, or as part of a consolidated or metropolitan school corporation.
- (b) (2) "Annexing school corporation" shall be means the school corporation of any a city or town which that annexes territory.



1	(c) (3) "Original school corporation" shall be means a school
2	corporation from whom territory is annexed.
3	(d) (4) "Annexed territory" shall be means the territory annexed
4	from an original school corporation by such a city or town.
5	(e) (5) "Tax receipts" shall be means the amounts received from
6	the tax levy for the tuition and special school funds by the origina
7	school corporation from the annexed territory.
8	[20-4-16-2] Sec. 36. Sec. 2. Whenever any If a city or town shall
9	have has:
10	(1) annexed territory from an original school corporation; and
11	shall have
12	(2) assumed the responsibility for providing educational facilities
13	for the <b>school age</b> children of school age residing in the annexed
14	territory prior to the end of the calendar year in which such wher
15	the annexation occurs;
16	the auditor or auditors of the county or counties in which where the
17	annexed territory is located shall pay to the treasurer of the annexing
18	school corporation a proportion of the tax receipts payable in such the
19	year equal to the number of months and any major fraction of a month
20	excluding in such the calculation, however, any time falling within the
21	summer recess, during which the annexing school corporation provides
22	such the educational facilities divided by nine (9).
23	[20-4-16-3] Sec. 37. Sec. 3. Whenever any If a city or town shall
24	have has:
25	(1) annexed territory from an original school corporation after
26	March 1 of any a calendar year; and shall have
27	(2) assumed the responsibility for providing educational facilities
28	for the <b>school age</b> children of school age residing in the annexed
29	territory during the calendar year following the year in which such
30	when the annexation occurs;
31	the auditor or auditors of the county or counties in which where the
32	annexed territory is located shall pay to the treasurer of the annexing
33	school corporation a proportion of the tax receipts payable in such the
34	following calendar year equal to the number of months and any major
35	fraction of a month, excluding in such the calculation, however, any
36	time falling within the summer recess, during which when the
37	annexing school corporation provides such the educational facilities
38	during such the following calendar year divided by nine (9).
39	[20-4-16-4] Sec. 38. Sec. 4. In the event If the annexing school
40	corporation assumed the responsibility for providing educationa
41	facilities for only a part of the school age children of school age
12	residing in the annexed territory during any a period, then such the
43	school corporation shall receive a proportion of the amounts to be
14	received by it under sections 2 36 and 3 37 of this chapter during such
45	the period, equal to the proportion of such the children with respect to

which it assumes such responsibility, that the school corporation is



responsible for compared to the total of such number of children in the annexed territory.

[20-4-16-5] Sec. 39. Sec. 5. (a) The governing bodies of the annexing and original school corporations may mutually agree upon a date on which that the annexing school corporation shall assume responsibility for providing facilities for all or a part of the school age children of school age residing in the annexed territory, and no payment provided in sections 2, 3, 36, 37, and 4 38 of this chapter shall may be made until such the annexing school corporation shall have has assumed responsibility for providing such educational facilities.

(b) In the absence of such an agreement described in subsection (a), the annexing school corporation shall assume responsibility for providing educational facilities on the first day of July after the first day of May next succeeding such the annexation. In no event shall The payment under this chapter to the annexing school corporation, on account of taxes collected in the name of the original school corporation for any a calendar year, may not exceed the amount which that would be due from the original school corporation to the annexing school corporation for transfer tuition for the portion part of such the year during which that the children from the annexed territory were educated by the annexing school corporation, had such the children still been residents during such the time of the original school corporation.

(b) (c) Such The amount of transfer tuition in subsection (b) shall be computed on the basis of the per capita cost of maintaining the school or schools of the annexing school corporation for the school year ending within the calendar year for which that tax receipts are to be paid to the annexing school corporation. Such The per capita cost shall be determined in the manner provided by the statutes of the state of Indiana governing the computation of transfer tuition costs.

[20-4-16-6] Sec. 40. Sec. 6. This chapter does not apply to any an annexation by a civil city or town in a county having a population of more than one hundred forty-five thousand (145,000) but less than one hundred forty-eight thousand (148,000). This chapter does not require the transfer of any territory from one (1) school corporation to another in such a the county, as a result of any an annexation by a civil city or town in the county.

